Second Edition

Newport Daily News.

Second Edition

ESTABLISHED 1846.

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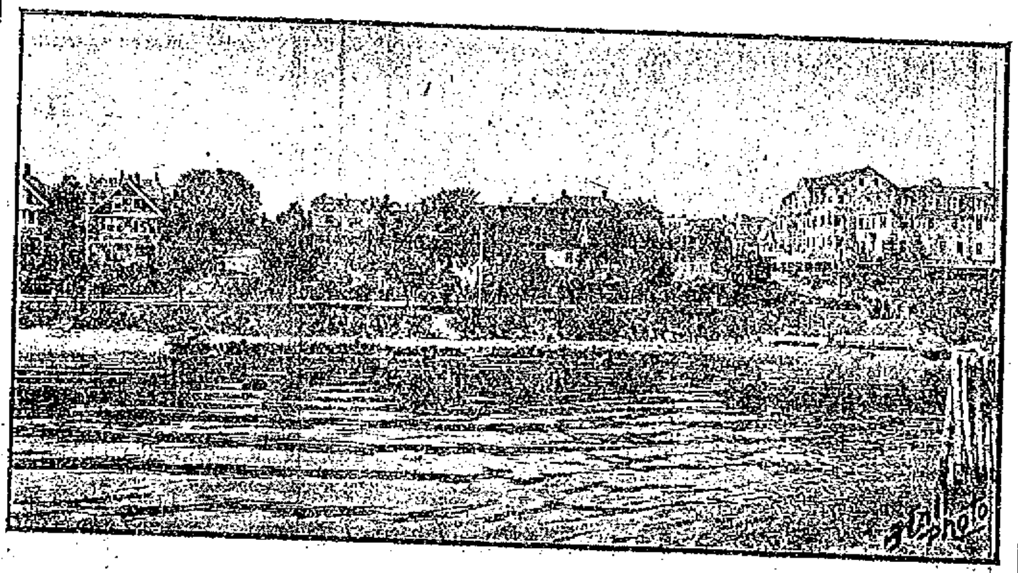
PRICE TWO CENTS.

THE JAMESTOWN FIRE.



The change in the shore front caused by the burning of the Hotel Thorndike. Also the congested section from which the structure was totally removed without even scorching the adjacent buildings.

PLEADS GUILTY TO DYNAMITE CHARGES

Edward Clark of Cincinnati Admits Allegations.

Accused of Blowing Up a Bridge at Dayton, Ohio.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 7.—Edward Clark of Cincinnati today pleaded guilty to the government's charges in the dynamite conspiracy.

As soon as court opened District Attorney Miller addressed Federal Judge Andersen.

"If it please the court, the defendant, Clark of Cincinnati, wishes to change his plea from not guilty to guilty."

Clark then stepped forward.

"Do you plead guilty?" asked Judge Anderson.

"I plead guilty," said Clark.

The prisoner was then separated from the other 45 defendants and taken to jail to await sentence.

Clark pleaded guilty to all the charges, five counts of conspiracy and fifty counts of being a principal to the actual illegal interstate shipment of dynamite and nitro-glycerine.

Clark was business agent and president of Local Union No. 44 of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers from January, 1908, to July, 1911. His activities in promoting explosions, Mr. Miller asserted, were carried on through letters written by Frank M. Ryan, president of the union, and the McNamaras.

An ivory-handled umbrella, bearing the initials "E. C." found in the wreckage of a dynamited bridge at Dayton, Ohio, Mr. Miller said, led to the disclosure that Clark actually had caused the explosion, having used the umbrella to protect the dynamite from the rain and then leaving it behind.

Clark also was charged with carrying out plots against employes of non-union labor.

In connection with a scheme to blow up the Harrison Avenue viaduct at Cincinnati, Mr. Miller alleged, Clark wrote to Ryan: "It would be dangerous for me to buy explosives down here. You had better send a stranger. I have gotten one man out of a lot of trouble already. I am afraid I can't do any more, for the police judge said: 'For God's sake don't bring this bunch before me again or I'll have to do something.'"

ON BILL OF EXCEPTIONS.

Titus Company Fighting the Donahue Verdict in the Supreme Court.

[Special despatch to The News.]

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 7.—The A. C. Titus Company of Newport is fighting an accident suit in which a verdict of $1,000 wa srendered Catherine A. Donahue, also of Newport, after a trial in June, 1911, before the supreme court today. The defendant company is before the court on a bill of exceptions based on a denial of a motion for a new trial by Judge Stearns when hte case was tried I the superior court.

The plaintiff, May 15, 1909, was injured in the Titus Company's store, when she slipped on a rug in the curtain department, fell to the floor and sustained alleged permanent injuries. At the trial it was contended that the company was negligent because of the slippery condition of the floor underneath the rug.

Arguments on hte bill of exceptions were made before the supreme court by representatives of the firm of Waterman & Greenlaw for the plaintiff and by Messrs. Sheffield & Harvey for the defendant company.

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GIVEN OUT FROM VATICAN.

The Pope Prepared to Offer Mediation in the Balkan States.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The announcement that the Pope is prepared to offer mediation in the Balkans was made by the Vatican, after a hurried meeting of thes acred congregation today, according to a news agency despatch from Rome.

FOUND BY DIVERS.

The Wreck of the British Submarine "B-2" Recovered.

DOVER, Oct. 7.—Divers found today the wreck of British submarine "B-2," which was run down and sunk with 15 officers and men last Friday by the Hamburg-American liner's Amerika.

Reduction In All Grades of Sugar.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—All grades of refined sufar were reduced five cents per 100 pou[illegible] oday.

GOVERNOR POTHIER WILLING TO RUN.

Will Abide by Decision of Republican Convention.

Calls Attention to Legislation Which He Deems Desirable.

[Special Despatch to The News.]

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 7.—Governor Pothier today sent a letter to General Charles A. Wilson, chairman of the Republican state central committee, consenting to his nomination by the Republicans at their convention this week for another term as governor. The letter, which contains a frank expression of the governor's views on various state issues, is as follows:

W 1

General Charles A. Wilson, Chairman Republican State Central Committee, Providence, R. I.

My dear General:—I am in receipt of a communication from Hon. Nathan M. Wright, secretary of the Republican state central committee, embodying the text of a resolution adopted by the executive committee October, 1912, requesting me to again become the candidate of the Republican party for the office of governor.

In replying I wish first to express the deep sense of appreciation which I feel at the great compliment paid me by the executive committee. The Republican party of Rhode Island has already honored me beyond the degree usually accorded a chief executive, and I realize that many considerations argue strongly for a change in the personnel of administrative officials at frequent intervals.

I feel certain that my attitude on this question is well understood by the Republican party and by the citizens generally; that my interest in the administration of the affairs of the state and in the public welfare does not cause me to lose sight of the fact that perpetuation in office beyond certain limits which custom has established is undesirable from every point of view.

The contingency which has now presented itself as a result of existing political conditions has been foreseen somewhat, and I have pondered long and earnestly as to what my decision should be in the event of an expressdd desire to present my name to the Republican state convention this year.

While the considerations above set forth, as well as my personal interests, weigh strongly in favor of my withdrawing from public life, I cannot forget the obligations I am under, both to the Republican party and to the state, as a result of the events of the past four years. Reflection forces me to the conclusion that to fail to respond to a call so genuine as that indicated in the resolution of the executive committee would not only be to disregard the obligations to which I have alluded, but would manifest a deficiency in the duties and responsibilities of citizenship which I would be one of the first to criticise in others.

That my efforts to administer the laws of our commonwealth and to enhance the welfare of its people have met with the approval of a majority of our citizens, as the resolution of the executive committee declares, is a tribute that, to me, is priceless. It has been my endeavor while in office to promote those policies which I honestly believed were for their best interests, and if such endeavor has met with any measure of success and has deserved public recognition the personal gratification which I must feel is but natural. Mingled with that gratification is a full realization of the honor which the Republican organization does me in this declaration of continued confidence and in its renewed proffer of support.

The session of the General Assembly of 1912 was productive of more genuine progressive legislation, I believe, than any previous session in the history of the state. The Republican party is in a position to go before the people of Rhode Island this year with a record of platform pledges fulfilled and of ante-election promises carried out. The measures whose necessity has been amply demonstrated by the results achieved during the few months that they have been in effect need not be enumerated here. They need but to be referred to by name to be recalled to the minds of the people of the entire state.

Upon its record the Republican party is entitled to and will receive the endorsement of the electorate this year. Its platform declarations will be accepted with assurance that the policies therein enunciated will receive the serious and studied attention of the next Republican legislature. And in this connection it seems to me proper to suggest one or two matters to which I believe the state convention should

[Continued on Seventh Page.]

GREAT CHANGE IN BALKAN SITUATION.

Turkey to Grant More Self-Government to Provinces.

War Not Yet Averted Despite Improvement in the Condition.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 7.—The Balkan situation has been considerably changed by Turkey's eleventh-hour surprise announcement of her willingness to grant a greater measure of self-government to Roumelia and Macedonia. It is argued here that in introducing into these provinces reforms elaborated by representatives of Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Italy and Russia, Turkey not merely desires to give the powers an argument for bringing pressure to bear upon the Balkan capitals, but probably has in view the circumstance that the decision is calculated to show discord among the members of the Balkan alliance. The Greeks in particular are likely to be dissatisfied, for it is regarded in diplomatic circles, as without doubt, that they were counting on a general conflagration in order to settle various burning questions. These include for instance the presence of Cretan deputies in Athens. However, although the position has improved, war cannot yet be said to have been averted.

Possible events in Turkey itself must not be lost sight of, especially after the warlike fever lately encouraged among the people. In many quarters here the fear is expressed that the excitement created by the war preparations on both sides has advanced too far for a conflict to be averted on the basis of any reform short of complete Macedonian autonomy.

The Ottoman government has ordered the prohibition of the export of grain from Anatolia.

A PREMATURE EXPLOSION.

Eight Privates of Battery F. Injured at Tobinhanna, Pa.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—Eight privates of Battery F, Third United States field artillery were injured by a premature explosion of a shell today at Tobinhanna, Pennsylvania. William E. Erbeck, the most seriously hurt, was brought to a hospital here. Privates Andrew Miller, Peter Marlon, Nelson D. Blosse, Charles A. Hounchell, Fred F. McNamee, Fred Lincham, and Corporal John Hareell were hurt, but not badly.

The company was returning from the Connecticut manoeuvres and had stopped at Tobinhanna for target practice. According to unofficial reports received here a shell exploded before a breech block gun had been closed. Six of the men were hurt by pieces of flying metal. The War Department has had detailed officers from the Philadelphia arsenal to investigate.

FISH NOTES.

Amateurs Have First Good Sunday, Many Mackerel Landed and Signs of Fall Catches.

The amateurs had their first real good Sunday of fishing from the rocks yesterday. The weather favored and the fish bit. Those who went for little mackerel also had a good chance.

The professionals were also in it, as nearly 200 barrels of mackerel were landed here. Captain Jim Kelley in the Priscilla had 21 barrels of the usual size of mackerel, two of medium size and four barels of big fellows, the kind which count out 60 to the barrel. These are the first big mackerel received here since last spring and they were gladly welcomed. The Dorcas had 99 barels, the Cherokee 12, the W. Morse 14 and one swordfish, the Reliance eight and one swordfish and the Mary E. 23 barrels of spikes.

Today Captain Ben Maxfield is in with an assortment showing that the fall fishing is on. He had about 15 barrels of butterfish, some of the largest weakfish seen in a long time, running up to 20 pounds each; some sea bass, bluefish and a lot of sea robins. The West Bay boat was over with some fish and C. B. Anderson had a few The prospect looks good.

STEAMERS REPORTED.

NEW YORK, Oct 7.—Grosser Kurfurst from Bremen for New York, 412 miles east of Fire Island at 2 a. m. will dock 1:30 p. m. Tuesday.

SIASCONSET, Mass., Oct. 7.—Finland from Antwerp for New York, 274 miles east of Sandy Hook at 9 a. m., will dock 8 a. m. Tuesday.

On Again

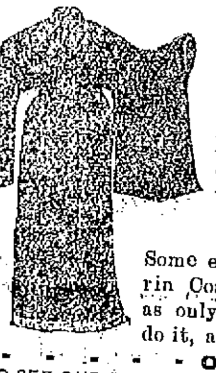
We never stop to congratulate ourselves on yesterday's success, but we are always looking forward to future achievements. Our summer is past—the most successful in this store's history our fall is at hand and its approach brings to our mind the many new homes to be made, even now in the process of making. We always feel sorry for the start that's made without

A Crawford Range.

The easiest range to manage, the surest range to bake, the most economical range to use. Other range sellers can't concede those virtues graciously—just let other range users be your guide, you'll learn the truth—Crawford Ranges make housekeeping easy.

A. C. Titus Co., 225-229 Thames St.

FOR KIMONOS
OUR STORE IS HEADQUARTERS.



We have learned how KIMONOS should be made; what materials are best; what styles are most attractive; how to trim and construct a KIMONO so that it shall give the best wear. And too we know how to

Now we offer a wonderful assortment of seasonable garments in Flannolette, Padded Silk, Albatross, Heavy Crepe, etc.

Some exquisite Mandarin Coats embroidered as only an Oriental can do it, at

CUT PRICES - - - - - - - ONLY $7.5

JUST TO SEE OUR DISPLAY
It will pay to Climb the Hill
(But Don't Mistake the Place.)

JOHN H. KAZANJIAN & CO., Bellevue Avenue Cor. Bath Road.

NEWPORT TAXICAB COMPANY.
Telephones 150-151
The only concern in Newport using TAXIMETERS for the protection of its patrons.

Brockton Fair.
OPEN AND CLOSED CARS.
Stark Bros. Tel. 859

Buy Separator Coal
In any size, from the
NEWPORT COAL COMPANY.
You get more Coal and better Coal for your money.
Ask those who use it.

Established 1882. Telephone 79.
PICTURES.
We have marked down our summer stock of framed and unframed prints, oil paintings and water colors. A good chance to make your home beautiful.
FRAMING.
Best stock of Mouldings. First class work.
Reasonable prices.
THE KAZANJIAN COMPANY,
138-144 Bellevue Avenue, Cor. DeBlois St. A. H. Bozyan, Manager.

FALL
—AND—
WINTER WOOLENS.
COMMERFORD,
Over 233 Thames St.

SPECIAL PRICES.
Roasting Chickens .22
Forequarters Lamb .10
Legs Mutton .14
The EDWARD A. BROWN CO.,
274 Thames Street.

Furniture, Silver, Glass and China
Packed and Shipped by Experienced Packers.
STORAGE.
Geo. E. Vernon & Co.,
91 John Street,
NEWPORT.

FOR SATURDAY AFTERNOON AND EVENING.
Legs Mutton - - 14c
Forequarters Mutton 7c
Legs Spring Lamb - 20c
Fores " " 10c,12c
Spinach, a peck, - 20c
All kinds Fresh Vegetables very reasonable.
Marlborough Market.
H. H. BARKER,
Cor. Thames and Marlborough Streets. Tel. 77.

EVERY SCHOOL CHILD SHOULD HAVE his or her eyes examined, at least once in six months, to detect any incipient eye trouble and correct it while still in the earliest stage of development.
My method of examination causes the child no inconvenience or pain.
Bring your children here today.
F. W. Putman, Opt. D.,
118 SPRING ST.
Hours 9 A. M.-8 P. M. Phone 185

SPECIALTY.
Watch, Clock and Jewelry REPAIRING
—AT—
SIMPSON'S,
32 Franklin Street.

Winter and Spring FLOWERING BULBS
My Tulips, Hyacinths, Crocuses, Snow Drops, Jonquils, Narcissus and Easter Lillies have arrived and they are nice ones and cheap. Now is the time to plant them.
We always have on hand all kind and sizes of Coal Hods, Showels, Sieves, Ash Barrels and Garbage Cans. We are selling the Rotary Sieve for $2.75. (Everybody else charges $3.50). Welsbach Gas Mantles from 10c up to 25c each. Stone Crocks from 35c up, according to the size. "Kraut Cutters", all sizes. All kinds of Enamel and Tin Ware.
SULPHO NAPTHOL, $1.00 size for 75c; 50c size for 40c.
At H. L. DEBLOIS'S,
Telephone 988. 80 Broadway.

A Few Specials.
Legs Mutton 14c
Long Hindquarters Lamb 16c
Long Fores Lamb 14c
Short Fores Lamb 12c
Fores Mutton 7c
Island Fowl 24c
Cranberries 15c qt; 2 qts for 25c
Hill Top and Coggeshall Farm Eggs 48c a dozen.
Vermont Turkeys. 28c
J. Alton Barker,
346-348 THAMES STREET.

The Bee Hive
THE HESS COMPANY
The Store of Dependable Merchandise.

Medium and Heavy HOSIERY
For the Coming Colder Days.
The hosiery department has an immense stock of winter and fall hosiery and as in past years every pair is of superfine quality and the prices are such as to mean an actual saving if you buy men's, women's or children's hosiery here.
Heavy Cotton Hosiery, double heel and toe, garter top, black, wh. or tan, or black with white feet, 12 1-2c
Better quality, a pr 25c
Ladies' Best Maco, double sole, garter top Stockings, Hermsdorf dye, black, wht. or tan, a pr, 37 1-2c
"Onyx" Silk Lisle or Cotton Stockings, a pr. - - - 50c
Also complete line of Silk Lisle or Real Silk Hosiery, 37 1-2c, 50c to $2.25
Misses' Fine Ribbed Silk Lisle Medium or heavy, extra value, a pr - - 25c
Men's Heavy Socks, all colors, double sole, a pair, - - 12 1-2c
Men's Heavy woolen, natural or colors, a pr, - - 12 1-2c
Men's Heavy Cotton or Lisle Socks, a pr, 25c
Men's All Wool or Cashmere Socks, a pair, - - - 25c
Men's "Onyx" Silk Socks, all colors 50c and Gordon Silk Socks, a pr, - 25c
Boys' and Girls' Cashmere Fine Ribbed Stockings, a pr, 25c
Boys' and Girls' Heavy Cotton, fine or heavy ribbed, a pr, 12 1-2c, 15c, 17c
Good for football and any sport that will wear out ordinary stockings.
Boys' and Girls' Linen Heel and Toe Stockings, built to wear, special, a pr, 25c
Infants' Silk Silk Lisle or Cotton Stockings, a pr, - - - 25c
Infants' Cashmere, silk heel and toe, all colors, a pr, - - 25c
N. B. We carry at all times during the winter a full line of Silk and Silk Lisle Hosiery for men and women, and those who wear silk stockings will find our line complete in color and prices.
The S&H Green Trading Stamps with all purchases.
THE HESS CO.
169 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 714.

TWO DAYS' BASE BALL:

Standing of the Teams at the End of the National and American League Seasons.

National League.

At Brooklyn—New York 1, Brooklyn 0.
At Boston—Boston 11, Philadelphia 7.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati 6, Pittsburgh 5.
At Chicago—Chicago 3, St. Louis 2.

At Chicago—Chicago 4, St. Louis 3.
At Cincinnati—Pittsburgh 16, Cincinnati 6.

The National League finished the season in the following order:

	Won.	Lost.	Percentage.
New York	103	48	.682
Chicago	94	59	.614
Pittsburgh	93	60	.612
Cincinnati	75	78	.490
Philadelphia	73	79	.480
St. Louis	63	90	.412
Brooklyn	58	95	.379
Boston	52	101	.340

American League.

At Philadelphia—Boston 3, Philadelphia 0.
At New York—New York 8, Washington 6.
At Detroit—Chicago 5, Detroit 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis 13, Cleveland 1.

At Detroit—Chicago 9, Detroit 4.
At St. Louis—Cleveland 6, St. Louis 0.

The following is the final standing of the American League:

	Won.	Lost.	Percentage.
Boston	105	47	.691
Washington	91	61	.599
Philadelphia	90	62	.592
Chicago	78	76	.507
Cleveland	75	78	.490
Detroit	69	84	.451
St. Louis	63	101	.344
New York	60	102	.330

COLLEGE FOOTBALL.

At Providence—Brown 14, Rhode Island State 0.
At Cambridge—Harvard 19, Holy Cross 0.
At New Haven—Yale 21, Syracuse 0.
At Philadelphia—Pennsylvania 16, Dickinson 0.
At Princeton—Princeton 25, Lehigh 0.
At Ithaca—Oberlin 13, Cornell 0.
At Amherst—Amherst 15, Colgate 0.
At Lewiston—Bates 19, New Hampshire 0.
At West Point—West Point 27, Stevens 0.
At Annapolis—Annapolis 7, Johns Hopkins 3.
At Hanover—Dartmouth 47, Massachusetts Aggies 0.
At Williamstown—Williams 6, Springfield Training 0.
At Orono—University of Maine 14, Tufts 0.

ORDERS TO NAVAL OFFICERS.

The Navy Department announces the following orders to officers:

Rear Admiral N. E. Mason, placed on the retired list from October 14, detached from the General Board and ordered home.

Lieutenant Commander P. N. Olmstead, ordered to the navy recruiting station, Indianapolis, October 14.

Lieutenant D. T. Ghent, detached from the navy recruiting station, Indianapolis, October 19, and ordered to the Nashville as executive officer and navigator.

Lieutenant C. H. Bullock, detached from the Hannibal and ordered to the Eagle.

Lieutenant A. S. Wadsworth, Jr., detached from the bureau of navigation and ordered to the navy recruiting station, Richmond, Va.

Lieutenant A. T. Church, ordered to the Hannibal as executive officer and navigator.

Ensign S. D. McCaughey, detached from the Nebraska and ordered to the Eagle.

Ensign N. W. Pickering, detached from the Whitehead torpedo works, Weymouth, England, and ordered to temporary duty in the bureau of ordnance.

Medical Inspector G. H. Barber, ordered to the marine recruiting station, Boston.

Assistant Paymaster J. J. Gaffney, commissioned from September 19, 1912, and ordered to the bureau of supplies and accounts for instruction.

Professor of Mathematics H. M. Paul, ordered to temporary duty in the Department of Justice.

Gunner E. A. Roble, placed on the retired list from September 20, 1912, [illegible] treatment at the naval hospital, Mare Island.

PRESERVING NEWSPAPER FILES.

[Christian Science Monitor.]

Preservation of newspapers on file in libraries and elsewhere was discussed by a committee of librarians and publishers recently. The committee is made up of Frank P. Hill, librarian of the Brooklyn public library; Horace G. Wadlin of the Boston public library and Cedric Chivers of the Chivers Bookbinding Company of Brooklyn.

The discussion revolved around the question of the use of a chemical solution to preserve the papers. Mr. Chivers has been making experiments with a solution known as cellit, or celestrom. He found that newsprint paper treated with it lost brittleness and received at least 50 years' renewed life. Present day newspapers, Mr. Chivers found, decayed more quickly than those printed before the sulphide process was introduced to papermaking. Paper in which a high percentage of rags was used showed more preservative qualities. The discussion narrowed down to the practicability of newspapers using a fine grade of paper for file copies and for the use of libraries.

Mr. Chivers recommended that papers for filing be bound as quickly as possible and the edges dipped in cellit, for he said oxidization always began at the edges. For the preservation of papers entirely the cost would be prohibitive, he said, for it would cost $25 to preserve one entire copy of a Sunday edition. F. D. Caruthers, assistant to the business manager of the World, thought at first that the printing of some copies in good grade paper was impracticable, but after discussing the matter with Mr. Gunnison he thought it could be done in all editions except the Sunday paper.

The expense of a good grade rag paper was a stumbling block, but Mr. Hill read this from a report by Arthur D. Little, chemist of the American Paper and Pulp Publishers' Association: "Sulphite and soda fiber, if thoroughly well cooked and carefully bleached, are probably nearly, and perhaps quite, as permanent as rag stock."

It was decided to write to Mr. Little and find out what the price of such a paper, as compared to rag paper, would be, and whether it was practicable for the use for which it was intended.

NO TROUBLE IN WINNING.

Rogers Takes Game from Durfee by Unexpectedly Large Score.

St. George's Defeats Hope High of Providence, Also by a Wide Margin.

In a game in which it had no trouble in winning, the Rogers High School football team put its old-time enemy, B. M. C. Durfee High School of Fall River, to rout by the score of 34-0, Saturday afternoon at the Civic League lot. While a victory was expected, such a high score was not anticipated.

Like the Rogers first game, with Hope High, the first count was made early, and it was not difficult to score again before the end of the first period. The Durfee men were powerless against the home team. They rarely had the ball, and made first down in but few instances. The only time in which Durfee shone was in forward passing, Hennessey and Markelevitch doing some successful feats of this kind, two of which proved dangerous to Rogers, these being the only times the goal was in danger.

Dr. DeBlois, the Rogers head coach, again saw fit to use all the players in the squad, and so at times, with a weakened line, the Durfee team would make longer gains, but rarely to a first down. The regular first team started the game, and also began the third period, but Dr. DeBlois kept the different players going in and out, and shifted them so that he could ascertain the best for the different positions.

Very few times did Rogers need to resort of a fourth down to gain the distance, and fewer still were the times when Durfee held for downs. Rogers kept the Durfee men from gaining the coveted 10 yards time after time, forcing Markelevitch, behind the line, to kick. He was good at that and sent off some long punts.

In the first period Rogers started things with a jump, after Markelevitch had kicked off to Hoar, who went back 20 yards. The first play was a forward pass, Jemail to Knox, on which the speedy half-back measured 40 yards before Hennessey caught him. Turner, on a criss-cross from the end, went 15 yards more. Knox counted for 12 yards, and then M. Jemail carried the ball over for the first score, on a 12-yard dash through the line. He failed to register on the kick.

Lee kicked to LeBoeuf, and as Rogers held Durfee for three downs, without a gain, Markelevitch punted, to M. Jemail. Rogers then commenced another march down the field and was soon on the 25-yard line. M. Jemail took the ball there for a try at the line, and finding a good hole stepped through and went the 25 yards for his second touchdown, with but two Durfee men ineffectually barring his way. He made good on his second kick.

Lee kicked to LeBoeuf, but before many plays could be started the whistle blew, with the ball in Durfee's possession on their 25-yard line.

The visitors did not keep teh ball long, however, as the Newporters were out for a third score. Although there was half a new team in, it took but a short time to make it. A fumble by a Durfee back was picked up by Lee, who was in on the play before the back had started, and it was Rogers's ball on Durfee's 45-yard line. Knox took the ball, skirted the end, and with excellent interference combined with good running and dodging on his part put the ball over for the touchdown. M. Jemail kicked the goal.

The rest of the quarter proved uneventful, although Durfee reached its nearest to Rogers's goal, the half ending with the visitors holding the ball on the Rogers 29-yard line.

Lee kicked off to LeBoeuf in opening the second half, and after a few exchanges, in which Rogers was continually forcing Durfee back, Markelevitch punted to M. Jemail, who advanced to Durfee's 35-yard line. There Knox and Hoar gained 6 through the line, and then M. Jemail scored the fourth touchdown by going the 30 yards through the line with good interference, which the Durfeeites were unable to break. M. Jemail kicked another goal.

The last touchdown came in the last half, when Rogers had an exceptionally light line-up. M. Jemail was in the backfield, and on Durfee's 45-yard line, with the ball the in their possession, he put himself between a forward pass going the Hennessey-Markelevitch route, and taking the ball out of the air went the 45 yards for the last touchdown, with the balance of both teams stringing out behind him, particularly three Durfee men who had lost chances for notoriety by missing Jemail. He kicked the goal, making the score 34-0.

After that Rogers took things easily and let the Durfee players tire themselves out. The game ended with the ball in the centre of the field, in Durfee's possession.

Who was the star on the Rogers side would be hard to determine, as all did well. M. Jemail, as usual, played his line-buckling game well, and Knox did pretty running with the ball. Excellent tackles were made, but some of the Rogers men have not yet acquired the art of tackling. Some of the backs would also do well if they would develop the straight arm.

McCarty, behind Durfee's line, played well for his team, but the feature of the visitors' play was the forward passing between Hennessey and Markelevitch.

The line-up and summary follow:

Rogers	Durfee
Turner, Integlia, Gamache, l. e.	r. e., Markelevitch
A. Sullivan, Blaine, Cottrell, l. t.	r. t., Perkins
Cottrell, Peckham, Smoot, l. g.	r. g., Case
E. Jemail, Wyllie, Edward, c.	c., Holt
C. Sullivan, Peckham, r. g.	l. g., Desaultes
Ward, r. t.	l. t., Creighton
Lee, Gamache, Townsend, Diggles, r. e.	l. e., Field, Sullivan
Hoar, E. Jemail, r. h. b.	q. b., Hennessey
Knox, Martland, l. h. b.	r. h. b., Merritt
Clark, Wilks, Martland, l. f. b.	f. b., McCarty

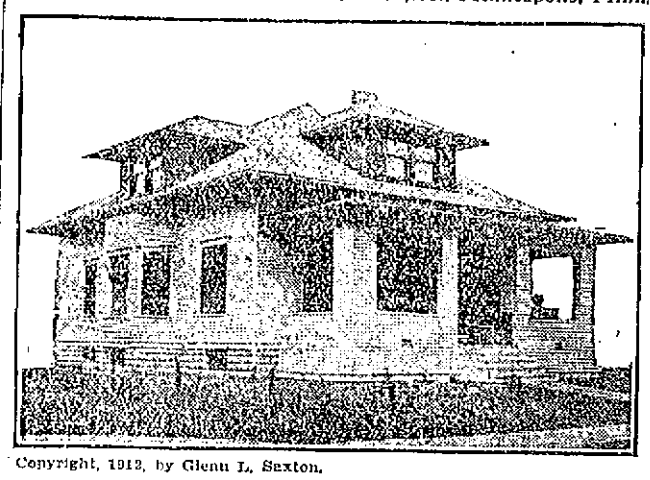
Score—Rogers 34, Durfee 0. Touchdowns—M. J. Jemail 4, Knox 1. Goals from touchdown—M. J. Jemail 4. Missed goals—M. J. Jemail 1. Referee—Mr Dougherty. Umpire—Mr. Malcahey. Head linesman and timer—Mr. Bowler. Time—Four 10-minute periods.

At the school grounds in Middletown, Saturday, the St. George's team won from Hope High of Providence, 21 to 0 giving the Providence eleven its second defeat in consecutive weeks, both by teams in this vicinity. St. George's made its points in the first half, Hope High putting up a stronger defense in the latter half. The game was won on fake place kicks and delayed passes. Foster and Goodspeed scored the touchdowns for the winners and none of the attempts at goals succeeded. The forward pass was used but little by

[Continued on Eighth Page.]

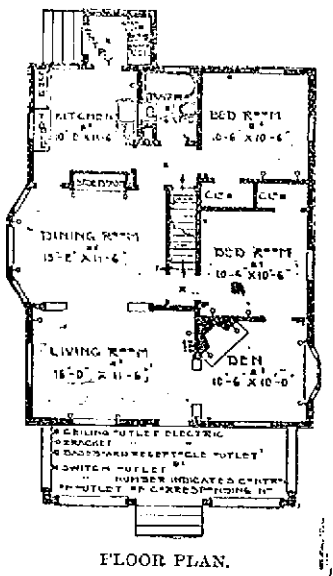
AN INVITING BUNGALOW PLAN.

Design Royce, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



Copyright, 1912, by Glenn L. Saxton.

PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH.



FLOOR PLAN.

A popular style of bungalow, with wel larranged rooms, all of which open up together. Size 28 feet wide, 36 feet deep. Full basement; first story, nine feet. Birch or maple floors throughout. Finish birch or red oak.

HUDSON RIVER BRICKS.

Immense Deposits of Clay Make Region in New York Commercially Interesting.

The Hudson River region is one of the most interesting brickmaking regions of the United States, if not in the world, according to a report by Jefferson Middleton of the United States Geological Survey, issued as an advance chapter from "Mineral Resources of the United States, 1911." This region extends along both sides of the Hudson river from New York city to Cohoes and embraces 10 counties, nine in New York and one in New Jersey. The region is commercially interesting, not only because it contains immense deposits of brick clay but because it is the principal source of a cheap supply of common building brick for New York city and vicinity, the largest market for building material in the New World.

Brick has been made in this region for nearly a century. According to "The History of Rockland County, N. Y.," by Mr. Frank Bertangue Green, quoted in Mr. Middleton's report, efforts to establish the brickmaking industry were made before 1810, with more or less success, attempts having been made even before the Revolution. The brick made prior to 1810, however, were used only locally, and it was not until that year that a kiln was burned for a regular market. Even these efforts to market the bricks were not successful, but in 1817 James Wood, an Englishman, who had learned the trade of brickmaking in his native land and was attracted to Haverstraw by the vast quantity of clay and the unlimited supply of wood for fuel, leased a piece of land on the river shore and started the first successful brickyard in Rockland county.

To Wood is given the credit of discovering in this country in 1828, the advantages of using coaldust as an ingredient of brick. This process had been used in England but was little known, and a long and bitter litigation ensued to demonstrate the advantages of this method. Wood also invented a mixing and tempering machine, similar to the present ring-pit wheel, and an improved mold. Altogether, he seems to have been a great factor in developing the brickmaking industry along the Hudson. Other prominent early brickmakers were the Allisons and David Munn, the latter being largely instrumental in advancing the industry. To Richard A. Ver Valen is given the credit of having invented, in 1852, a machine for making brick that was a great improvement over any made up to that time, and this gave a fresh impetus to the business.

Even in those early times the labor strike was not unknown in the region. In 1853 one was caused by a reduction in wages and was attended with so much violence that troops had to be called out to suppress it. In 1877 another strike occurred, and the operators sent to Canada for laborers. When the Canadian workmen arrived violence was resorted to by strikers and the troops were again called out.

WOMEN IN URUGUAY.

[The Living Church.]

A decree was recently issued by the government of Uruguay providing for instruction in telegraphy of women to be employed in goverment offices. The results have been satisfactory. The class in telegraphy, together with the organization of the college for the higher education of women and several other proposals, illustrates the earnest efforts that are being made by the government for the advancement of women in Uruguay. Further encouragement is given, as officials have been instructed to employ women when possible.

DRUGGISTS.

USE DOWNING'S

QUININE HAIR TONIC.

An elegant Toilet Preparation for preserving, restoring and beautifying the Hair, rendering it soft and glossy, relieving all diseases of the scalp. Free from all irritating matter, it softens the hair when hard or dry—acting upon the roots. Keeps the scalp in a healthy condition.

PREPARED ONLY BY
DOWNING BROTHERS,
PHARMACISTS
42 and 44 Broadway.

NYAL'S MOUNTAIN HERBS

For the preparation at home of a delicious

Stomach, Liver and Kidney Tea

EFFICIENT, MILD and AGREEABLE.

They purify the blood, relieve skin diseases and tone up the system.

Price 25 Cents.

COLE'S PHARMACY,
302 Thames Street.

DISTRESSING CASE OF HIVES

"I retired one evening and after sleeping a couple of hours was awakened by a burning sensation all over the upper part of my body. It was just simply terrible and made it impossible for me to sleep the rest of that night, so I had to sit up all night changing my position every couple of minutes. As the hours went by it grew worse and soon I started to scratch myself. When daylight arrived I saw that my body was covered with angry red marks. My face was also affected. I went to see a doctor. He told me that I had the hives. He prescribed a medicine and also gave me some ointment.

"As the days went by it steadily grew worse, the marks changing from one part of my body to another. One evening by chance looking over the papers I saw the Cuticura Remedies advertised. I immediately procured some Cuticura Ointment and applied it to my body. It seemed to ease my skin right away. I kept on using the Cuticura Ointment for a week and can say that it certainly was the most popular medicine I had ever used. It completely cured me, and I have not been troubled since." (Signed) William Waterman, 129 E. 104th St., New York City, Dec. 8, 1910.

Cuticura soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Send to "Cuticura," Dept. KK, Boston, for a sample of each, post-free, with 32-p. book on skin treatment.

MORGAN BROTHERS
Contractors and Builders
All kinds of Mason Work, Brick-Laying, Plastering, etc., at short notice and lowest prices.
6 DEAN AVENUE.
Telephone 2452.

TheYoung Men'sChristian Association of
Newport, R. I. 41 Mary Street.
(Legal Title.)

For the uplift of the young men and boys of Newport and vicinity.

To place the privileges of the Association within the reach of young men of small means the membership fees and dormitory rent paid by members must be supplemented by annual contributions. ENDOWMENTS ARE GREATLY NEEDED TO MAKE POSSIBLE A PERMANENT AND GROWING WORK. All property is free of incumbrance.

Form of Bequest.

I give and bequeath to the Young Men's Christian Association of Newport, R. I., the sum of ..... to be held by said Corporation and invested by its Advisory Committee, the income thereof to be applied to the use of the said Association.

President, C. F. Barker, M. D.
Treasurer, A. K. Sherman,
Advisory Committee,
With constitutional powers elected for three years in rotation.
George Peabody Wetmore, Hugh D. Auchincloss, Arthur Curtiss James, George Gordon King, Angus McLeod, Guy Norman, Wm. P. Sheffield.
For information about the work of the Association write W. H. Chapin.

Carriers of The Daily News are forbidden to roll or twist papers and throw them upon premises; are not allowed to have other boys with them without permission and have no papers to sell. Call 782 or 783.

"Meet Me at Barney's."

The Biggest Piano Sale In the History of Newport.

Never before have such values been offered as we are showing in our

Seventeenth Annual Sale of Rented Pianos

To you who have been waiting for an opportunity to procure a high grade piano at a price unusually low—this event will appeal strongly.

Your actual saving by purchasing during this sale is from fifty to seventy-five dollars. Worth considering isn't it?

First comers got first choice but there are many fine pianos left yet—don't delay however, for the one you liked might be gone.

Barney's MUSIC STORE

Rubbish Burners

Save property, expense and trouble by using one of these Burners to burn waste papers, dead leaves and all rubbish that accumulates around the home, store or office. These Burners are made to stand the heat and will not collapse after being used a few times as cheaper makes do. Made in three sizes

$2.50, $3.50 and $4.50.

S. W. COGGESHALL, 201 Thames St.

Stone Crocks

To hold a quantity of pickles or chow chow, throughout the winter, you can find nothing better.

Glazed inside and out, with covers, there is nothing can taint the food. Easy to clean when empty and they are not expensive. The 6 gallon size only cost

95c

All sizes from 1 to 20 gallons

WM. B. SCOTT & CO.,
8-10 BROADWAY. Tel. 1046.

Got Necessary Data.

A LAW FIRM was defending a suit in which the title of a mining property in Colorado was involved. On the day before the trial it was discovered that some important records were missing. Without delay a Denver correspondent was reached on the Bell Long Distance Telephone and the facts secured.

There is no messenger so speedy as the Bell Telephone service.

Every Bell Telephone is a Long Distance Station.

Providence Telephone Company,
Contract Dept., 142 Spring St.

PICTURES REFRAMED.
Old Frames Re-Gilded,
Fine Imported Prints
WISEMAN, 112 Bellevue Avenue

Did Your Roof Leak?

Black Star Asphalt Paint will prevent leaks on all kinds of wood and metal roofs. Sole agents

HAYMAN & NASON,
Painters and Decorators,
15-17 Franklin Street.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

FOR RENT.
DESIRABLE PROPERTY
—AT—
LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY.
DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE
569 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

For Rent.

The best tenements in the city. In the Henry C. Anthony Building, Thames street, ready for occupancy Monday, October 7.

J. B. PARSONAGE & SON,
Real Estate and Insurance,
RENTAL AGENTS,
10 Franklin St., Oppo. Postoffice.

FOR RENT.

Tenement, four rooms with improvements, for small family, good location, $13.00

Furnished tenement of five rooms, modern improvements, near Post Office.

Tenement of three rooms, with gas and bath, on Spring street; furnished for light housekeeping for small family.

WILLIAM LOFTUS, 234 Spring St.

For Sale or To Let.

The new cottage of 7 rooms, No. 2 Union street, Stanton Terrace Plat.

THE BARKER REALTY CO.,
Phone 1490. 106 Broadway.

TO INVESTORS.
FOR SALE.

Business Estate on Thames street corner, price $8,200, present income, $852 yearly.

Business Estate Thames St....$19,000
Business Estate Thames St....$16,000
Business Estate Thames St....$15,000
Cottage High St.....$6,000
Cottage High St.....$5,600
Cottage Washington St.....$5,000
Cottage Carroll Ave.....$3,700

WM. E. BRIGHTMAN,
164 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

SECOND STREET.

Two family house, improvements, large lot, rents for $336, will sell for $3,000.

Modern cottage to let, furnished or unfurnished, near Naval Hospital.

Edward L. Spencer
REALTY BUILDING.

Household Furniture

Insurance costs but little.

IS YOURS INSURED?

For particulars, apply to

SIMEON HAZARD,
Tel. 1480. 32 Franklin St.

FOR RENT.

Tenement, Thames street.
Lower flat, Clarke street.

FOR SALE.

2-tenement house, Dean avenue, $3,800 to a quick purchaser.
2-tenement house on Broadway, all modern improvements, room in rear for garage.
Cottage on Cranston avenue, to be sold at once.

Clarence A. Hammett Co.
323 THAMES STREET.

Attractive Villas and Cottages for sale.
Also Farms and Country Places on the Island.
Insurance in strongest Companies.
Rentals for season of 1913.

FREDERICK H. PAINE,
Bellevue Avenue and Catharine Street.

JAMESTOWN, R. I.
FOR SALE.

Building Lots on Ocean Highlands, Cottrell Farm, Gardner Farm, Shoreby Hill and Carr Platt.

—APPLY TO—
C. E. WEEDEN.

FOR SALE.
50 Feet Frontage on Bath Road.
VERY EASY TERMS.
APPLY to DR. HEARD'S STABLE.

GOVERNMENT IRRIGATED FARMS.

These Projects Represent Potentiality of a Population Made Independent Producers.

[Judson C. Welliver, in Farm and Fireside.]

Uncle Sam has about $70,000,000 invested in some 25 irrigation projects. They contemplate making first-class farming area of about 3,000,000 acres, scattered throughout all the states from the Dakotas, Kansas and Nebraska, west to the Pacific. This region that Uncle Sam is putting under water is expected to care for a family of five on every 40 acres; that is, for a total of 375,000 people. But this does not consider the number who will be kept busy merchandising for these farmers; hauling things by rail to them; raising live stock for the irrigation farmers to "finish"; mining low-grade ores that couldn't be worked unless civilization were brought closer to them than it was before the irrigation projects brought it.

On the whole, it is fair to say that these government irrigation projects represent the potentiality of a million of population, housed and made independent producers.

Take the Salt River project, in Arizona, one of the largest of the government undertakings. About 155,000 acres of its lands are now under cultivation, and this will be increased to 200,000. The government spent about $10,000,000 in the works, and last year the products of these lands were worth about $6,000,000; this year they will go much higher.

But the real reason why the Salt River proposition got on its feet so soon and has been a success almost from the start is that it had the right kind of settlers. They knew just what to do with irrigation lands, they did it, and they succeeded.

The best advice to give, in every case, to people who have thought of trying the new system of farming, is to investigate with the utmost care before jumping in. Don't believe all the fairy-land stories you read in agricultural papers that are made for folks in brownstone city rows to read, and, on the other hand, don't get discouraged if you hear a frightful tale of woe from somebody who has tried it and failed. Don't go out to an irrigation farm unless you are sure you have enough capital to take care of it right.

CARING FOR THE SICK ON TRAINS.

[United States Consular Reports.]

Excellent facilities are afforded in Germany for transporting invalids and cripples who are unable to walk, according to T. J. Albert, consul at Brunswick. The German railroad system provides a first class car for invalids who can afford to use it. This car is fitted with every possible convenience for the sick. A special apartment, opening on the level of the station platform, with a double door, so that a stretcher can be carried in without the slightest difficulty, is set apart for the invalid and attendants. The balance of the car contains a kitchen, where meals can be prepared, and a section handsomely upholstered for members of the family or accompanying friends. For invalids who travel second or third class an apartment on an ordinary car is used, opening in like manner with a double door on the station platform.

The charges for transporting sick and helpless persons have hitherto been moderate. For invalids traveling third class the charge has been the cost of four tickets, free transport being granted for two attendants. This rate is still granted when the car containing the invalid apartment belongs to a regular train with a fixed destination; otherwise in the future six tickets second class must be purchased. In addition to the cost of these tickets, there will be an additional charge of 7 pfennigs (1¾ cents) per axle and kilometre (0.62 mile) for the time the car runs empty before and after the transport of the invalid to the point of destination. For example, if the invalid is tranported from Berlin to Hamburg, 290 kilometres (180 miles), when the car containing the invalid apartment forms part of the regular train the charge will be 35.6 marks ($8.47); if the same car is specially ordered the charge will be 164.64 marks ($39.18).

BEEF AND MUTTON PRICES.

[New York Tribune.]

There is little comfort for the housekeeper, or indeed for the average non-vegetarian citizen, in the opinion of the secretary of agriculture that there is no hope of much cheaper beef, and that people who want less costly meat had better learn to eat mutton. Present prices of beef are little short of prohibitive to many, but while mutton has its good qualities and is greatly relished it can never be accepted as a satisfactory all round substitute for beef. Moreover, the price of mutton has risen, and is likely to be similarly affected by the very conditions which have made beef so costly, a process that would, of course, be hastened by the increased demand for mutton which would follow its general adoption in place of beef.

It is to be observed, however, that the pessimistic outlook of the secretary of agriculture presupposes continuance of present conditions, or of the causes which have led to the higher price of beef, without any counteracting influences, which may, happily, be an error. There is no doubt that his conception of the causes of high prices is correct. The rapid increase of population and consequently of demand for meat, the proportionately less rapid increase, if not the actual decrease, of beef production, and the extensive transformation of ranges into farms, resulting in much greater cost of the beef that is produced, abundantly explain the increased cost of roasts and steaks. But if all of those conditions cannot be changed it is not certain that their result cannot be counteracted.

The farms will probably never revert into ranges, with their cheap yet enormously wasteful methods of cattle culture. But it may be found possible to supply from the farms the cattle which formerly came from the ranges, and to do so at prices most less than those which now prevail in this transition period between ranges and farms. American agriculturists are beginning to realize the vast possibilities of what is known as intensive cultivation, and to see that smaller farms, of higher priced land, more thoroughly worked and thus far more productive, may compete successfully with the vast expanses of cheaper land and less thorough methods. It would not be surprising to find men successfully adapting this principle to cattle raising, and thus supplying the markets at reasonable prices, and yet at good profits, with farm-raised beef.

OLDEST RELIGIOUS ORDER.

[Dundee Advertiser.]

What is the oldest order in existence? The claim is made for that of the Holy Sepulchre, the grand officership of which has been conferred by the Pope on a member of the Irish Nationalist party, Sir Thomas Gratton Esmonde. It appears that no date or the name of a founder can be assigned to the Order of the Holy Sepulchre, though there is a legendary tradition that traces its origin to the time of Charlemagne. In the middle of the last century, however, when the Latin Patriarchate of Jerusalem was re-established, the office of grand master of the order was transferred to it by Pope Pius IX, who, many years later, in 1868, created by statue three ranks of the order—the Grand Cross, Commander and Knight. The costume is a white cloak with the Cross of Jerusalem in red enamel. The Pope himself is grand master of the order.

VICE PRESIDENT BETTER.

Mr. Sherman Improving, But Will Not be Able to Take Active Part in Campaign.

Vice President James S. Sherman has returned to Utica from a month's stay at Grove Beach, Conn., much improved in health. He will not be able, however, to take any active part in the fall campaign.

Some four months ago Mr. Sherman's heart began to trouble him, and an examination showed that he was suffering from myocarditis, an affection of the muscles of the heart. His trouble became acute on a trip to Big Moose Lake, in the Adirondacks. It is said that at that time Mr. Sherman's condition was so critical that his physicians would not have been surprised at his death.

He was hurried back to Utica, and the lower altitude gave him relief. For several weeks he spent most of his time in bed and gradually his strength returned. By the latter part of August, when the day for his notification of the nomination drew near, Mr. Sherman felt so well that he insisted on personally welcoming his friends, who came in from the country about Utica for the celebration. He reviewed the parades and made a speech from the porch of his house.

The next day he became worse, and it was decided that at the earliest opportunity he should visit some resort at sea level. After about 10 days of rest he felt able to start. The trip was made in leisurely fashion by automobile. Mrs. Sherman and his physician accompanied him. They made about 80 or 90 miles a day.

No decision had been made as to the objective point of the trip, and the selection of Grove Beach was largely fortuitous. The hotel was within a few yards of the ocean. Absolute rest had been decreed for the Vice President, and with the exception of a few automobile trips to neighboring towns he spent most of his time in the vicinity of the hotel.

Mr. Sherman spends much of his time motoring, visiting the golf links two or three miles from his home, and at the home of his eldest son, Sherrill, at Clinton, nine miles away. He is able to see personal friends, many of whom have called on him. Any talk, however, relating to politics, business or his physical condition is banned.

MIDDLETOWN.

Communion Service Given in Memory of Abram A. Brown Used at Methodist Church.

[Regular correspondence of The News.]

At the quarterly celebration of the Holy Communion Sunday afternoon at the Methodist Episcopal Church, the pastor, Rev. Edward E. Wells, used for the first time the individual Communion service, a gift from Mrs. Elizabeth Brown in memory of her husband, the late Abram A. Brown, who for many years was a member of the church. Rev. Mr. Wells, in accepting the gift in behalf of the church, spoke in an appreciative and fitting manner. The service is of glass and comprises 70 individual cups set in two mahogany trays, with handles of silver. The trays are covered when not in use.

Mr. C. Woodman Chase is taking his annual two weeks' vacation and his rural free delivery route, No. 2, is being conducted by Mr. Borden C. Anthony.

St. Columba's Guild has resumed meetings for the winter and is to devote the time until Christmas to making garments for St. Mary's Orphanage.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Peabody have recently returned from a 10 days' trip to the White Mountains, meeting while there their former pastor, Rev. C. E. Delamater.

The Sunday evening meetings of the Berkeley Memorial parish are to be resumed this month at the parish house.

Rev. F. W. Goodman is having a large number of slides arranged from the many pictures which he took while in Alaska the past year, with a view to giving lectures the coming winter for the benefit of missionary work. Rev. Mr. Goodman's ward, Mr. Howard Caldwell, who accompanied him to the far north, did not return but will remain another year to assist Rev. Mr. Hoare in the school at Point Hope.

A teachers' meeting will be held at the Wyatt school on Wednesday at the close of the session.

Aquidneck Grange has sent out invitations to the County Granges for the annual observance of Neighbors' night and a large attendance is expected. Each visiting Grange is to furnish some form of entertainment for a 15-minute part of the program.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Peckham were guests Sunday of Miss Althea Carr of Portsmouth.

Mrs. George Coggeshall returned Saturday from a five-day trip up the Hudson.

CO-OPERATION FOR FARMERS.

[Herbert Myrick, in Farm and Home.]

Why has the number of co-operative banks in Germany increased tenfold in 20 years, with corresponding growth in other forms of co-operation? Why is their growth greater from year to year? Because it pays the farmers and others who thus co-operate—pays in saving money and in making profits, pays by encouraging thrift, and pays yet more by bringing the farmers together and holding them together. The first lesson from it all, to our farmers in the United States, is this: Get together! Get better acquainted, know and understand each other better, bury suspicions and jealousies, develop mutual confidence, cultivate charity of views and unity of action, be willing to trust capable men to manage your co-operative undertakings and loyally back them up. This is the only solid basis upon which to build co-operation. It is easier to form such a basis in Germany than in America, because over there the farmers mostly live in houses huddled into dorfs, or little villages, and know each other more intimately than here, where each farmer lives on his own homestead as lord of his domain.

LOS ANGELES TIMES WAREHOUSE BURNED.

The warehouse of The Los Angeles Times was destroyed by fire Saturday night. Paper valued at $50,000 and machinery and supplies valued at $200,000 were destroyed.

This is the second heavy loss for the owner, General Harrison Gray Otis, as almost two years ago to a day his newspaper building was blown up with dynamite, following a strike.

A Taffeta Suit.

This costume of dark gray taffeta is made with a short coat and skirt, having one of the deep, ungathered flounces. The coat is loose and easy to slip on and off, and the fitted peplum gives it trim lines.

AUTUMN'S SIGN BEARERS.

[Helen M. Richardson, in Our Dumb Animals.]

The whippoorwill's sad note is heard
From out the woodland shade;
And blue-eyed asters star the sod
In many a sheltered glade.
Fair Goldenrod her plumy crest
Is waving high in air,
And squirrels, provident and wise,
Are racing everywhere.

Cattle are browsing in the fields;
Fruit-laden trees bend low;
While many a blazing leaf foretells
The time of autumn's glow.
Swallows are dipping here and there
On restless, joyous wing;
And in some sheltered grassy nook
We hear a cricket sing.

Grapes purpling in the autumn sun;
Vines bearing melons green,
Beneath whose screen the mottled toad
Takes forth to view the scene.
All nature presages the change
That fruitful autumn brings,
When no more in its leafy nest
The mated robin sings.

FANCIES.

Ethel—I understand she was "an old flame of yours?"

Edward—Yes; I burnt a lot of money on her.

Lady of the House (engaging new maid)—Remember, we have breakfast at 7.

Applicant—Oh! well, mum; if I ain't up, don't wait, mum.

"So Jones still rides horseback. He's away behind the times."

"I don't see it that way."

"Well, you'll admit that the equestrian has to take a back seat."—[Boston Transcript.

A vacation is spending all the money you save in a year to go away a few weeks to escape the weather, which does not arrive until after you come back.—[Puck.

"Is Biggins trying to drown his sorrows?"

"I don't think so," replied Colonel Stillwell. "The things I saw him ordering up for them made it look as if he were trying to show them a good time."—[Washington Star.

From a notice in a village postoffice: "Lost, a Cameo ring. Finder, if bringing same to Laburnum Cottage, will be (if not rewarded) heartily thanked." It's nice to think that at the worst he won't be punished.—[Punch.

Child—What's a stag party, mamma?

Merry Widow—A party where there are only gentlemen, dear.

Child—And what do you call a party where there's only ladies?

Merry Widow—I should call it a stagnation party.—[Judge.

"Here, waiter, what's the matter with your bill of fare? I can't find any beefsteak on it."

"Yes, sah. That's right, sah. Beefsteak comes under the general head of an 'extra'—$2 extra. Yes, sah."—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"Did you visit the Pyramids while you were in Egypt?"

"Yes, and do you know I couldn't help wondering why they were ever built."

"That's easily answered: they were built to disprove the old proverb that there's always room at the top."—[Boston Transcript.

"Her husband's family was English, wasn't it?"

"Yes, and very good stock, too. He claims relationship to Gladstone."

"Gladstone! That should please his wife."

"It doesn't. It hurt her pride dreadfully when she heard he was called 'the Great Commoner.'"—[Cleveland Plain Dealer.

A HALF-BILLION LOBSTERS AT GOVERNMENT HATCHERIES.

A half-billion lobsters will be the number hatched at the government station at Boothbay Harbor, Maine, for the present year, a record at the station. Fisheries steamer Gannet, Captain George W. Greenleaf, reports that the seeders have this year been collected in greater number than ever before. At the present time there are at the Boothbay hatchery 13,529 seed lobsters from which eggs will be secured. Never before in the eight years the hatchery has been running have there been so many lobsters at the place by the first of October. The season for collecting the seeders is not yet over by any means. Usually it has extended way into the spring of the year so that it is safe to say that fully two thirds as many lobsters as have already been collected will be added to the number on hand.

The average number of eggs secured from the mother lobster is 20,000. The percentage of fertility of these, as they are hatched at the government station, is so high that it is safe to say that practically all of them will be hatched into live wriggling little lobsters. Reckoning on this basis, the number of seeders now at the hatchery will produce 270,000,000 lobsters. The number yet to be collected will very nearly total up to 500,000,000, so that it will be safe to call the output a half a billion.

School Shoes

Complete Outfits in Footwear for School or College

—AT—

The T. Mumford Seabury Co.'s

Lumber. Mill Work.

We sell Lumber of all kinds; including Shingles. We do Mill Work in all its branches. We sell Hardware; Paints ready mixed, Oil, Glass, Varish, Putty, Naphtha, Floor Wax, Stains, Fancy Glass, Burlap, Ceiling Canvas, Shellac, Artists' Material, Rubbish Burners, Wall and Floor Tiles, Carey's Asphalt Roofing.

We sell 4 barrels Dry Pine Kindling for $1; also Dry Pine Wood by the cord cut or in 4 foot lengths.

Our Materials are good, our prices right.

69 to 75 MILL STREET.

We have just finished a house to house canvass on

BURT OLNEY CANNED GOODS,

pork and beans. They also put up the finest Catsup packed, being absolutely free from any preservative or coloring matter...To those who met our representative and heard his story we can add nothing to what he said, but to any he might have missed we urge to order these goods from your grocer and be convinced of their superior qualities.

Newport Paper & Grocery Co., Wholesale Distributors.

Vacuum House Cleaning Co.

K. B. Squires, Mgr.

Let us clean your house for you and save

Time and Labor.

Removes all dust from carpets, rugs, mattings, portieres, etc.

Phone 1167. 33 CORNE ST.

MILLINERY.

OPENING

Of the Latest Novelties in Fall and Winter Millinery

Saturday, Sept. 28; Monday, Sept. 30; Tuesday, Oct. 1.

G. H. KIRBY, 86 Broadway.

MRS. E. S. HOLMES, HAIRDRESSER.

Switches, Puffs, Transformations, Pin Curls, etc. Hair Goods a Specialty. Combings Made Up. Hair Dressing. Shampooing, Scalp Treatment. 199 Spring St. Phone 824.

COOL WEATHER SUPPLIES.

If the cool weather caught you unprepared take warning now and lay in your supply of cool weather wearing apparel.

MEDIUM WEIGHT UNDERWEAR.

Now is the season for the medium weight Underwear. We have a complete stock of the celebrated "Merode" Hand Finished Underwear for ladies' and misses' in vests, pants, tights and Union Suits in all the desirable combinations, medium weight cotton at

50c per single garment

$1.00 each for Union Suits

SWEATERS.

Ladies' Coat Sweaters in white, grey and red, in heavy weight at

$1.98

Fine Grade Sweaters in white and colors at

$2.50

Heavy Shaker Knit Sweaters in white, grey, red, navy blue, etc., at

$2.98

Fine Knit Sweaters with three pockets and high collars at

$2.98 All colors

Infants' and Misses' Sweaters in all styles.

LADIES' CAPE GLOVES.

Our mannish gloves will stand the test of service. The skins are all selected, the stitching and cutting is done by experts and the gloves are absolutely perfect. No glove of equal quality can be found elsewhere at the price

$1.00 per pair.

MEDIUM WEIGHT HOSIERY.

We have a full stock of Medium Weight Hose for Men, Women and Children in cotton, lisle and silk. New numbers just received for Fall selling from

25c per pair.

SERGE DRESSES.

We are showing a snappy line of Ladies' Serge Dresses in the newest models that are truly wonderful values. All wool serge of splendid quality and made in the best manner in all sizes at

$4.98 each.

WM. B. SHERMAN, JR., 145 Thames Street.

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MINCE MEAT! MINCE MEAT!!

HOME MADE MINCE MEAT, 10c lb., - - - 3 lbs. for 25c.

SWEET POTATOES - - 12 lbs. for 25c.

—AT—

The Postoffice Square Market.

W. C. SCOTT, Phone 543.

Fancy Rhode Island Potatoes

90c a bushel 25c pk.

—AT—

James A. Eddy's, GROCERY AND MARKET.

Where You Always Get Good Butter.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

GREEN PEAS.

FRENCH ENDIVE,

ARTICHOKES,

HOT HOUSE MUSHROOMS,

ASPARAGUS.

AT THE

Sea Side Market.

EVANGELINE FLOUR,

The flour that is guaranteed to please, - - per bag 85c

A Pint Preserve Jar of Mammoth Selected Spanish Olives 25c.

Doyle's Country Club Catsup, 1912 Goods, 10c.

At J. H. BRIERLEY'S, 477 Thames St.

INSTANT POSTUM, the regular postum in a concentrated form for people who cannot drink coffee. Made in the cup by simply pouring on boiling water. In tins, 30 and 50 cents. The small tin contains sufficient quantity to make forty-five to fifty cups.

GEO. WASHINGTON COFFEE, a highly concentrated preparation of pure coffee that can be made instantly in the cup with boiling water. Convenient and handy to have in the house. In tins 30c enough to make twenty-five cups of coffee.

GOLD MEDAL BRAND COCOA, a strictly pure high grade light colored cocoa equal to any sold anywhere. Half pound tins 17 cents.

BLUE RIBBON BRAND CONDENSED MILK. No better milk packed. Try it in your coffee or cocoa. 10c a can.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery, THE PURE FOOD STORE.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

We can send you the largest bottle of fancy

QUEEN OLIVES For 25c

Ever sold at the price.

The Store where Quality Counts

T. FRED KAULL, 391-393 Thames St.

Tel 476.

New Comb Honey, New Figs.

Charles A. Manchester, BROADWAY.

Native Scallops, Fish Roe, Mackerel, Oysters,

NEW SMOKED SALMON and HALIBUT

Broadway Cash Fish Market, C. A. Easterbrooks, Prop'r.

Fixtures for Sale.

Oak Tables (adjustable), Scales, Skids, Bottle Racks, Glass Graduats, Corks, Oil Tank, Boxed Dem's, Tin Tags, Show Case, Bins, Drawers, Wheel and Fall for hoisting, etc., etc. If you are looking for something, it's here.

25 B'dway. Peleg Bryer, 11 Spring St.

—STOP—

KNOCKING AND KICKING BY AVOIDING THAT PARTICULAR TROUBLE

DO IT NOW, TELEPHONE 893.

THE BELLEVUE LAUNDRY

Will Make You and Your Linen LOOK AND FEEL BETTER

NEWPORT DAILY NEWS.
Published every afternoon except Sundays and Holidays.
207 Thames Street Newport, R. I.
By the T. T. Pitman Corporation.

Profits Shared with Employes.

News $6.00 a year 12 cents a week.
Journal and Weekly News, $2 a year.
Every Friday.

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Business Office, downstairs, 9908
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Upstairs, 762
Or if that is busy, 783
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18 High Street, 822

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in The Daily News each week and will be sent anywhere in the United States postage paid for two dollars a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as new.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed fifty-two changes a year. Legal notices, auction sales, amusements, cards, wants and lost and found are not included in space contract.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

Newport Daily News

MONDAY, OCTOBER 7, 1912.

THE NEWS IN PROVIDENCE.

The Daily News is on sale in Providence the evening of publication at Union Station.

TEN PAGES.

PROSPERITY AND THE ELECTION.

We ought never to hear anything more about a Presidential campaign being bad for business, and it will hereafter require a good deal of nerve for even the most hardened protectionist to pretend that the danger of tariff changes has a paralyzing effect upon trade. The country has rarely been more prosperous than it is now, measured by bank clearings, railway earnings ,the demand for steel and dry goods and other merchandise, and the course of prices. Yet there is a national election at hand, and with the Republican party divided by the third-term movement, and a Democratic candidate remarkably unlike William Jennings Bryan, no one will deny that the Democratic chances are uncommonly good. A Democratic victory would undoubtedly be followed next year or the year after by a reduction of the tariff.

Nevertheless, business is unchecked. The steel and woolen industries, peculiarly liable to be affected by tariff reduction, give no indication of political possibilities. The steel business was so good last summer that the usual shutting down for hot weather was omitted. All the commercial reports agree on the constantly increasing volume of trade and the entire confidence with which the future is faced. Large purchases of steel and of woolen goods are being made for next year, with apparently no thought that a Democratic victory would depress prices and later a reduced tariff make it possible to pick up goods at nominal figures.

Business never has been one quarter as much affected by politics, except when such an issue as that of free silver coinage is raised, as is commonly represented. Twenty years ago was the best year we had had up to that time. Thirty-two years ago we had a fine business year. In 1884 the panic occurred before the political campaign began, and the country recovered from that as the political contest progressed. The year 1908 was a poor one, not because there was a national election but because there was a panic the year before and the country had not recovered. Indeed, it is only within the past few months that it has recovered. Political changes, and even tariff reduction, are very much of a scarecrow. Business rests upon agricultural prosperity and other commercial facts and conditions, many of which are world-wide, and it is not created or destroyed by any political party.

THE REAL RACE SUICIDE.

A great deal has been heard in recent years about race suicide and the need of arousing a public sentiment which will result in a larger birth rate in this country. The Hygienic Congress recently in session struck a new note in regard to this subject when it called attention to the terrible slaughter of the innocents in the extremely large death rate among babies and the great need of conservation of infant life. Particularly in the large cities, in brief, the idea advanced was that it is not so important that the birth rate should be higher as that the death rate should be lower, not so much that more children should be born as that those who are born shall be allowed to live by the exercise of more care and attention than is now given them. This is a new view of race suicide, or at least a new way of expressing the view which ought to be made known all over the country. The statistics quoted at this congress showed that, while there are 55,000,000 babies born into the world annually, 15,000,000 of them die before they are a year old.

What this means can be appreciated better when it is stated that these babies which die every year before their first birthday constitute an aggregate three times as large as the entire population of New York city and that all of them are the victims of congenital disease, neglect or parental ignorance or sin. This is a terrible arraignment of parents, but the fact can hardly be doubted, though the decimation of the infant population by this means is far worse than any visitation by war, pestilence or famine. This evil is or should be to a large extent preventable by the exercise of methods and measures which will tend to the preservation of the lives of the little ones brought into the world handicapped by disease, or with incompetent parents or those who never ought to have become parents. The congress did not and could not put these facts too forcibly, and they ought to be drilled into the minds of the people until they appreciate what this slaughter of infants means and learn what to do in order to prevent it.

It is made clear enough by this situation, as shown by figures which there is reason to believe do not lie, that it is not wise to urge that more children be brought into the world until some way has been found to keep alive those now being born. The real race suicide it is evident is not from a low birth rate but from a high death rate among infants. Instead of preaching the need of an increase in the number of births there is need of a crusade for the preservation of the lives of those who are not given a fair chance to live, but die by the millions every year all over the world. Here is the work for those who believe in large families and are afraid of race suicide. This is the opportunity for those who think there should be a larger increase in the population. Save these 15,000,000 babies which die every year under the age of one year and the population will increase rapidly and there will be no evidence of race suicide. Such is the task which lies before those who really desire to do something for humanity.

It should not be difficult to accomplish this work in a large measure. Methods have been devised to conserve coal, oil and mineral deposits and the forests so that they will not be wasted as they have been, and it should be as easy to learn how to conserve child life and to prevent such a terrible sacrifice as has been made of what is the most important asset in the world. The attention of scientists, physicians, social workers of all kinds and every one who is interested in child life should be riveted upon this important and pressing need and should not be turned aside until this appalling death rate has been materially reduced and the infants of the world have been given a better chance to survive the perils of babyhood. This is a work which ought to enlist the sympathies and activities of many men and women interested in benefitting mankind, and which merits the enthusiasm of all. The saving of even a small proportion of these infants means more to the world than can be easily estimated.

THE ART IN BEGGING.

One of the most entertaining of Charles Dickens's occasional papers was on the subject of begging letters. Probably these receive something occasionally, for the race is perpetuated from generation to generation, yet there is little or no evidence of success on any considerable scale. In a small way probably many of these letters evoke some response from strangers; of course among our own friends we have beggars and are obliged to accommodate them.

Among Dickens's amusing stories was that of a man to whom he had warmly refused to give anything. He received another letter from him, saying that of course he would not think of asking for money a second time, but he had been doing fairly well peddling with a donkey and cart. The donkey had dropped dead and he had been compelled to drag the cart into London, a distance of 30 miles. If Mr. Dickens would be kind enough to "leave a donkey out" that night the writer would be glad to come around in the morning and take him away.

Every rich man and woman must be protected by secretaries from beggars. One woman, as benevolent as she is rich, received a letter from a woman who was not a total stranger and under cover of a religious plea asked for an unlimited letter of credit to enable her to travel around the world and make observations. That was "going some," but it has been far outdone, not by a private letter but by a public advertisement in an English paper. This is addressed "To the rich" and says that an attractive but unsuccessful man of 27 asks from "some one who may take an interest, and who would not even miss them, the means to give him one year of full real life, to see the beautiful things and places in the world, and have funds sans blanche to gratify his own tastes and taste the happiness that money gives and realizes." Certainly sturdy begging could go no further than that.

Do these people who write to millionaires they never say, asking for the price of a piano or a trip to Europe or the lifting of their mortgage, ever receive any attention? Did anybody ever hear of a case of a begging letter writer given anything more than a small dole? But the race does not die out, and now we have the begging adviser.

Turkey is cunning, as always. For the sake of preventing war by the other Balkan states, the Porte announces its willingness to put into execution the article of the Berlin treaty relating to a greater measure of self-government for Roumelia and Macedonia, the details of the arrangement to be settled by consultation with the European Roumelian commission, which is represented by Great Britain, France, Germany, Austria, Italy and Russia. The wily Sultan hopes in this way to secure the mediation of the greater European powers to prevent the war which Servia, Bulgaria and Greece are determined to wage against him if the situation in Macedonia is not improved. Will the scheme work?

The sentiment of the meeting of the Newport Improvement Association against the immediate destruction of trees on the Hives land, which has been given to the city, is a wholesome one. If eventually the trees must come down they may be felled with little ceremony, but in the meantime it would be wise to allow them to remain, to fill a possible important part in the development of the locality. When a tree is once destroyed it is useless to repent the act.

Jamestown is fortunate in escaping a more serious conflagration than even the burning of the Hotel Thorndike. The fire, moreover, showed that the town has an efficient department and a large number of friends who are ready to help when assistance is needed.

New York will have fully a week before the naval review in which to enjoy the battleships and entertain the officers and men. The sailors will undoubtedly have a good time.

The world's championship series will now attract the full attention of the "fans." Play ball!

RAILWAY TERMINALS GATEWAYS OF CITIES.

[Samuel O. Dunn, in Scribner's.]

The railway terminal is the gateway of the modern city. No walls now make the people enter and depart through certain portals. But the compulsion of modern conditions of living and transportation is as effective as that of ancient walls. Constantly there come and go through some gateway terminals armies of peace exceeding in a day most of the great armies of war, equaling in a week the inhabitants of great metropolises, rivaling in a year the population of great nations. No other structures serve the convenience of such numbers. Rising to the needs of these multitudes, the engineers and architects of American railways are dotting the country with terminals surpassing in size, in cost, in the comforts they afford, in monumental beauty, any others in the world.

Viewed casually, these great gateways may seem to mean no more than other large structures. Considered with penetrating and reflecting eye, they are seen to be the resultants, the steel and stone personifications of some of the most characteristic and important tendencies and conditions of our country and time. They bespeak the increasing of engineering skill. They express the progress of architectural taste. Their size and capacity reflect the wonderful growth of great cities and of travel. The elegance of their manifold conveniences mirrors the same luxury and even extravagance, which caused an advance of 1,250 per cent in eight years in the American demand for automobiles. They declare the rise of civic spirit. They tell of the increase of the influence of the opinion of the public over the great quasi-public corporations that serve the public; for it is as much in response to the demands of public sentiment as of business that splendid structures such as those of the Pennsylvania railroad and the New York Central in New York city, and the Chicago & Northwestern in Chicago, and the Union terminals at Washington and Kansas City, have risen, or are rising, and that many other stations, smaller, but equally adapted to the needs of their communities, have been recently, or are being, built.

JAMAICA, OLD AND NEW.

[New York Tribune.]

There is another considerable fluttering in the Jamaican dovecotes over the suggestion of annexation to the United States. It has arisen over the withdrawal of Great Britain from the Brussels sugar convention and the consequent uncertainty of the future of a trade which provides 10 per cent of the exports of the island. It is feared that there will be a resumption of the European export bounty system, which would militate seriously against Jamaica and make her practically dependent upon Canada and the United States for her market. The Canadian market is, of course, limited, and there seems to be a feeling that access to that of the United States can be assured only through annexation. The result is that there is expressed an annexationist sentiment to an extent and with an openness never before known.

Years ago this sentiment was confined to a few of the white inhabitants, who were regarded as eccentric, disgruntled or even disloyal. Now it is openly expressed by many of them, without reproach. Perhaps more notable still, it has become for the first time widespread among the negroes, largely as a result, we may assume, of their employment as laborers on the Panama canal. Their former aversion to this country because of the political and social discrimination which is practised against their brethren in many of the states has been largely dispelled by their experience of pecuniary and even social conditions at Panama far preferable to any they have ever known in Jamaica, and also by the observation of many of them, reported back to them all, of the still more fortunate condition of negroes in New York.

HOW BIG IS AMERICA?

[Joseph Cook.]

On the British empire the sun never sets. In the short summer nights it never sets on the American republic. San Francisco is the middle city in our territory. It is literally true that in August the sunset has not ceased to flash on the spears of the fishermen in the Aleutian Islands before it begins to glint and blaze on the axes of the woodmen in the forests of Maine.

Roll up the map of New England! Unroll that of your whole country! How large is Texas? You could bury in it the German empire and have room enough left for England and Wales. How large is California? You could bury in it England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, and have room enough left for Switzerland and Belgium. How large is Colorado? You could bury in it Norway and have room enough left for Denmark. How large is Iowa? You could bury in it Portugal and Switzerland. How large is Lake Superior? You could sink Scotland in it. How large is New York? You could bury in it Belgium and Switzerland and Greece.

APARTMENT FOR RENT.

A furnished apartment comprising a large studio, dining room, two bedrooms, kitchen and private bath-room. The apartment is heated by hot water.
APPLY TO
RICHARD C. DERBY, 136 Bellevue Avenue

PORTSMOUTH.

Pupils to be Allowed Attendance on Any High School—Services in the Churches.

[Regular correspondence of The News.]

The Portsmouth school committee has voted that the resolution passed January 14, 1907, limiting pupils to attendance on high schools in the state, be rescinded and pupils be allowed to attend any high school preferred. All the schools in the town are crowded with pupils, perhaps the worst being Vanclose, in the south part, where with accommodations for 44 there are 57. Of these 17 are kindergartners, and two in the ninth grade Portuguese, not being able to speak or understand a word in the English language, other children of the same nationality not being beyond words of one syllable and the chart. Fully one fourth of the children in the public schools of the town are Portuguese, and while the majority are unusually bright and quick to learn their care takes a large percentage of the school hours from others.

Rev. Anson B. Howard preached at St. Paul's Church Sunday morning from II Samuel II:6. He announced that Bishop Perry will preach at St. Paul's next Sunday morning.

Rev. Albert Loucks preached at the Christian Church in the morning from II Corinthians V:14, and in the evening from Matthew XIV:16.

Sunday morning Rev. John Wadsworth of the Methodist Episcopal Church preached from II Corinthians XI:18, his subject being "Reasonable Glorying;" in the evening he preached from Mark I:14-15. The Sunday School contest with the Middletown Church opened, the attendance in Portsmouth being 80 and in Middletown, 63.

Mr. David McDuff of Shamokin, Pa., who has been employed here for the last year, has returned here, to remain permanently.

Miss Ruth Atwater of Providence, after spending a week with her cousin, Mrs. Mary Shea, has gone to Fall River to spend a week before her return home.

Mr. James Earl and family of Newport were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Edward B. Ayler.

Mr. Charles E. Thomas, who has been occupying the lower tenement in Mrs. Eliza McLeod's house, is preparing to change his residence to the cottage belonging to Miss Kate L. Durfee.

Mrs. Benedict has closed her cottage at Bristol Ferry and gone to Plymouth, Mass., to spend a few days before returning to her home in New York. Miss Benedict has gone to Newport.

Miss Julia R. Wallington, who has been librarian for 30 years of the Swansea public library, has resigned and Rev. Otis O. Wright, formerly of this town, has received the appointment.

Mrs. L. A. Popple has been spending a few days with her daughter, Mrs. George R. Manchester, and family.

Miss Rose Faulkner of Fall River was guest over Sunday of Mrs. Oliver G. Hicks of Bristol Ferry.

Mr. Colby C. Mitchel of Bristol Ferry will leave for New York Thursday night and sail on the Rochambeau for Havre Saturday, to be gone until next May. Mr. and Mrs. Barton A. Ballou, also of Bristol Ferry, will leave for New York Thursday night and sail Saturday for a trip to Egypt and places in the vicinity.

Miss Esther Bishop, who has been spending several weeks in Jamestown, has returned to the home of her father, Mr. Emerson Bishop.

The year's supply of coal is being delivered to the different school houses of the town. It was purchased of Mr. John J. Corcoran, before the last rise, for $7.25 per ton.

Mrs. Edward Harris, wife of Dr. Edward Harris of Providence and sister of Miss Sarah J. Eddy, is to entertain the woman's branch of the Progressive party at her residence in Providence this week. Mrs. Maud Howe Elliott of Portsmouth will be the principal speaker.

Mrs. Wilbur C. Wheeler of Bristol Ferry, whose daughter, Miss Lillian Wheeler, was bridesmaid at the Baltzly-Marsh wedding; Mrs. Henry Peale, Mrs. D. Frank Hall and Miss Anne R. Almy were among the guests.

Mrs. Mott and her daughter, Miss Sarah Mott, of Providence, who have been spending the summer at "Willow Brook," returned to Providence today and the house will be closed for the season the middle of this week. A large dinner party from Newport was entertained there Saturday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert B. Almy entertained Saturday their nephew, Mr. Charles G. Baker; Miss Alda Norton of Brockton, Mass., Mrs. Sarah L. Wilcox and her daughter Mary of Newport.

CHOCOLATES
BON BONS,
PLAIN and FANCY CAKES,
ICE CREAM and ICES.
SALTED NUTS,
BIRTHDAY CAKES,
FAVORS,
LACE DOILIES,
BOTTLED CREAM
For Customers Where Quality Counts.
CONFECTIONER.
H. D. Frasch,
Tel. 987. Confectioner.

The Citizens' Association of Middletown
Will meet in the Town Hall, at 7:30 P. M., WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 9, to receive and act on the report of the Nominating Committee and for such further business as may come before the meeting.
Supper will be served after the meeting.
All members are requested to be present.
By order of the Executive Committee.

JAMES M. MEIKLE,
Mason and Contractor.
Cement Tile, Brickwork and Plastering.
Phone 113. Morton Avenue.

BLUE CRUSHED STONE.
Screened to size. Contractors for macadam roads and driveways. Path dressing a specialty, steam roller for rent.
Peckham Bros. & Co.,
Tel. 1559. P. O. Address Newport, R. I.

John Gillies,
SLATE, TILE AND GRAVEL ROOFER.
The slate that has been tested by time. Estimates furnished on old or new roofs. All work guaranteed.
Office and Yard 852 Spring Street.
Opposite Howard Street.
(Formerly 13 Webster Street).
Telephone connections.

FARM PRODUCT ADVANCES.

Increase Since 1896 Greater Than Cost of Purchases—Exchange Value of Corn.

Senator Reed Smoot of Utah has contributed to the literature of the Presidential campaign some statistics which he thinks show that the farmers of the country ought to be willing to "let well enough alone" when they go to the polls in the national election. He points out that with advancing prices the products of the farm show a much greater advance than do the commodities which the farmer purchases. The Senator compares present day prices with prevailing prices in December, 1896. His figures show that the principal products of the farm have advanced as follows since 1896:

Corn, 200 per cent; wheat, 67; cotton, 78, Oats, 166; Rye, 137; Barley, 30; Hay, 158; Hops, 286; Potatoes, 252; Flaxseed, 149; Fat cattle, 62; Fat hogs, 96; Dairy butter, 86; Eggs, 80.

The Senator has compiled tables showing the exchange values of farm products in both 1896 and in December, 1911. He first deals with 10 bushels of corn, with the following results:

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 46 pounds of Rio coffee in December, 1911, and 28 pounds in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 7 barrels of salt in December, 1911, and 4 barrels in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 123 pounds of granulated sugar in December, 1911, and 56 pounds in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 110 yards of Amoskeag gingham in December, 1911, and 48 yards in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled 85 yards of Fruit of the Loom shirtings in December, 1911, and 34 yards in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 71 gallons of refined petroleum in December, 1911, and 23 gallons in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 350 pounds of galvanized barbed wire in December, 1911, and 117 pounds in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 433 pounds of 8-penny wire nails in December, 1911, and 170 pounds in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 1,066 common brick in December, 1911, and 400 in December, 1896.

Ten bushels of corn equalled in value 5 barrels of Portland cement in December, 1911, and 1.3 barrels in December, 1896.

MEXICAN TOMATOES.

[Consul Dye, Nogales, Sonora.]

During the shipping season, which ended about June 15, 1912, 257 carloads of fresh tomatoes, having a net weight of 5,860,232 pounds, were exported from Mexico through the port of Nogales. This exportation showed considerable increase over the exportation of last year, which amounted to 196 carloads, having a net weight of 4,280,619 pounds. While passing out at this port, these tomatoes were not raised in this consular district, but were raised in the vicinity of Los Mochis, in northern Sinaloa, and were all exported to the United States in order to supply the demand for early tomatoes in the Northern market. The tomato crop from the west coast of Mexico began to move through this port as early as December 15, and during the season the shipments went principally to New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Kansas City, Seattle, Denver, Los Angeles, San Francisco, Salt Lake City, Portland, Ore.; Houston, Tex.; Omaha, Memphis, Spokane, Little Rock, El Paso and St. Louis.

OLD CITY HALL NOVELTY SHOP
89c Special 89c
We are offering a GUARANTEED WATCH in Nickle or Gun Metal finish at 89c the equal of ANY of the $1.00 KINDS on the market.
Pocket Lighters 25c, 50c, $1.00.
Extermina.
This preparation for getting rid of RATS which we advertised last week is proving itself to be all we claimed for it. IT CERTAINLY DOES THE TRICK and will save you money if the rats are destroying goods in your store or house.
Gillette Safety Razors, $5.00, $6.00, $6.50.
DANIEL E. SULLIVAN,
PHONE 666.

Notice!
Canvass.

The Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport will be in session as a Board of Canvassers at their Chamber in the City Hall, on

OCTOBER 9th, 18th and 25th, 1912,

At 8 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of canvassing and correcting the WARD LISTS of voters in the several Wards, and on

OCTOBER 30th, 1912,

At 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of canvassing, correcting and completing the WARD LISTS of Voters in Newport, for the WARD MEETINGS to be holden on Tuesday the Fifth day of November, 1912.

Witness my hand,
F. N. FULLERTON,
City Clerk.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 and 7 Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

THE WEATHER.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—Forecast for Boston and vicinity—Fair and cooler tonight; Tuesday unsettled and cooler; moderate, westerly to northwesterly winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Fair weather prevails in all parts of the country and little rain has occurred during the past 24 hours. A depression overlies the lower St. Lawrence valley, with a reading of 29.38 inches at Father Point, Quebec. The lowest barometer reported on the Atlantic coast is 29.75 at Hatteras, N. C., indicating a disturbance off the coast. The temperature is lower, although not far from normal in the West and not quite so cold in the Northwest. In New York at 8 a. m. it was 62, Boston 60, Washington 66, New Orleans 72, Kansas City 46, and San Francisco 52.

J. W. Smith,
Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

	8 h	12 h	2 h
Temperature	59	66	67
Barometer	30.05	Lower	—
Wind	S W	S W	S W
Weather	Clear	Clear	Clear

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

Monday, October 7.
Sun rises 5 18. Sun sets 5 18.
Moon rises 2 01 a. m.
Day's length 11 hours 30 minutes.
Day's decrease 3 hours 40 minutes.
High water 4 35 a. m., 5 01 p. m.

Tuesday, October 8.
Sun rises 5 19. Sun sets 5 17.
Moon rises 3 18 a. m.
Day's length 11 hours 28 minutes.
Day's decrease 3 hours 42 minutes.
High water 5 24 a. m., 5 51 p. m.

Wednesday, October 9.
Sun rises 5 50. Sun sets 5 15.
Moon rises 4 33 a. m.
Day's length 11 hours 25 minutes.
Day's decrease 3 hours 45 minutes.
High water 6 11 a. m., 6 40 p. m.

Moon's Phases.

New moon Oct. 10th 8:38 a. m.
First quarter Oct. 17th 3:03 p. m.
Full moon Oct. 25th 9:27 a. m.
Last quarter Nov. 1st 10:25 p. m.

NEW TODAY.

[Only first insertions listed here.]

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H. F. Rooney—"Step In"	9
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Coronet Cornell—Notice	10
Providence Telephone Co.	2
For Rent—Furnished Flat	9
For Sale—Working Horse	9
J. A. Eddy—R. I. Potatoes	3
To Let—Lower Tenement	9
W. C. Scott—Mince Meat	8
To Let—Upper Tenement	9
W. A. Maher—Touring Cars	7
A&P Tea Co—8 for 25c Sale	7
T. Peel Kault—Queen Olives	3
Wanted—Girl for Housework	9
The Century Store—Umbrellas	5
Wanted—Girl to do Housework	9
The Geo. A. Weaver Co—Bulbs	7
Sea Side Market—Green Peas	3
DeBois & Eldridge—For Rent	5
Wanted—Five Horses—Load etc.	9
Wanted—Place as Chambermaid	9
Wanted—Ladies to Make Neckwear	9
A. C. Titus Co.—Crawford Ranges	1
Middletown Citizens' Asso.—Meeting	4

TO INSURE INSERTION ON THE DAY DESIRED, CHANGES OF ADVERTISEMENTS SHOULD BE SENT IN THE NIGHT BEFORE. ADVERTISERS ON YEARLY CONTRACTS ARE ALLOWED TO CHANGE MATTER ONCE A WEEK WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

Fall Bargain.
For Sale—A cottage with desirable lot of land on Rosneath avenue.
HERBERT L. DYER,
162 Bellevue Ave., Branch Office, 64 Broadway

FOR SALE,
Near Broadway a modern cottage of seven rooms, house built about 10 years, steam heat, set tubs, modern plumbing, H. W. floors. Room on lot for another house. Price $5,500 and will loan $4,000 mortgage.
FOR RENT.
Lower apartment in two family dwelling, 27 Friendship street. House now being put in order. To small family only.
HENRY BULL COMPANY,
Insurance and Real Estate.
183 Thames Street.

Xenophon P. Huddy,
Attorney at Law
For
RHODE ISLAND and NEW YORK.
In Newport by Appointment.
New York Address, 50 Church St.

LINCOLN & TILLEY,
PLUMBERS
Personal Attention given to all work.
152 Spring St.
Telephone 863.
A. H. Lincoln. A. H. Tilley.

Studebaker
Farm Wagons, etc.
M. J. MURPHY, Tel. 220.

THOMAS MAGUIRE,
Mason Contractor.
All Kinds of Stone Work, Brick Laying, Plastering, Cement Work.
Expert on Drains.
25 Dean Ave. Tel. 1174.

MONUMENTS.
Marble and Granite Headstones
Cemetery Posts and Curbing,
Lawn Rollers and Land Markers
JACOB G. MOHR 88 Long Wharf.

H. L. MARSH CO.
GRAIN, HAY and FEED.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE.
I have a very pretty country property, with 8 room residence, hot water heating, large barn and brooder houses for chickens, 2 acres of land for $7,000. Can secure more acreage if desired. Inspection invited.
A. OLD TAYLOR,
Real Estate Agent, 122 Bellevue Ave.
NEWPORT, R. I.

BORN.

SHERMAN—In this city, 7th inst., a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Morris Sherman.

DIED.

BUSH—In Providence, 6th inst., Mary Hester Bush.
COLWELL—In Providence, 6th inst., Byron Henry Colwell, in his 38th year.
HAYWARD—In Providence, 6th inst., Benjamin F. Hayward, in his 75th year.
ARNOLD—In Warren, 6th inst., Mary H., widow of George W. Arnold, in her 81st year.
RIEDIT—In Pawtucket, 5th inst., Charles A. Riedt, in his 66th year.
RHODES—At Contoocook, 6th inst., Rebecca H., widow of James D. Rhodes, in her 63d year.
SUTCLIFFE—In Fall River, 5th inst., Keziah E. (Brown), widow of John R. Sutcliffe, in her 62d year.

Estate of John S. Langley, Undertaking.
16 Franklin Street.
FREDK E. LANGLEY, Mgr.
Telephones 879-1118.

SAMUEL W. MARSH,
Undertaker and Licensed Embalmer,
101 Thames Street.
Night-calls answered from residence 25 Cranston Ave. Office Tel. 923, Res. 1050.

Thames Street Corner for Sale,
Annual rental about $1,000, which is low for this property. Price $12,500.
COTTAGE, near Equality Park; 10 rooms, improvements; 5,000 sq. ft. land $5,650.
COTTAGE, near Training Station; 14 rooms, improvements; lot 50x80. Corner property. Ideal place for renting rooms. $6,000.
C. H. Wrightington, 30 Bellevue Ave.

IMPORTANT
We are showing a new line of Imported Novelty Pieces in Leather for Men and Women
Jewel Boxes, Photo Cases, Scarf Holders, Medicine Cases, Writing Pads, Drinking Cups, Flat Brush Sets, Bridge Sets, Sewing Sets, Coat and Pant Hangers, Glove and Handkerchief Sets, Bill Folds, Letter Cases, Collar and Cuff Bags, Tobacco Pouches, Shaving Sets Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Toilet Sets, Ladies' Hand Bags—in all the latest shades—Traveling Bags, Suit Cases and Trunks.
F. W. MERRILL,
118 BELLEVUE AVE.
Tel. 220

R. W. CURRY,
General Contractor,
41 Chapel Street.
Tel. 893.

POLL TAX NOTICE.

ALL VOTERS who have not been assessed a tax on either real or personal estate have been assessed

A POLL TAX OF $1.00,

and are hereby notified to call at this office (or send by mail) and pay the same between October 1st and November 1st, 1912.

The office will be open daily from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. (except on Saturday it closes at 12 noon) and evenings from October 25 to October 31, inclusive, from 7 to 9 o'clock.

Chapter 900, Sec. 1, of 1890, and Chap. 47, Sec. 6, of 1896, provide as follows:

If any person against whom a tax is assessed in accordance with the provisions of this chapter shall neglect or refuse to pay the same for thirty days after the same is due, the collector of taxes shall demand the same of such persons with twenty-five cents for the cost of such demand; and if any such person upon whom demand is made as aforesaid shall neglect or refuse to pay such tax, together with the cost of making such demand, within five days after the date of such demand, then the collector of taxes shall, unless said tax has been remitted as is hereinbefore provided, levy upon the body of such person and commit him to jail in the county of Providence, there to remain until he shall pay such tax and all legal costs, including cost of making the demand as aforesaid, or be discharged therefrom in due course of law.

The Supreme Court of the State has recently rendered an opinion sustaining this law in every particular.

E. W. HIGBEE, Collector of Taxes.
Room 10, City Hall.

NOTICE.

Newport, R. I., September 11, 1912.

To the Stockholders of the Union National Bank of the City of Newport, R. I.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of Stockholders has been called and will be held at 11 o'clock, A. M., on Wednesday, the 16th day of October, 1912, at the banking office of The Union National Bank in the City of Newport, No. 260 Thames Street, Newport, R. I., to vote upon a resolution to place said Bank in voluntary liquidation pursuant to Sections 5220 and 5221, United States Revised Statutes, to take effect upon such date as may be fixed, and upon a resolution to ratify any action of the Board of Directors of said Bank in the premises preliminary to liquidation, and upon such other matters as may be brought before said meeting.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
WILLIAM A. COGGESHALL,
Cashier.

J. Joseph M. Martin,
MASON CONTRACTOR.
Mason Work in all its Branches.
Brick Work, Cement Work, Tiling, Plastering, etc.
Plastering, etc. Tel. 1175.

AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT.

Stephen Healy, a Lad, Struck by Machine Near Underwood Court, on Thames Street.

There was an automobile accident Sunday evening, the results of which are yet uncertain, as the patient is at the Newport Hospital, suffering from a variety of injuries and the physician who has charge of the case is unable to say that the injuries are or are not serious. It happened near Underwood court, on Thames street, about 9 o'clock. Stephen Healy, aged 9 years, residing with his father, John Healy, on Underwood court, ran across the street and was struck and knocked down by a passing automobile, which kept on. Officer Taylor was attracted by the cry to look out and ran to the scene, but the lad had been picked up by a girl. He was injured about the face and head and the physician deemed the lad's condition such that it was best to send him to the hospital.

The report that the automobile, 4430 R. I., did not stop was unfavorably commented on, but this morning James Eldis, chauffeur for Mr. Grenville Kane, in whose name car 4430 is registered, called at the police station and said that if his car struck any one on Thames street Sunday night he did not know it. This explains why the automobile was not stopped. The chauffeur said some one had told him of the reported accident and he at once went to the station to state his side of the case.

NEWPORTERS AT BRISTOL.

Miantuck Tennis Club Members Play Several Matches at the Excelsior Club.

A number of members of the Miantuck Tennis Club went to Bristol Saturday and played several matches with members of the Excelsior Tennis Club. In one Miss Molly Hammill, the woman champion of Bristol, defeated Miss Marian Dowling of Newport, 6-3, 6-4, and in another Miss Julia P. Brown of Newport beat Miss Church of Bristol, 6-2, 7-5. Mr. H. G. Shannon of Newport and Mr. R. W. Nelson of Bristol played two sets, each winning one, and the match was called off on account of darkness.

The Bristol players will come to Newport on some Saturday before the season is closed, and on this occasion Mr. J. S. Brown, Jr., champion of the Miantuck club, will play Mr. Nelson, who is champion of the Bristol club.

SCARF PIN FOR FORMER SUPERINTENDENT COLE.

At the session of the Bible School of the Second Baptist Church Sunday, Mr. Charles M. Cole, who recently retired from the superintendency after a service of 16 years, was presented with a gold scarf pin, set with diamonds, as a mark of appreciation of his services. The presentation was made in behalf of the school by Rev. Franklin G. McKeever, D. D., pastor of the church.

CRUICSHANKS INQUEST OPPENED

An inquest into the cause of the death of James F. Cruicshanks, who died recently at the Newport Hospital following an automobile accident, was begun Saturday afternoon by Coroner Andrew K. McMahon, assisted by Colonel Frank P. King as recorder. Mr. Augustus Jay, who was driving the automobile which collided with the motorcycle on which Mr. Cruicshanks was riding, testified at the opening session. The inquest is conducted privately.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Admiral Watson and family went from Jamestown to New York today.

—Mr. A. M. Mortimer, who has occupied Stone Acrew III return to Pittsburgh tonight.

—Mrs. William W. Child of Springfield, Mass., is visiting Mrs. Louis H. Scott on Friendship place.

—Mrs. Peter Gillis has returned from Chelsea, Mass., where she went to attend the funeral of her brother-in-law, Mr. Frank Hagan.

—Mrs. Herman Oelrichs, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Wilson, Miss C. O. Jones and Miss Appleton went to New York today. Captain and Mrs. Berrien went to New Haven.

—The three Brennan Brothers, who were at a local theatre last week, were while here guests of their cousin, Mrs. Sullivan, on Levin street. They are also cousins of Mr. A. J. Bullett.

—Bishop Evans Tyree and his daughter are guests until Thursday of Rev. and Mrs. T. W. Henderson, D. D., at the Mt. Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church parsonage.

—Master Willie Langley, son of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Langley, was operated upon for appendicitis Saturday. Th doctors feel that the case was taken in time and that recovery will be rapid.

—A construction gang of the Bay State Street Railway Company arrived this morning and began work on the alterations which are to be made to the waiting room building at the corner of Spring and Franklin streets.

—Mr. Booker T. Washington, president of Tuskegee Institute, was in Newport for a short time Saturday afternoon in the interest of the school. He was guest of Dr. Marcus F. Wheatland, who took him for an automobile ride about the city, and left in the evening for New York.

—J. B. Parsonage & Son have sold for George Gordon King lot. No. 36, plat No. 1, Wilbur Farm tract, bounded north on Atlantic street, east on land of Nicholas and Laura King, south on land of Mary E. Voigt and west on other land of the grantor. The purchaser is Charles Leroy Grinnell.

—Rev. James DeNormandie, D. D., pastor of the First Church in Roxbury, Mass., who has frequently preached at the Channing Memorial Church in this city, observed Sunday the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination to the Unitarian ministry. He has been minister of the Roxbury church 29 years.

—Prince Mahodil of Siam and 65 other cadets, together with 10 officers of German cruiser Victoria Louise, went Saturday to New York to see the sights in the big city. They are at Hotel Astor. This was done two or three years ago, when a German cadet ship came to Newport. The prince has a brother who is an officer in the German army.

—Sergeant Schneider of the police force went to New York Sunday night on his annual vacation. It seems a coincidence that the world's series begins this week, but "Jon" has always managed to have his vacation come when the series is on. Sergeant Leary is now doing day desk work. Officers Casey, Shea and Loughlin are also on their annual vacations.

—Mr. Henry W. Clarke, the veteran school teacher, delivered an excellent discourse Sunday at the Walter Lowrie Club, on "Masters, Good and Bad." He pointed out some of the common bad masters and spoke of the servants of drink. Next Sunday the club will hold its annual memorial service, showing pictures of departed members. Rev. Joseph Cooper is expected to deliver the address.

MISCELLANEOUS BUSINESS.

Grand Jury Charged and Cases on the Docket Assigned.

Several Brief Hearings at Opening Session of Superior Court.

Judge Baker opened the October session of the superior court for Newport county this morning. There was not a very large attendance of spectators, but the bar was well represented. Several lawyers from out of town were present.

Assistant Attorney General Phillips was here for the state and examined the candidates for grand jury duty. The following were called, 22 responding: William Quigley, Jr., Edward W. Openshaw, Thomas G. Owen, Edmund S. Burdick, Vittorio Ruggeri, Charles F. Kautl, William L. Ewart, Daniel J. Buckley, Edward J. Vallelly, Edward A. Keating, William F. Gratrix, Adolph Rosen, Frank S. Hazard, Newport; Amos L. Peckham, Jamestown; Robert H. Manchester, William J. Brown, Portsmouth; John A. Wilcox, Charles H. Cory, Tiverton; Francis L. Tripp, Samuel S. Sisson, Little Compton, Samuel Martin Rose, Ray G. Lewis, New Shoreham; James R. Chase, 2d., Middletown.

Mr. Owen was not sworn. Mr. Ruggeri could not speak English very well, he said, and did not think he was qualified for a "grand jurie;" he did not wish to serve. The court asked some questions and reserved decision. Later he decided to retain the jurors. Frank S. Hazard had not paid his tax and was not accepted. Amos L. Peckham was appointed foreman.

Judge Baker then charged the grand jury, taking a historic vein. The proclamation for justices of the peace to come in is now a mere form, as their jurisdiction is no more. So, too, the function of the grand jury is not what it was in olden times, but it is an important one. Jurors receive protection from the state and are called upon to perform certain duties, return. Jury duty is one of these.

The court then explained this duty. Presumably, under the law, "you are a choice body of men. Not everybody is qualified to be a juror. The Board of Aldermen is required to select men of good character, good judgment, men "without exception," to serve as jurors. "If you disregard your oath you are not good jurors; not good citizens."

The veteran Romes escorted the grand jury to its chamber at 11:50.

The attorney general's docket is in order next Monday, and Wednesday he will be here to meet counsel if any desire to meet him.

Cristina A. Gadsby vs. William Gadsby, a divorce matter, was called up. Mr. J. A. Sullivan asked for a bill of particulars. Mr. Phillips, for petitioner, said instances of drunkenness and cruelty were numerous; he would do as well as he could. Petitioner is now receiving an allowance and Mr. Sullivan asked for trial this term. Following some argument the court decided that a divorce case must be heard in his own county.

Judge Burke had a motion to dismiss a probate appeal for want of jurisdiction. He had given no notice and the matter went over temporarily.

In May V. Littlefield vs. Edwin G. Littlefield. Mr. Harvey, for petitioner, was given a final decree for divorce.

Alfred C. Cornelius vs. Frank L. Tallman. Was entered discontinued.

Cases were set for trial as follows:

Henry Bull, Jr., vs. Christopher E. Champlin, October 18.

Alexander Nicol vs. Thomas Glover, October 15.

Rhode Island Loan & Investment Company vs. Julius Mitchell, October 10.

C. Leroy Grinnell vs. Elsie French Vanderbilt, October 18.

Alexander Nicol vs. James F. Casey, October 16.

H. C. Arnold & Co. vs. Samuel Lack et al., October 21.

Sullivan Brothers vs. Elizabeth F. Mohr et al., October 15.

F. Courtland Van Horne vs. Maxwell Sales Company, October 22.

Herbert C. Almy vs. Alfred A. Peckham, October 22.

Charles C. White vs. Simon Swig, December 4.

Hiram Jones vs. Mary Ray, October 17.

Catherine M. Turner vs. Mary A. Galvin et al. (conditionally), October 21.

Joseph Sullivan vs. Thomas Barton, October 16.

In Walmsley et ux. vs. Charles E. Manchester et alios, decree pro confesso was denied, answer having been filed.

In Michael Sweeney vs. George H. Brow a stipulation is filed and a brief hearing is in order, October 24.

Mr. MacLeod took up the case of Elsie L. Arnold vs. The Doctor Bates Sanitarium Company, on demurrer. Mr. Walsh was here to represent plaintiff, defendant assumed care of her; that it is alleged that plaintiff was temporarily wholly deranged, mentally, and she was left wholly unattended and escaped from her window, dropping to the ground and breaking her ribs. Mr. MacLeod, for defendant, claimed that the declaration is not of sufficient clearness to appraise defendant whether it must defend for breach of contract or under the general law as to its duties. Mr. Walsh said Dr. Bates was informed that this woman had a mania to leave her room by the window, and the declaration alludes to this; that she was put in a room on the second floor of an annex; left locked in her room, unattended, and raised the window and went out of it. He claimed the declaration good as it stands. Decision reserved.

In Zilpha E. Downing vs. Robert M. Franklin, admr., there was a brief hearing. The case has to do with the estate of Lorenzo D. Tallman, a decree having been issued to Judge Franklin, June 10, 1912, granting leave to sell real estate to pay debt. Appeal was taken by Zilpha E. Downing, a creditor, but long after the proper time. No notice was given Judge Franklin of today's motion. He asked that the appeal be dismissed. Mr. Levy defred Mr. Peate, "the Moving Attorney," to be heard from He wa not present to move. The court asked if Mr. Levy had anything to say. He said the administrator had not obeyed the order of the probate court of Portsmouth to file a bond. Judge Franklin said he filed a bond, with John T. Gardner as surety, it appeared that this was not a point mentioned in the reasons of appeal. The hearing was not completed.

Mr. Walsh wished to have entered a discontinuance of the divorce case of Clarence Clarke Alger vs. Henrietta Murberg Alger. Mr. Levy, for respondent, objected. He said there was an order for petitioner to pay an allowance to respondent. The court asked if there were any cross-petition or motion for relief. There was none. The order to pay an allowance was merely "pendente litem." The respondent's common law rights to support are not affected. The court allowed the discontinuance and it dates from June 17.

Kingman vs New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company was continued to November 4. A recess to 2:15 was taken.

FALL STYLES

In Superb Millinery.

The newest Paris and New York models faithfully reproduced, and decidedly clever creations that exemplify the reigning styles.

A wide selection of ideas and designs; especially prominent among the shapes are the Postillion, Colonial, Quaker Sailors and the latest large drooping brim effects.

Hats of fine erect pile velvet, handsome velours and imported felts in a bewitching array of new colors and shapes.

A noteworthy collection awaits you.

Prices Ranging from $5 to $60.

DOWNING'S, 191-193 Thames Street.

A COMBINATION TICKET.

Chester B. Tallman for Senator, with Representatives Not Yet Named.

Progressives and Democrats to Endorse Each Other's Nominations for the Assembly.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the Progressive Club of Newport Saturday evening Chester B. Tallman was selected as the candidate for senator from this city. Candidates for representatives in the General Assembly in the three districts now represented by Republicans—the First, Second and Third—were considered but no decision was made, the committee expecting to complete its labors in this particular this evening.

It is the plan, which will also be followed throughout the state, for the Progressives to make nominations for the Assembly in every city and town in the state now represented by a Republican senator and in every district now represented by a Republican in the lower branch, with the understanding that the Democrats will endorse these. In return the Progressives will endorse the Democratic candidates in the cities, towns and districts represented by Democrats this or last year, and also in districts where the vote is close.

Under this agreement the Republicans nominated for senator and the Republican nominees in the First, Second and Third districts in Newport will be opposed by nominees of the Progressives, whom the Democrats will support, while in the Fourth and Fifth districts, which are now represented by Democrats, the Progressives will endorse the Democratic candidates. If the plan is fully carried out the Progressives will name candidates for senators and representatives in all the towns of Newport county and the Democrats will support these.

The plan for a combination of the Progressives and Democrats in the state on the legislative nominations was made known Saturday afternoon after the meeting of the Democratic state central committee in Providence, which had been called to listen to the report of the special committee appointed to consider legislative nominations. This committee met with a similar committee from the Progressive party, and the Democratic state central committee consented to the agreement.

It is estimated that, according to the terms of the agreement, the Progressives will make nominations in 56 and the Democrats in 44 districts. The Democratic leaders claim that it will result in changing the complexion of the next Assembly, basing their contention upon the figures of the last election. They say that in 1911 26 of their candidates were defeated by pluralities ranging from 5 to 109 votes. These pluralities, they think, can be easily overcome, at least in many cases, by the Progressive endorsement. They also figure that with the Democratic support in many other districts the Bull Moose party will be able to elect its candidates and in this way a combination will be formed which will control the coming Assembly.

ROGERS 1912 CLASS ELECTIONS.

The class of 1912, the graduating class at the Rogers High School, met for the first time this year, this afternoon, with President Albert Knox in the chair. The following elections took place:

Class Poet—Richmond Brooks Barrett.

Class Historian—Miss Emily C. Campbell.

Class Prophetess—Miss Susan H. Sherman.

Prophetess on the Class Prophetess—Miss Anna M. Congdon.

Class Artist—Miss Florence Swenson.

STEAMER ARRIVED.

New York, Oct. 7, Minnetonka from London.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC. AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

NEWPORT OPERA HOUSE. Calm & Cross Co. Mgrs. A Great Play From a Great Book. TUESDAY, Oct. 8 One Night Only.

A Dramatization of Robt. W. Chambers' Sensational Novel,

The Common Law.

MOUNTED FROM DRAWINGS BY CHARLES DANA GIBSON AND PRESENTED WITH A PERFECT CAST OF PLAYERS.

Prices $1.50, $1.00, 75c, 50c, 25c. Seat Sale Saturday, 10 A. M. Orders must be called for before 7.

NEWPORT GREEKS TO GO.

No Less Than 100 Will Answer the Summons to War.

Official Notice Received and Preparations Already Being Made.

No less than 100 Newport Greeks will answer the summons to return home and fight in the event of war, which is now hovering over the Balkan States. Official notice o fthe royal decree has been received here by Mr. A. B. Cascambas, president of the Pan-Hellenic Union in Newport, and a call has been issued for a public meeting of all the local Greeks. Of course the official summons did not come as a surprise, for both the Greek and English papers have been full of accounts of the approaching war, and the preparations being made in this country.

Many Greeks, not only in this state but throughout the country, have made preparations for leaving for Greece today on board steamship Madonna, which sails from New York for Naples. Failure to respond within three months will result in punishment if the offender ever returns to Greece. The royal decree reads as follows:

"Effective from midnight of September 17 are called for service those who served from 1909 to 1909 inclusive, also all those belonging to the First, Second, Third and Seventh military departments and those belonging to the national guard serving from 1905 to 1909 inclusive, as dalso those who were called in 1911 and 1912."

Of course as far as the Greeks in this country is concerned this royal decree has only the effect of a call for volunteers from the classes named, but failure to respect the same will result in any man being arrested on his return to Greece at any future time, while it will also mean that he will lose all consular rights in this country.

Appended to the decree is a notification that business men whose activities are such that they cannot respond at once to the decree will be excused for the time being if they appear before the consul and obtain a certificate of delay. Outside of this class every one is expected to return at once.

STOP IN.

Something Marked Down Every Day.

New Fresh Goods.
New Reed Birds.
New Goose.
New Ducks.
New Turkeys, Large and small.

—AT—

HENRY F. RODNEY,'S 251 Thames St.

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
Is especially adapted for mailing.

A Beautiful Solid Mahogany Bedroom Suit

Now in our Show Window.

It is made of sound wood, carefully joined, polished and rubbed till the surface is hard and easily kept clean. You who appreciate good furniture will find pleasure in examining this artistic suit—and the price will interest you.

WALSH BROS.

220-222 Thames Street.

INSTRUCTION.

MISS WINIFRED M. STINNER,
TEACHER OF PIANO.
32 Pelham St., Newport, R. I.

Classes for Instruction in Dancing
Builders and Merchants' Hall, Mondays. Children's class at 6:30. Adults' class at 7:30.
MR. and MRS. JOHN DUGAN.

Mrs. T. W. Freeborne,
228 SPRING STREET.
TEACHER OF PIANO.
Telephone 1537.

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ENTHUSIASTIC
About our latest pattern in sterling silver,
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Come and see it.
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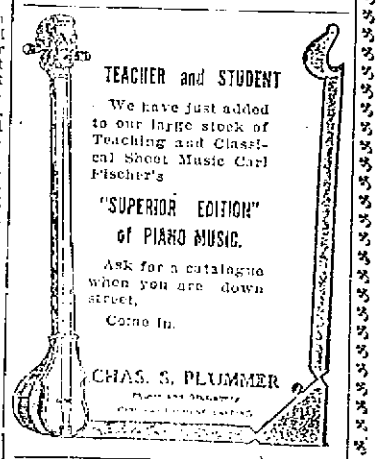

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HIGH GRADE OILS.
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NUN-BET-ER Lubricating Oil,
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Cheaper Oils.
KINSLEY'S WHARF. Telephone

OCTOBER.
"When the frost is on the pumpkin and the fodder's in the shock," you can't depend on outdoor nature for flowers.
You CAN depend on US though.
H. J. HASS & SON,
196 Thames St.
Tel. 214.

Automobile Tires.
Inner Tubes Vulcanized
Lindsay Gas Lights and Fixtures
C. J. SWENSON'S BICYCLE SHOP,
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

THE CURRENT TOPICS CLUB
ANNOUNCES
A Lecture by
Prof. BLISS PERRY
of Harvard University
—ON—
"Literary Fashions."
R. H. S. Hall, 4:30 P. M., October 9.
Tickets 50c. On Sale at the Woman's Exchange.

Roller Rink
Now Open.
Three Sessions Daily.

ANTIQUES.
MISS LAWTON'S, 47 BRIDGE ST.
One Ten Set of Sunderland Rose Luster, odd Plates in Canton blue, Staffordshire and Lowestoft, Candlesticks, Fire Sets and one Old Desk with brass trimmings.
Telephone 2160. Hours 10 to 5.

A New Line of
TRUNKS
Just In.
$2.50 to $18.00.

GRATRIX,
96 BROADWAY.

New Wall Paper
Our new line is now complete in all styles and grades. Chambrays, papers with cretonnes to match. Crown papers and cut out borders.
Special attention is called to our inexpensive chamber papers in florals and stripes.
JOSEPH GRAHAM,
68-7 Spring Street, Mayer Building
Largest Wall Paper House in Town.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS.
Is especially adapted for mailing.

THE REAL THING
"TRIPLICITY"
A Jolly Chart Game.
Will tell your fortune as well as any astrologer or gypsy.
Produces more real good fun at a party than anything known.
You can play Solitaire by the hour. Always something new.
Price with Book 50c.
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167 THAMES STREET.

New Pack Peas.
AMCEHAT EXTRA SIFTED,
per can, 18c;
per doz. - $2.10
Noreca Early June,
per can, 11c;
per doz., - $1.30
ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT CO,
2 Washington Square.

FRED W. LAWTON,
SUCCESSOR TO
BURLINGAME & CARRY,
259 Thames St. Tel. 193.
RASPBERRIES,
Comice Pears, Persimons,
Alligator Pears, New Figs,
Seckle Pears, New Dates,
Grapes, Peaches,
French Chestnuts

Hairdressing, Manicuring & Face Massage
By Experts at Moderate Prices
The King-McLeod Co.

Only the Best Finds a Place in Our Hair Goods Dept.

In this department you will also find everything in the way of up-to-date Hair Goods of the very best quality.

Here are a few of our good values.

A Lot of New Switches Underpriced.

This lot just arrived. They all have an unusually soft, fluffy wave that mixes in with one's own hair so naturally that all the new, gently undulating coiffures for the Fall season can be arranged without the slightest appearance of artificiality.

69c FOR REGULAR $1.00 SWITCHES, made of soft, natural wavy hair, full 18 inches long, full assortment of shades except grey and white.

$1.39 FOR REGULAR $2.00 SWITCHES, full 22 inches long, made of natural wavy, fine hair, full assortment of shades, except grey and white.

$2.39 FOR USUAL $3.00 SWITCHES, full 24 inches long; the best length for the new styles; made of fine, natural wavy hair, in most shades except grey and white.

$3.89 FOR USUAL $5.50 SWITCHES, full 28 inches long. Switches of equal length and weight are seldom if ever sold elsewhere at this price, even as specials. Good assortment of shades.

BOSTON STORE

LAST DAY OF PREPARATION.

Red Sox Spend Morning in Practice Before Leaving for New York.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—The Red Sox tried their batting eyes and their fielding ability in light practice at Fenway Park this morning, prior to their departure this afternoon for New York. It was their last day of preparation for the world championship base ball series with the New York Giants, with whom they will come to grips in the opening game tomorrow. The players went through the morning's work in a happy mood, which to the lay observer gave little indication that they were only a day removed from the tension of a world series battle.

Observers regarded this fine mental condition as in keeping with their physical form. Not one player has an ailment and as a team the Red Sox are regarded as physically fit. Gardner's injured finger has come around in good shape, as his playing in Philadelphia Saturday indicated. Carrigan's split finger has also healed. These are the only two players who have been hampered of late by injuries. The Red Sox bid fair to go into the world's series with the same fortunate lack of handicaps on account of illness or injury which marked their season's play.

The departure of the team marks the beginning of the shuttle-like movement of players, spectators and newspaper men between Boston and New York during the week or more of the series. A large number of local enthusiasts purchased tickets for the 1 o'clock train and thousands of others planned to give up their luncheon hour or forsake business for a time to give the Red Sox a rousing send off.

ailment and as a team the Red Six are their morning practice, many of these who will be spectators of the games here were lined up outside Fenway Park to secure their allotment of reserved seat tickets. More than half the 15,000 reserved tickets had been distributed when the windows opened this morning. It was expected few would be left when they close this afternoon. Efforts of the speculators to secure reservations for the local games have been frustrated this far, club officials believe. Street sales have been few and far between and speculators have only offered one or two tickets, where in former years they have had almost as many hundreds. The prices vary but the average for the three game tickets is about $20.

CROWDS OF EAGER FANS.

Thousands Anxious to Buy Tickets to the Opening Game in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—While the police of both cities will probably be heavily burdened in handling the great crowds at the world's series base ball games in Boston and New York this week, the situation in the metropolis bids fair to develop the hardest day's work of its kind that the New York bluecoats have ever had. In Boston the majority of those attending the games have secured their admission cards several days in advance, whereas in New York, as an experiment to beat the ticket scalpers' game, the innovation of selling practically all tickets on the grounds on the days of the games is to be tried.

In last year's world series contests, when most of the tickets had been placed in advance, there was still a crowd of 100,000 persons at the gates on the day of the opening game, more than half of whom failed to make their way inside. This year, with the "first come first served" plan in force, it is estimated that twice last year's crowd will be attracted by the possibility of numbering among those served. The police have taken into account the possibility of an unprecedented crush, for it is already apparent that many extreme fans plan to bivouac all night about the grounds, if not actually start some of the waiting lines. They will wait until 10 a. m., however, before having so much as a sight of the coveted tickets, and will be required, as served, to pass directly into the stands, with a restless wait until 2 o'clock for the big game to start.

There are 21 ticket offices at the Polo Grounds, before which the various waiting lines will form, probably long before daylight. Over 30,000 tickets are to be sold through these offices. Although nearly as large a crowd has been handled in this way at ordinary games, at these times there were never more applicants than could be accommodated. At the present estimate there will be from four to six times this number storming the grounds tomorrow.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Commander and Mrs. E. S. Kellogg are at the Swinburne cottage, Greenough place.

—Mrs. Edward J. Berwind will go to New York Tuesday, sailing Saturday for Europe.

—Mrs. Richard Gambrill will go this week to Lenox, where she will be guest of Mrs. William D. Sloane.

—Mr. Reginald C. Vanderbilt is visiting his mother, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, at "The Breakers."

—Mr. Sidney Herbert, son of Lady Herbert, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, at "Ochre Court."

—Mrs. Deborah Child, who is with her elder daughter, Mrs. Ralph Kauli, has been ill the past week with an attack of malaria.

—Mrs. Wirt Dexter is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stanley McCormick, at the d'Hauteville cottage and will remain until the end of the month.

—The Young Men's Republican Club has endorsed the candidacy of Mex Lovy for re-election to the General Assembly from the Third representative district.

—Mr. William Grosvenor and his sister, Miss Rose Phinney Grosvenor, accompanied the latter's fiance, Mr. George Peabody Gardner, Jr., to Boston Saturday, returning to "Roslyn" Sunday.

—Mr. Walter Ruel Cowles, formerly of St. George's School, assumed his duties Sunday as organist and choirmaster of Trinity Church. Mr. Cowles, who is at present a professor in the department of music at Yale University, will spend Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday in Newport each week.

—Mrs. Herman F. Peckham, who with her daughter, Miss May Peckham, has been spending the sum mbetarre etaol been spending the summer at her bungalow at Gales Ferry, Conn., returned last week to arrange her affairs in Newport for the permanent transfer of her residence to Connecticut. She expects to leave this week with her daughter.

—Mr. W. DeForest Manice, who was guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hayward Ferry, parents of his fiancee, Miss Harriet Ferry, at "Edge Hill" for Sunday, returned to New York with Mr. Ferry in the evening. Mrs. Ferry and Miss Ferry will close their Newport season Tuesday, going to Lenox before returning to New York for the winter. The marriage of Miss Ferry to Mr. Manice will probably take place in Newport next summer.

CLARK'S FRIENDS DID IT.

Too Much Noise Prevented the Speaker From Being Nominated.

Monorail Car to be Run to Office Building—Republicans Trying to Save the Senate.

[Washington Correspondence of The News.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—There are friends of Champ Clark who believe he would have been the Democratic nominee for President of the United States had it not been for the noise and violence of his friends. When Charles F. Murphy cast the 90 votes of New York for Clark at Baltimore the Speaker's friends made such a demonstration as frequently happens in national conventions. They pawed the air, waved flags, tore up state standards, marched about the hall, brought in huge banners—in fact, they did everything that is supposed to start a stampede for a popular candidate. But stampedes are not made by any such forced and prepared methods. It was plain to be seen that two or three minutes would have exhausted the real applause. But the wild element, the "Johnny boys rush brigade," the mobs in the galleries and surrounding the delegates, and many of the delegates themselves, kept it up, as though it was helping Clark.

That demonstration was prolonged to such an extent that it gave the friends of William J. Bryan time to run over to the hotel, wake him up, tell him all about it while he was dressing and get him into the convention hall before another ballot was taken. Then history was made. There in the dead of night Bryan forced the convention to hear him when he had his name called to vote. He put "the Indian sign" on Champ Clark, declaring that he would support no man nominated with the help of New York and broke his instructions to vote for Clark. Others followed him, and Clark's chances began to fade.

Had the demonstration lasted but a few minutes and the balloting proceeded it is possible that a legitimate stampede might have been started for Clark. Some of the Underwood states might have broken. The Harmon votes in Ohio might have gone to Clark, but, what is most important, the Western men would not have become scared and uneasy over Bryan's position, and Clark might have been nominated before Bryan could have stated his position.

Senators who have been riding from the office building to the Senate will this winter ride in a monorail car instead of the electric automobiles which have been running through the tunnel. Elliott Woods, the superintendent of the Capital, has been installing the new process. It will be balanced by an overhead connection which will furnish the electric power. It is the intention to some time run a tramway all around the tunnel system of the Capitol.

"The Indian knew more about living outdoors than any other human being," remarked Wallace C. Spink of the Senate library. "I have recently returned from one of my camping trips and used the Indian tepee tent. It is better ventilated, resists the wind better and proves a good shelter. I find it better than any other.

"I did a little exploring for the Rhode Island historical Society this summer," continued Mr. Spink, "and found arrowheads, tomahawks, axes and a pot of clay paint which had been buried for 200 years. We found we could make use of the paint to decorate ourselves like Narragansetts, Connecticuts and other tribes which once inhabited that region."

There is a belief in several political heads that the Republicans will put forth their great effort in trying to retain control of the Senate, no matter what happens in other directions, this control to include regulars, insurgents, progressives, bull moosers or anything that will vote with the Republicans on most questions, more particularly the tariff after the fourth of March next.

On this account especial efforts have been put forth in Maine to elect a Republican in place of a Democrat. It will be repeated in West Virginia. In New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts and other states where there is the possibility of electing a Democratic legislature especial efforts are to be made to save enough members to hold the Senate seat. The Senate is well worth having, as it means a great deal in the way of control and patronage.

"I hear that the Democratic managers in New York are trying to carry Pennsylvania," remarked a Democrat from the South who did not conceal his feeling on the subject. "Talk about rainbow chasing," he added. "Why, that beats anything ever attempted. We all know that, whatever else happens, those Pennsylvania protectionists will win."

Arthur W. Dunn.

ON SECOND LAP OF TRIP.

President and Mrs. Taft to Reach Vermont During the Day.

DALTON, Mass., Oct. 7.—The President and Mrs. Taft, after spending Sunday at the home of United States Senator W. Murray Crane here, left early today on the second lap of their six-day automobile tour of New England. President Taft made a short address in front of the town hall, just before his departure. He spoke of the beauties of the Berkshire Hills and of Dalton and praised Senator Crane in high terms. The speech was heard by a crowd of townspeople.

The President arranged to stop in Brattleboro for luncheon and in Manchester, Vt., for dinner. Governor-Elect Allen M. Fletcher sent word to the President that he would meet him on the way to Manchester. Mr. Taft planned to visit Townsend, the birthplace of his father, during the day and to spend the night as the guest of Robert T. Lincoln, son of President Lincoln, in Manchester.

PROHIBITIONISTS INTERESTED.

Massachusetts Woman's Temperance Union Convention Opens.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—The interest of Prohibitionists in this state centered today in this city, where the opening session of the annual convention of the Massachusetts Woman's Christian Temperance Union was held. Executive meetings and business sessions commanded the attention of the delegates during the early hours of the convention. Later in the day Mrs. Katherine Lent Stevenson, state president, called the convention to order and delivered the opening address. The sessions end Wednesday and on the following day the delegates plan to start for Portland, Oregon, where the national convention is to be held.

ALBRO TAKES FIRST PLACE.

Providence Rifle Club Pulls Off Association Medal Match—The Weekly Shoot.

The Providence Rifle Club finally succeeded in pulling off the annual National Rifle Association medal match last week, after trying all the year to find a day when enough men would show up to make a match. The conditions call for 10 or more men of the club to shoot over the 200,300 and 500 yard course, 10 shots per man for record at each distance, the high total to receive the Association medal for the year.

After many postponements the match was finally shot Saturday and was close and interesting. Arthur Albro took first, beating out Brooks on the last shot fired; Spooner was also well up, shooting the best 500-yard score but being off on the 300. The last three men to fire were badly handicapped, as it was almost sundown when they were shooting: In fact, Norman had a race with the sun, the latter winning. The scores:

	200	300	500	Total
A. A. Albro	42	42	43	127
P. E. Brooks	43	40	42	125
F. D. Spooner	40	37	46	123
H. Chase	40	38	39	117
H. Powel	35	36	45	116
T. J. Biesel	39	38	38	115
W. Almy	35	36	40	111
W. Thurston	38	34	39	111
A. R. Anthony	34	42	32	108
B. Norman	31	29	25	85

The weekly match of the club was held Thursday evening and was won by Anthony with a good score. Brooks took the bull's-eye, after a close fight with Spooner and Thurston. Scores:

A. R. Anthony	237	234	471	
T. J. Biesel	240	227	467	
W. Almy	236	231	467	
P. E. Brooks	241	242	483	20
W. Thurston	236	223	459	
F. Spooner	231	222	453	

THE KAISER'S GIFTS MUST BE RETURNED.

Emperor William on leaving Switzerland, not only presented large bronze busts of himself to acting President Forrer and to M. Hoffman, the member of the federal council at the head of the Helvetian war department, but likewise bestowed decorations and orders of knighthood upon the principal officers of the Swiss army, and jeweled scarfpins, rings and sleeve links in addition thereto upon those who had been assigned to his immediate service during his three days' stay on Swiss territory.

Now Article 12 of the Swiss constitution runs as follows: "No members of the departments of the federal government, civil and military officials of the confederation or federal representatives or commissioners shall receive from any foreign government any pension, salary, title, gift or decoration. If such persons are already in the possession of pensions, titles or decorations, they must renounce the enjoyment of their pensions and the bearing of their titles and decorations during their continuance in office. No decoration or title conferred by a foreign government shall be worn in the federal army. No officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier shall accept such a distinction."

The Swiss law is, therefore, very explicit, and as it forms part and parcel of the constitution it cannot be altered save by means of an amendment of the latter, which requires the consent of every one of the cantons or autonomous states comprised in the confederation known as the Swiss republic.

Consequently, the recipients of the gifts of the emperor, from the president and his fellow co-equal members of the federal council, down to the privates who did sentry duty at the gates of the Rieter villa, at Zurich, where the Kaiser made his headquarters, will be obliged either to return the gifts of one kind and another which they have received from him or to immediately sever their connection with the service of the government.

FURNITURE.

Autumn and Winter Suitings now ready for inspection.
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Fur Coats remodeled, stoles and muffs remodeled and made to order.
All work done by hand, no machine used.
PINTO BROS.
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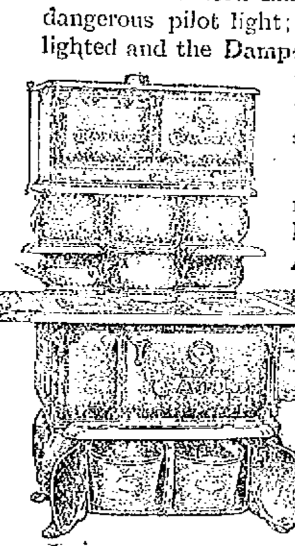
Cheapest because it contains more lime value than most other limes.
Will carry more sand per bbl. than any other lime.
Put up in 300 lb. barrels.

JOHN M. FRIEND,
Masons' Supplies, Drain and Sewer Pipe.
108 Third Street, Tel. 311.

Coal in Winter-Gas in Summer
Crawford Ranges

You need a coal range in Winter for kitchen warmth and for continuous hot water supply, but in Summer when you want a cool kitchen and less hot water a Gas range is the thing. You get *both* in the **Crawford Combination Range** and you get the *best* of each.

The Crawford **Gas Ovens** are *safe; explosions are impossible.* No dangerous pilot light; the oven door has to open before gas can be lighted and the **Damper** opens *automatically* with the oven door. In the End Ovens there is an extra set of burners at the top for broiling, which save the cook much stooping.



No coal range equals the Crawford with its money and labor saving improvements;—**Single Damper** (patented)—Scientific **Oven** heating flues—**Ash Hod** (patented), etc.

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100 Watt	Clear Globe	90c
100 "	Frosted Globe	97c
60 "	Clear Globe	60c
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40 "	Clear Globe	45c
40 "	Frosted Globe	49c
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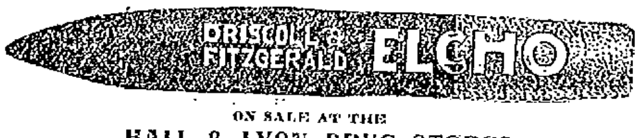
25 "	Frosted Globe	43c

J. T. O'Connell, 89 Long Wharf.

ELCHO TEN CENT CIGAR



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Our Price 7c or 4 for 25c
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The ELCHO has a filler of fine Havana tobacco, grown in the Santa Clara province of Cuba, the binder is from the famous South Windsor district of Connecticut, while the wrapper is chosen Sumatra. It is a combination assuring a mild, pleasant, enjoyable smoke—Havana sweetness without the heaviness of the imported cigar.
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AMERICAN PLAN.
Large Airy Well Furnished Rooms With Private Bath.
OPEN FOR SEASON JUNE 15.
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American Plan. Comfortable Rooms.
With or without Meals.
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Europe, Bermuda, West Indies or a special trip around the world. I can furnish you with tickets, travelers' checks, etc., for any trip anywhere.
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(In Effect Sept. 10, 1912.)
STEAMER CONANICUT.

Leave Newport for Jamestown and Saunderstown *6 30 a. m. *7 50 Mall, 8 50 Mall Sun., *9 50, 10 50 Mall, *11 a. m., 12 50 p. m., *1 50, 2 50 Mall, 3 50, *4 50 Mall, a *5 50, 6 50, 7 50, 8 50, b 10 00, b 11 10.

Leave Jamestown for Newport 6 00 a. m., 7 00, 8 20 Mall, 9 20, 10 20, 11 20 Mall, 12 20 p. m., 1 20, 2 20, 3 20 Mall, 4 20, 5 20, 6 20 Mall, 7 20, c 8 20 Mall Sun., b 9 20, b 10 30.

a Last trip connecting to Saunderstown.

b Discontinued on and after October 1 except Saturdays.

c 8 20 P. M. connects with New York boat at Long wharf every day.

* Connects to Fort Greble.

Office of N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. at Jamestown Wharf.

Stateroom lists discontinued after September 30, 1912.

STEAMER NARRAGANSETT.

Leave West Jamestown for Saunderstown *7 10 a. m., *8 10, 9 30, *10 30, 11 30, *12 30 P. M., 1 30, *2 30, 3 30, 4 30, *5 30, *6 30.

Leave Saunderstown for West Jamestown *7 40 a. m., *8 40, 9 50, *10 50, *11 50, *12 50 p. m., 1 50, *2 50, 3 50, *4 50, 5 50, *6 50.

* Connects to Fort Greble.

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TO NEW YORK.

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Lv. Newport, (L'ng wh)	Due New York, (G.C.Ter)	Lv. New York, (G.C.Ter)	Due Newport (L'ngwh)
Week Days only.		Week Days only.	
7:10 a.m.	2:00 p.m.	12:00 n't	7:05 a.m.
10:00 a.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:15 a.m.	12:50 noon
1:05 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	10:02 a.m.	3:55 p.m.
4:05 p.m.	11:00 p.m.	1:02 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
7:15 p.m	2:x05 a.m.	5:33 p.m.	10:45 p.m.
		12:00 n't	7:00* a. m.

x Har. River Sta. N. Y.
* Sundays only.

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Week days only Lv. Long Wharf, Newport, 11:15 a. m., due Block Island 1:15 p. m.; lv. Block Island 3:00 p. m., Lv. Newport 5:00 p. m. due Providence 6:15 p. m.

Tickets, etc. at City ticket office, 320 Thames St. and at Wharf Office. C. C. Gardner, Agent, Newport, R. I.

SHORT LINE —TO— PROVIDENCE —VIA— Newport & Providence Railway.

In effect Sept. 16th, 1912.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 a. m., to Bristol Ferry only 7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 a. m., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, p. m., 6:50, 7:50 p. m., to Union street, 8:50 p. m. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, a. m., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15.

9:10 from Bristol Ferry to Newport Theatre Trip leave Union Street 7:40; One Mile Corner, 7:55; arrive at Theatre 8:05 p. m.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 a. m., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50 p. m., 8:50 p. m. to Bristol Ferry; 10:30, 11:15 to Union Street.

Leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15, a. m., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, p. m. 9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square 7:00 a. m. then half hourly until 11:00 p. m.

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THE NEWPORT JOURNAL
is especially adapted for mailing.

HOTEL THORNDIKE BURNED.

[Continued from Tenth Page.]

day's work on guard, but would be given the rest they deserved.

The German sailors went ashore with canvas fire buckets, axes and other fire-fighting apparatus. They were of much service, ready and willing to do whatever they could be made to understand was desired of them. They did one thing which was rather unexpected. In Germany it is said that insurance from fire covers only the frame of a building, and not the wood finish, curtains, door frames and movable articles. The sailors, following apparently the German custom, when it was thought the Horgan cottage on the south might catch fire, began to strip the interior of its furnishings. They did not stop until they had removed wooden dreplace mantels, doors and door frames, window hangings, gas fixtures and practically everything movable, including a cooking stove and an enamel bathtub. Their kindly intentions at least were appreciated.

The Hotel Thorndike was owned by Mrs. Mary Horgan, wife of Patrick H. Horgan of this city. Mr. Horgan built the hotel 28 years ago., a year or two later enlarged it to its recent proportions, of five stories with the cupola, which has been a familiar mark to all who sailed on the bay. It covered the entire square fronting on Wolcott avenue, 200 feet, and was the largest hotel in this vicinity. Mr. Horgan had made many improvements to the building and last year expended a considerable sum in other changes. The past season had been one of the best in years. The value of the property is variously estimated at from $50,000 to $75,000, and the loss will be entire.

It is understood locally that Mrs. Horgan had no insurance except one policy to cover a mortgage of $5,000, and will receive nothing from this.

At Mr. Horgan's residence this morning it was positively stated that there was no mortgage on the hotel, or in fact on any of the Jamestown property of the family; hence there was no insurance. It was also said that the hotel will be re-built and work will be begun at once. The assertion was made that the hotel was used as a display stand for fireworks for the celebration of a wedding in Newport, the caretaker being persuaded to allow two unknown men on the roof with fireworks, to make a display for friends of Mr. Horgan.

In addition it is claimed that Mr. Horgan was forced to exercise himself to have the Newport department respond to the call and that there was unnecessary delay in transporting the apparatus to the scene. Mr. Horgan was informed that his property was on fire at 11:25 by the Newport Telephone Exchange, no one in Jamestown seemingly thinking he would like to know. He at once tried to have the Newport department called out, but failed to obtain satisfaction on the telephone. Then in his automobile he went out to find Mayor Boyle and Chief Kirwin, and it was by his efforts, it is claimed, that the alarm was sounded. Why it should have been practically 12:10 o'clock when the Conanicut arrived here for the engines, when she reached Jamestown at 11:30 and the fire was in full sway, the owners of the property will probably ask to have explained.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Horgan have gone to Jamestown today with a working party, for the purpose of putting in repair at once the cottage dismantled when the fire was at its height.

That the fire started in the cupola was perfectly evident to every one who was on the scene early, and it is generally believed that it started from red fire, used earlier in the night when the Conanicut left its dock. It is the custom to burn red fire to speed parting guests as the boat leaves. Ordinarily it is set off on the shore in front of the hotels, but the men on the boat and a few others on land saw red fire burning in the cupola balcony some one there using a red fire stick. It is believed that some of the burning chemical fell from the stick to the balcony floor and was not seen. This is what quite evidently caused the destruction, the fire igniting the woodwork and working its way into the building, the open stairways in the centre giving it opportunity to spread rapidly when once it had become fairly started.

The work of the Jamestown department is universally commended and Chief Engineer Tefft is receiving hearty congratulations on all sides for his skilful planning and carrying forward of his fight against large odds. He placed his men well in the early stages of the fire and the intelligent and willing work of all, both residents and strangers, prevented a more serious loss. The townspeople are appreciative of the assistance which came to them in many ways, and took every opportunity they could find to express that appreciation and their thanks to the sailors from the American and German vessels, the Training Station, the Newport fire department and the numerous volunteers who aided in many ways.

Many went from Newport to the scene during the fire in launches and tugs, in addition to those on the Conanicut. In the latter party were Mayor Boyle, Alderman Hughes, Sheriff King and members of the Newport city government. Officer Coggeshall also went, not in his official position, although in uniform. He was unable to return to the dock, where he aided in keeping back the crush at the Newport landing. When the boat started. He however, found opportunity to do something of an official nature in Jamestown.

The fire completely destroyed the telephone service of the Island. The summer Central is in the Gardner House and the trunk lines from the cable go up past the site of the burned building then turn the corner to a pole alongside, whence they are carried to Central under ground. There was about 300 running feet of trunk cables to be replaced, because the old cables had been melted away. Early Sunday morning Superintendent of Construction Christian, with a large repair gang, trucks and wagons, carrying all manner of materials, crossed the ferry and promptly went to work. The first thing done was to run some jury wires, and thus connect the pay station at Central with the Newport Exchange. This was accomplished before 10 o'clock, but the running of the two cables and connecting them was a greater task and the day was spent without completely restoring the service, though the

The fire gave an opportunity to show in these waters just what the navies of the world are doing in the case of fire in ports where they happen to be. No call was sent to the German visitors or the destroyer flotilla, but upon observing a big blaze fire parties were ordered away and hastened in their boats to the scene. The Germans were provided with canvas buckets and the American boys had their knowledge of how to use the wet blankets. The officers in charge reported to the local chief for orders, and then went to work to do the best they could with their forces in the saving of property. They responded because it is the universal custom the world over to offer such assistance.

The vantage points about the city where the crowds gathered to view the fire were too numerous to mention, but in many of them there was a perfectly unobstructed vision. By the aid of glasses one could follow the progress of the fire as it spread, and yet plainly see that it was being held from gaining a foothold on other buildings.

The occupant of one small cottage was greatly disturbed because Chief Tefft was concentrating his streams on the Gardner House until he could receive out-of-town assistance. When the men from the destroyer fleet arrived this cottage was one of those which he asked the sailors to look after and it is not even scorched; the paint is blistered, but that is all. The owner thoroughly approves the decision of the chief to try to save the hotel properties if it did mean the possible sacrifice of small cottages.

Newport sent more assistance in appearance than in reality, for Steamer 7 would not draw water from the bay and the town supply in the standpipe was sorely taxed and could not stand the draft of a steamer on it. Until the Inca arrived the local department was drawing on the hydrants to the extent of six streams, a seventh coming from their steamer on the dock. The three streams from the Inca were a great help and had there been hose enough there could have been three more just as powerful. Steamer 1 from Newport pumped two streams when she arrived, but the worst danger had then passed. The Jamestown department had out every particle of hose it could find, about 2,000 feet, and some of this was that used for flushing the sewers.

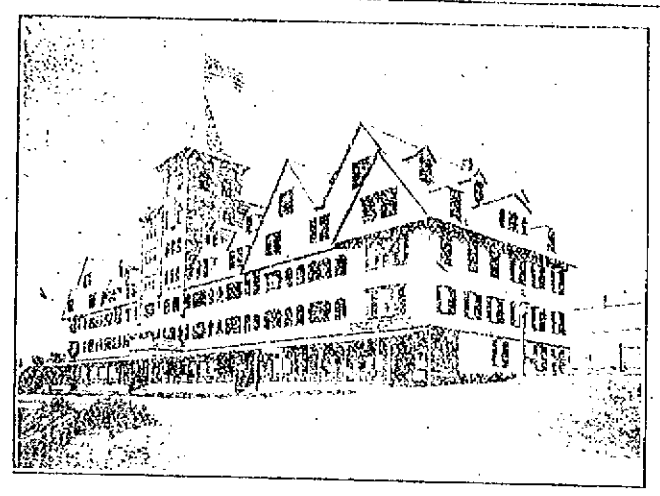
In the rear of the structure was the power house, where a large gasoline engine ran a dynamo, generating current for lighting the hotel and adjoining cottages. During the progress of the fire the men say they heard an explosion, and Sunday the dynamo was found to have literally blown itself to pieces. It is said that the heat might have done this. Fear was expressed frequently because of the presence of a gasoline tank, said to be buried near by, but this did not seem to be affected. During the past week work has been in progress on a foundation for a large garage close beside the rear part of the hotel. There has been a small one, which was to be included in the new one. The old one was not scorched.

When the north wall of the hotel fell it favored the firemen, as had the wind. Instead of falling straight out, it doubled up, the top going inward, and hence the burning frameworks was thrown but a short way towards the Gardner House. This wall, burned and broken so that it is not even kindling wood, is all there is remaining of the big hotel.

Hospital ship Solace, which was close off shore, was the first to send a party to the fire. It was not a fire-fighting expedition but was composed of medical and hospital forces, to render aid to the injured in case there might be such. Upon landing they reported their presence and were assigned a cottage, where they might make their headquarters and be found in case of need. They carried full kits to be used in almost any emergency which might arise. Happily they had nothing to do, the casualties so far as can be learned being only a burn on the hand of one fireman and a contusion on the head of another.

Captain Caperton of the Second Naval District, when he received the call for aid, ordered the Inca to respond with such hose and men as might be required. There were more volunteers than were needed, but the hose problem was not so easily handled. As the craft must land alongside a float at the Station it was impossible to drive the reels on the boat, and the unreeling of the hose and hauling it on board took more time that the Station officials feel should be the case, or would be if there were the slip for landing for which an appropriation has been made.

That but one building was burned was largely due to the sailors, as a large force of them was sent ashore. As soon as some were detailed to work the hose the others were deployed as skirmishers and began spreading out over the village, where the roofs were being threatened by brands. There seemed to be a easterly current of air above which carried sparks as far as the stand pipe, and had it not been for the sailors thus deploying many roofs would have burst into flame. The men generally wore their white hats and those who happened to look over the house tops say there were two or three of them on almost every roof, clambering about and brushing or stamping out the sparks as fast as they fell.



The Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

REAR OF CENTURY STORE.

Blaze in Old Stable Practically Wrecks Building, a Menace to the Neighborhood.

At 5 o'clock this morning an alarm was run from box 3, at the Old City Hall, for a fire in the rear of the new Century Store. A few minutes before Officers E. C. Sullivan and Boreson had discovered a smell of smoke and were on the lookout, and about the time some one shouted fire the blaze was located and Officer Boreson pulled in the box that calls out a large percentage of Newport business men. At the time the flames were just breaking through the roof, and when citizens awoke and looked out they saw a good-sized blaze in the sky. The autumn haze and the smoke from the cold storage plant combined to make the fire look much larger than it was.

It was in the small old stable, just in the rear of the Century Store and separated from it by a few feet of open way. The fire had caught in the upper north section and had broken through when the alarm was pulled in. It did not take the firemen long to put it out, though some hay and straw in the loft helped make the blaze spread fast.

The building is practically a wreck, but it cannot well be said there is any loss, for it was a menace to the neighborhood rather than of use. A few cases from the Century Store were in one part, while an old canoe, some unclaimed gravestones, old-fashioned mantles and other things saved for years and allowed to go to decay, were in another section. It is owned by the Sherman estate and what is left will be pulled down. Mr. W. E. Dennis, who owns on the other side of Dennis avenue, had already pulled down a similar structure on his land, as he considered it a menace to thep roperty.

It was light when the recall rang at 5:79, and those who were out had an opportunity to see the early morning hour of a fine fall day, with the haze rising from the ground and forming a sort of fog all over the city.

WILL TOUR NEW ENGLAND.

Ancient and Honorables Celebrate Annual Fall Field Day.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—A five days' trip through New England was started from here today by the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in celebration of its two hundred and seventy-fifth fall field day. A special train took 300 members of the company to Springfield, where they were guests of the Chamber of Commerce. Tomorrow the company leaves Springfield for Burlington, Vt., and Tuesday will visit Fort Ethan Allen and other places of interest in that vicinity.

ROCKEFELLER IN GOOD HEALTH.

Financier Says He Never Felt Better in His Life.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Disquieting rumors regarding John D. Rockefeller's health have been set at rest by his excellent appearance while in the village at church. When Rev. Arthur Brooks greeted his millionaire parishioner for the first time this fall, he asked after the oil man's health. Mr. Rockefeller gave him a hearty hand shake and replied: "Why, I never felt better in my life. I had a delightful summer and have come back to Tarrytown feeling as fine as a fiddle."

Mr. Rockefeller was so pleased with the sermon yesterday that he asked Mr. Brooks for a copy to take home to read to Mrs. Rockefeller.

"DEMOCRACY IN EUROPE."

[Samuel P. Orth, in North American Review.]

European democracy is social democracy because the social question is dominant, and the social question is dominant because labor has entered politics. In every European country a Labor party is organized. It is usually more or less "socialistic." But it does not disdain practical politics. It can forget the vagaries of Utopian economics in the ardor of the hour. These organized workmen have a most effective way of making themselves understood and feared. In France they have 120 members in the Chamber of Deputies. Their enthusiasm varies from the quixotic violence of the anarchistic Syndicalist to the cautious intellectualism of Millerand and Briand. In Belgium the Labor party dominates the Liberal element, and it does not hesitate to resort to the powder and cornstone argument to compel the old order to make way for the new. In Germany the laboring man has permeated the army with a new internationalism, has brought about profound changes in municipal and national lawmaking, and has brough the empire to the verge of parliamentary democracy. And in England the Labor party, with its 40 members in Parliament and its million voters, has compelled a coalition with the Liberal party that virtually places at the disposal of labor all the prerogatives of empire.

In the light of recent movements in Europe our democracy remains the most conservative democracy in the world. Can you imagine a transformation in the federal Senate such as the English democrats effected in their House of Lords? Or the kaleidoscopic changes of Paris taking place at Washington? Or the Erfurt program of Herr Bebel's party adopted as the platform of either of our great parties?

Democracy in Europe is more radical in theory and practice than democracy in America. This will remain true just as long as the laboring men continue to trust the promises of the old parties. When their suspicions and prejudices impel them to organize a genuine political party of their own, European social democracy will invade our Capitol.

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SALE.

Condensed Milk A&P	3 cans 25c
A&P Fancy Head Rice	3 lbs 25c
Campbell's Soups	3 cans 25c
Apple Jelly	3 tum. 25c
Paprika	3 cans 25c
Evaporated Peaches	3 lbs 25c
A&P Seeded Raisins	3 pkgs 25c
A&P Buckwheat	3 pkgs 25c
Pancake Flour A&P	3 pkgs 25c
A&P Pickles	3 bots 25c
Sliced, Gherkins or Chow-chow	
Grated Pineapple	3 cans 25c
B. & O. Molasses	3 cans 25c

Prunes, 65 to the lb.,	3 lbs 25c
Puffed Wheat - -	3 pkges 25c
Manzanilla Olives	3 bottles 25c
Layer Raisins	3 pkges 25c
Mustard Sardines	3 cans 25c
Grape Juice	3 bottles 25c
Bullhead Catsup	3 bottles 25c
Sliced Peaches	3 cans 25c
No. 1-2 can Cohoes Salmon	3 cans 25c
A&P Salad Dressing	3 bottles 25c
French's Mustard	3 jars 25c
F. A. Potted Beef	3 cans 25c

No limit to this sale. You can buy as much as you like or as little as you like, as long as your purchase amounts to 25 cents. Twenty-five cents will buy any three articles on this circular.

WE GIVE S&H STAMPS. ASK FOR THEM.

PHONE 659. FREE DELIVERY.

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Prepared, delivered,	
36 bushels - -	$4.50
18 bushels - -	2.25
Common, delivered,	
35 bushels - -	$3.50
18 bushels - -	1.75
Price at Works,	
Prepared, - -	11c a bushe
Common - -	9c a bushe

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TO LOOK THROUGH OUR STOCK

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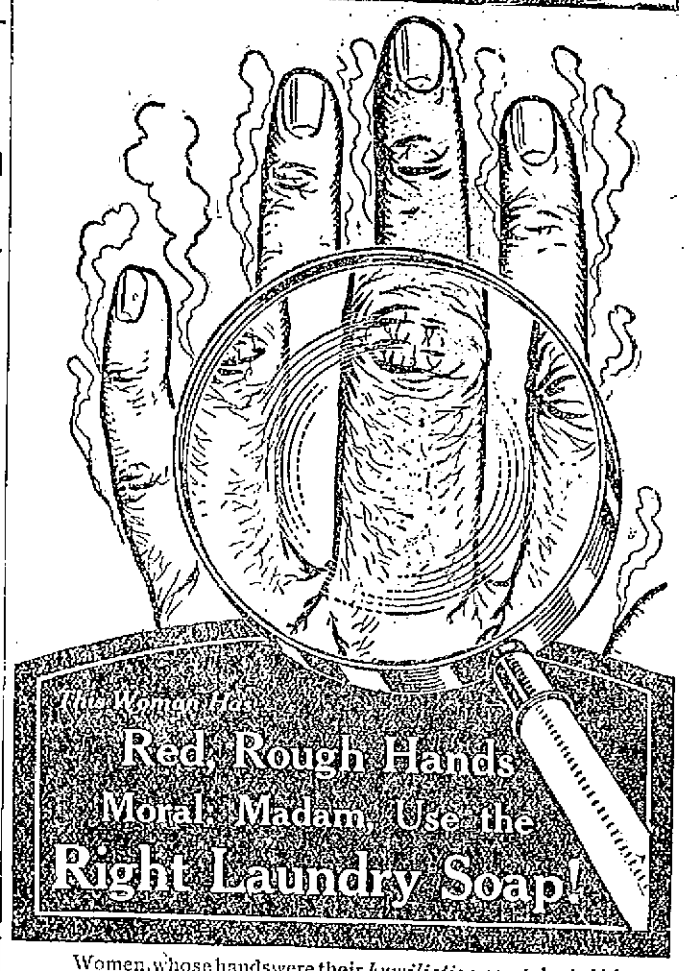

Women, whose hands were their *humiliation*, now take *pride* in their soft whiteness, the result of using *Welcome Laundry Soap*.

So today there is twice as much *Welcome Soap* sold in New England as any other brand, because it *protects* the *hands* as well as *finest fabrics*. Gets the wash out *fast* and makes the clothes bright as a new dollar.

One reason for this is the fact that there is five times as much Borax used in Welcome as in all other New England laundry soaps put together—*just enough* to perfectly soften the water and to make Welcome do more than any other soap.

A big cake 5c—of your grocer. You owe it to your *hands* and to your clothes to *try* Welcome today.

Your grocer will give your money back if you can find a better laundry soap.

TRADE MARK

Welcome Soap

"For Generations the Choice of New England Women"

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The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—made from grapes

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LAST DAY OF PREPARATION.

Red Sox Spend Morning in Practice Before Leaving for New York.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—The Red Sox tried their batting eyes and their fielding ability in light practice at Fenway Park this morning, prior to their departure this afternoon for New York. It was their last day of preparation for the world championship base ball series with the New York Giants, with whom they will come to grips in the opening game tomorrow. The players went through the morning's work in a happy mood, which to the lay observer gave little indication that they were only a day removed from the tension of a world series battle.

Observers regarded this fine mental condition as in keeping with their physical form. Not one player has an ailment and as a team the Red Sox are regarded as physically fit. Gardner's injured finger has come around in good shape, as his playing in Philadelphia Saturday indicated. Carrigan's split finger has also healed. These are the only two players who have been hampered of late by injuries. The Red Sox bid fair to go into the world's series with the same fortunate lack of handicaps on account of illness or injury which marked their season's play.

The departure of the team marks the beginning of the shuttle-like movement of players, spectators and newspaper men between Boston and New York during the week or more of the series. A large number of local enthusiasts purchased tickets for the 1 o'clock train and thousands of others planned to give up their luncheon hour or forsake business for a time to give the Red Sox a rousing send off.

ailment and as a team the Red Six are their morning practice, many of those who will be spectators of the games here were lined up outside Fenway Park to secure their allotment of reserved seat tickets. More than half the 15,000 reserved tickets had been distributed when the windows opened this morning. It was expected few would be left when they close this afternoon. Efforts of the speculators to secure reservations for the local games have been frustrated this far, club officials believe. Street sales have been few and far between and speculators have only offered one or two tickets, where in former years they have had almost as many hundreds. The prices vary but the average for the three game tickets is about $20.

CROWDS OF EAGER FANS.

Thousands Anxious to Buy Tickets to the Opening Game in New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—While the police of both cities will probably be heavily burdened in handling the great crowds at the world's series base ball games in Boston and New York this week, the situation in the metropolis bids fair to develop the hardest day's work of its kind that the New York bluecoats have ever had. In Boston the majority of those attending the games have secured their admission cards several days in advance, whereas in New York, as an experiment to beat the ticket scalpers' game, the innovation of selling practically all tickets on the grounds on the days of the games is to be tried.

In last year's world series contests, when most of the tickets had been placed in advance, there was still a crowd of 100,000 persons at the gates on the day of the opening game, more than half of whom failed to make their way inside. This year, with the "first come first served" plan in force, it is estimated that twice last year's crowd will be attracted by the possibility of numbering among those served. The police have taken into account the possibility of an unprecedented crush, for it is already apparent that many extreme fans plan to bivouac all night about the grounds, if not actually start some of the waiting lines. They will wait until 10 a. m., however, before having so much as a sight of the coveted tickets, and will be required, as served, to pass directly into the stands, with a restless wait until 2 o'clock for the big game to start.

There are 21 ticket offices at the Polo Grounds, before which the various waiting lines will form, probably long before daylight. Over 30,000 tickets are to be sold through these offices. Although nearly as large a crowd has been handled in this way at ordinary games, at these times there were never more applicants than could be accommodated. At the present estimate there will be from four to six times this number storming the grounds tomorrow.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Commander and Mrs. E. S. Kellogg are at the Swinburne cottage, Greenough place.

—Mrs. Edward J. Berwind will go to New York Tuesday, sailing Saturday for Europe.

—Mrs. Richard Gambrill will go this week to Lenox, where she will be guest of Mrs. William D. Sloane.

—Mr. Reginald C. Vanderbilt is visiting his mother, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, at "The Breakers."

—Mr. Sidney Herbert, son of Lady Herbert, is visiting his aunt, Mrs. Ogden Goelet, at "Ochre Court."

—Mrs. Deborah Child, who is with her elder daughter, Mrs. Ralph Kauli, has been ill the past week with an attack of malaria.

—Mrs. Wirt Dexter is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Stanley McCormick, at the d'Hauteville cottage and will remain until the end of the month.

—The Young Men's Republican Club has endorsed the candidacy of Max Levy for re-election to the General Assembly from the Third representative district.

—Mr. William Grosvenor and his sister, Miss Rose Phinney Grosvenor, accompanied the latter's fiancé, Mr. George Peabody Gardner, Jr., to Boston Saturday, returning to "Rosslyn" Sunday.

—Mr. Walter Ruel Cowles, formerly of St. George's School, assumed his duties Sunday as organist and choirmaster of Trinity Church. Mr. Cowles, who is at present a professor in the department of music at Yale University, will spend Friday, Saturday, Sunday and Monday in Newport each week.

—Mrs. Herman F. Peckham, who with her daughter, Miss May Peckham, has been spending the sum mhetatre etaol been spending the summer at her bungalow at Gates Ferry, Conn., returned last week to arrange her affairs in Newport for the permanent transfer of her residence to Connecticut. She expects to leave this week with her daughter.

—Mr. W. DeForest Manice, who was guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. Hayward Ferry, parents of his fiancee, Miss Harriet Ferry, at "Edge Hill" for Sunday, returned to New York with Mr. Ferry in the evening. Mrs. Ferry and Miss Ferry will close their Newport season Tuesday, going to Lenox before returning to New York for the winter. The marriage of Miss Ferry to Mr. Manice will probably take place in Newport next summer.

CLARK'S FRIENDS DID IT.

Too Much Noise Prevented the Speaker From Being Nominated.

Monorail Car to be Run to Office Building—Republicans Trying to Save the Senate.

[Washington Correspondence of The News.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—There are friends of Champ Clark who believe he would have been the Democratic nominee for President of the United States had it not been for the noise and violence of his friends. When Charles F. Murphy cast the 90 votes of New York for Clark at Baltimore the Speaker's friends made such a demonstration as frequently happens in national conventions. They pawed the air, waved flags, tore up state standards, marched about the hall, brought in huge banners—in fact, they did everything that is supposed to start a stampede for a popular candidate. But stampedes are not made by any such forced and prepared methods. It was plain to be seen that two or three minutes would have exhausted the real applause. But the wild element, the "Johnny boys rush brigade," the mobs in the galleries and surrounding the delegates, and many of the delegates themselves, kept it up, as though it was helping Clark.

That demonstration was prolonged to such an extent that it gave the friends of William J. Bryan time to run over to the hotel, wake him up, tell him all about it while he was dressing and get him into the convention hall before another ballot was taken. Then history was made. There in the dead of night Bryan forced the convention to hear him when he had his name called to vote. He put "the Indian sign" on Champ Clark, declaring that he would support no man nominated with the help of New York and broke his instructions to vote for Clark. Others followed him, and Clark's chance began to fade.

Had the demonstration lasted but a few minutes and the balloting proceeded it is possible that a legitimate stampede might have been started for Clark. Some of the Underwood states might have broken. The Harmon votes in Ohio might have gone to Clark, but, what is most important, the Western men would not have become scared and uneasy over Bryan's position, and Clark might have been nominated before Bryan could have stated his position.

Senators who have been riding from the office building to the Senate will this winter ride in a monorail car instead of the electric automobiles which have been running through the tunnel. Elliott Woods, the superintendent of the Capitol, has been installing the new process. It will be balanced by an overhead connection which will furnish the electric power. It is the intention to some time run a tramway all around the tunnel system of the Capitol.

"The Indian knew more about living outdoors than any other human being," remarked Wallace C. Spink of the Senate library. "I have recently returned from one of my camping trips and used the Indian tepee tent. It is better ventilated, resists the wind better and proves a good shelter. I find it better than any other.

"I did a little exploring for the Rhode Island historical society this summer," continued Mr. Spink, "and found arrowheads, tomahawks, axes and a pot of clay paint which had been buried for 200 years. We found we could make use of the paint to decorate ourselves like Narragansetts, Connecticuts and other tribes which once inhabited that region."

There is a belief in several political heads that the Republicans will put forth their great effort in trying to retain control of the Senate, no matter what happens in other directions, this control to include regulars, insurgents, progressives, bull moosers or anything that will vote with the Republicans on most questions, more particularly the tariff after the fourth of March next.

On this account especial efforts have been put forth in Maine to elect a Republican in place of a Democrat. It will be repeated in West Virginia. In New Jersey, New York, Massachusetts and other states where there is the possibility of electing a Democratic legislature especial efforts are to be made to pare enough members to hold the Senate seat. The Senate is well worth having, as it means a great deal in the way of control and patronage.

"I hear that the Democratic managers in New York are trying to carry Pennsylvania," remarked a Democrat from the South who did not conceal his feeling on the subject. "Talk about rainbow chasing," he added. "Why, that beats anything ever attempted. We all know that, whatever else happens, those Pennsylvania protectionists will win."

Arthur W. Dunn.

ON SECOND LAP OF TRIP.

President and Mrs. Taft to Reach Vermont During the Day.

DALTON, Mass., Oct. 7.—The President and Mrs. Taft, after spending Sunday at the home of United States Senator W. Murray Crane here, left early today on the second lap of their six-day automobile tour of New England. President Taft made a short address in front of the town hall, just before his departure. He spoke of the beauties of the Berkshire Hills and of Dalton and praised Senator Crane in high terms. The speech was heard by a crowd of townspeople.

The President arranged to stop in Brattleboro for luncheon and in Manchester, Vt., for dinner. Governor-Elect Allen M. Fletcher sent word to the President that he would meet him on the way to Manchester. Mr. Taft planned to visit Townsend, the birthplace of his father, during the day and to spend the night as the guest of Robert T. Lincoln, son of President Lincoln, in Manchester.

PROHIBITIONISTS INTERESTED.

Massachusetts Woman's Temperance Union Convention Opens.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—The interest of Prohibitionists in this state centered today in this city, where the opening session of the annual convention of the Massachusetts Woman's Christian Temperance Union was held. Executive meetings and business sessions commanded the attention of the delegates during the early hours of the convention. Later in the day Mrs. Katherine Lent Stevenson, state president, called the convention to order and delivered the opening address. The sessions and Wednesday and on the following day the delegates plan to start for Portland, Oregon, where the national convention is to be held.

ALBRO TAKES FIRST PLACE.

Providence Rifle Club Pulls Off Association Medal Match—The Weekly Shoot.

The Providence Rifle Club finally succeeded in pulling off the annual National Rifle Association medal match last week, after trying all the year to find a day when enough men would show up to make a match. The conditions call for 10 or more men of the club to shoot over the 200,300 and 500 yard course, 10 shots per man for record at each distance, the high total to receive the Association medal for the year.

After many postponements the match was finally shot Saturday and was close and interesting, Arthur Albro took first, beating out Brooks on the last shot fired. Spooner was also well up, shooting the best 500-yard score but being off on the 300. The last three men to fire were badly handicapped, as it was almost sundown when they were shooting; in fact, Norman had a race with the sun, the latter winning. The scores:

	200	300	500	Total
A. A. Albro	42	42	43	127
P. B. Brooks	43	40	42	125
F. E. Spooner	40	37	46	123
H. Chase	40	38	39	117
H. Powel	35	36	45	116
T. J. Biesel	39	38	38	115
W. Almy	35	36	40	111
W. Thurston	38	34	39	111
A. R. Anthony	34	42	32	108
B. Norman	31	29	25	85

The weekly match of the club was held Thursday evening and was won by Anthony with a good score. Brooks took the bull's-eye, after a close fight with Spooner and Thurston. Scores:

A. R. Anthony	237	234	471	
T. J. Biesel	240	227	467	
W. Almy	236	231	467	
P. E. Brooks	241	242	483	20
W. Thurston	236	223	459	
F. Spooner	231	222	453	

THE KAISER'S GIFTS MUST BE RETURNED.

Emperor William on leaving Switzerland, not only presented large bronze busts of himself to acting President Forrer and to M. Hoffman, the member of the federal council at the head of the Helvetian war department, but likewise bestowed decorations and orders of knighthood upon the principal officers of the Swiss army, and jewelled scarfpins, rings and sleeve links in addition thereto upon those who had been assigned to his immediate service during his three days' stay on Swiss territory.

Now Article 12 of the Swiss constitution runs as follows: "No members of the departments of the federal government, civil and military officials of the confederation or federal representatives or commissioners shall receive from any foreign government any pension, salary, title, gift or decoration. If such persons are already in the possession of pensions, titles or decorations, they must renounce the enjoyment of their pensions and the bearing of their titles and decorations during their continuance in office. No decoration or title conferred by a foreign government shall be worn in the federal army. No officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier shall accept such a distinction."

The Swiss law is, therefore, very explicit, and as it forms part and parcel of the constitution it cannot be altered save by means of an amendment of the latter, which requires the consent of every one of the cantons or autonomous states comprised in the confederation known as the Swiss republic.

Consequently, the recipients of the gifts of the emperor, from the president and his fellow co-equal members of the federal council, down to the privates who did sentry duty at the gates of the Rieter villa, at Zurich, where the Kaiser made his headquarters, will be obliged either to return the gifts of one kind and another which they have received from him or to immediately sever their connection with the service of the government.

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You need a coal range in Winter for kitchen warmth and for continuous hot water supply, but in Summer when you want a cool kitchen and less hot water a Gas range is the thing. You get *both* in the **Crawford Combination Range** and you get the *best* of each.

The Crawford Gas Ovens are *safe; explosions are impossible.* No dangerous pilot light; the oven door has to open before gas can be lighted and the Damper opens *automatically* with the oven door. In the End Ovens there is an extra set of burners at the top for broiling, which save the cook much stooping.

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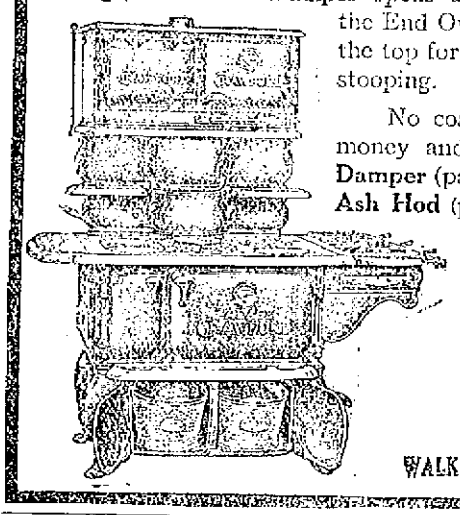

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J. T. O'Connell, 89 Long Wharf.

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JAMESTOWN & NEWPORT FERRY CO.

(In Effect Sept. 10, 1912.)

STEAMER CONANICUT.

Leave Newport for Jamestown and Saunderstown *6 30 a. m. *7 30 Mail, 3 50 Mail Sun., *9 50, 10 50 Mail, *11 50, 12 50 p. m., *1 50, 2 50 Mail, 3 50, *4 50 Mail, a *5 50, 6 50, 7 50, 8 50, b 10 00, b 11 10.

Leave Jamestown for Newport 6 00 a. m., 7 00, 8 20 Mail, 9 20, 10 20, 11 20 Mail, 12 20 p. m., 1 20, 2 20, 3 20 Mail, 4 20, 5 20, 6 20 Mail, 7 20, c 8 20 Mail Sun., b 9 20, b 10 30.

a Last trip connecting to Saunderstown.

b Discontinued on and after October 1 except Saturdays.

c 8 20 P. M. connects with New York boat at Long wharf every day.

* Connects to Fort Greble.

Office of N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. at Jamestown Wharf.

Stateroom lists discontinued after September 30, 1912.

STEAMER NARRAGANSETT.

Leave West Jamestown for Saunderstown *7 10 a. m., *8 10, 9 50, *10 30, 11 30, *12 30 P. M., 1 30, *2 30, 3 30, 4 30, *5 30, *6 30.

Leave Saunderstown for West Jamestown *7 40 a. m., *8 40, 9 50, *10 50, *11 50, *12 50 p. m., 1 50, *2 50, 3 50, *4 50, 5 50, *6 50.

* Connects to Fort Greble.

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10:50 a.m.	4:00 p.m.	4:45 a.m.	12:50 noon
1:05 p.m.	7:00 p.m.	10:02 a.m.	3:05 p.m.
4:05 p.m.	11:00 p.m.	1:02 p.m.	6:45 p.m.
7:15 p.m.	2:05 a.m.	5:33 p.m.	10:45 p.m.
		12:00 n't	7:00* a.m.

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SHORT LINE —TO— PROVIDENCE

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In effect Sept. 16th, 1912.

Cars leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence—7:00 a. m., to Bristol Ferry only—7:50, 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 a. m., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, p. m., 6:50, 7:50 p. m., to Union street, 8:50 p. m. to Bristol Ferry, 10:30, 11:15 to Union street.

Cars leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport via Bristol Branch, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R., 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15, a. m., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15.

9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport Theatre Trip leave Union Street 7:40; One Mile Corner, 7:55; arrive at Theatre 8:05 p. m.

SUNDAY TIME TABLE.

Leave Washington Square, Newport, for Bristol Ferry, Bristol and Providence 8:50, 9:50, 10:50, 11:50 a. m., 12:50, 1:50, 2:50, 3:50, 4:50, 5:50, 6:50, 7:50 p. m., 8:50 p. m. to Bristol Ferry; 10:30, 11:15 to Union Street.

Leave Union Station, Providence, for Newport—9:15, 10:15, 11:15, a. m., 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, p. m. 9:40 from Bristol Ferry to Newport.

Training Station cars leave Washington Square—7:00 a. m. then half hourly until 11:00 p. m.

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THE NEWPORT JOURNAL is especially adapted for mailing.

HOTEL THORNDIKE BURNED.

[Continued from Tenth Page.]

day's work on guard, but would be given the rest they deserved.

The German sailors went ashore with canvas fire buckets, axes and other fire-fighting apparatus. They were of much service, ready and willing to do whatever they could be made to understand was desired of them. They did one thing which was rather unexpected. In Germany it is said that insurance from fire covers only the frame of a building, and not the wood finish, curtains, door frames and movable articles. The sailors, following apparently the German custom, when it was thought the Horgan cottage on the south might catch fire, began to strip the interior of its furnishings. They did not stop until they had removed wooden fireplace mantels, doors and door frames, window hangings, gas fixtures and practically everything movable, including a cooking stove and an enamel bathtub. Their kindly intentions at least were appreciated.

The Hotel Thorndike was owned by Mrs. Mary Horgan, wife of Patrick H. Horgan of this city. Mr. Horgan built the hotel 28 years ago, a year or two later enlarged it to its recent proportions, of five stories with the cupola, which has been a familiar mark to all who sailed on the bay. It covered the entire square fronting on Wolcott avenue, 200 feet, and was the largest hotel in this vicinity. Mr. Horgan had made many improvements to the building and last year expended a considerable sum in other changes. The past season had been one of the best in years. The value of the property is variously estimated at from $50,000 to $75,000, and the loss will be entire.

It is understood locally that Mrs. Horgan had no insurance except one policy to cover a mortgage of $5,000, and will receive nothing from this.

At Mr. Horgan's residence this morning it was positively stated that there was no mortgage on the hotel, or in fact on any of the Jamestown property of the family; hence there was no insurance. It was also said that the hotel will be re-built and work will be begun at once. The assertion was made that the hotel was used as a display stand for fireworks for the celebration of a wedding in Newport, the caretaker being persuaded to allow two unknown men on the roof with fireworks, to make a display for friends of Mr. Horgan.

In addition it is claimed that Mr. Horgan was forced to exercise himself to have the Newport department respond to the call and that there was unnecessary delay in transporting the apparatus to the scene. Mr. Horgan was informed that his property was on fire at 11:25 by the Newport Telephone Exchange, no one in Jamestown seemingly thinking he would like to know. He at once tried to have the Newport department called out, but failed to obtain satisfaction on the telephone. Then in his automobile he went out to find Mayor Boyle and Chief Kirwin, and it was by his efforts, it is claimed, that the alarm was sounded. Why it should have been practically 12:10 o'clock when the Conanicut arrived here for the engines, when she reached Jamestown at 11:30 and the fire was in full sway, the owners of the property will probably ask to have explained.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Horgan have gone to Jamestown today with a working party, for the purpose of putting in repair at once the cottage dismantled when the fire was at its height.

That the fire started in the cupola was perfectly evident to every one who was on the scene early, and it is generally believed that it started from red fire, used earlier in the night when the Conanicut left its dock. It is the custom to burn red fire to speed parting guests as the boat leaves. Ordinarily it is set off on the shore in front of the hotels, but the men on the boat and a few others on land saw red fire burning in the cupola balcony some one there using a red fire stick. It is believed that some of the burning chemical fell from the stick to the balcony floor and was not seen. This is what quite evidently caused the destruction, the fire igniting the woodwork and working its way into the building, the open stairways in the centre giving it opportunity to spread rapidly when once it had become fairly started.

The work of the Jamestown department is universally commended and Chief Engineer Tefft is receiving hearty congratulations on all sides for his skilful planning and carrying forward of his fight against large odds. He placed his men well in the early stages of the fire and the intelligent and willing work of all, both residents and strangers, prevented a more serious loss. The townspeople are appreciative of the assistance which came to them in many ways, and took every opportunity they could find to express that appreciation and their thanks to the sailors from the American and German vessels, the Training Station, the Newport fire department and the numerous volunteers who aided in many ways.

Many went from Newport to the scene during the fire in launches and tugs, in addition to those on the Conanicut. In the latter party were Mayor Boyle, Alderman Hughes, Sheriff King and members of the Newport city government. Officer Corgeshall also went, not in his official position, although in uniform. He was unable to return to the dock, where he aided in keeping back the crush at the Newport landing, when the boat started. He however, found opportunity to do something of an official nature in Jamestown.

The fire completely destroyed the telephone service of the island. The summer Central is in the Gardner House and the trunk lines from the cable go up past the site of the burned building then turn the corner to a pole alongside, whence they are carried to Central under ground. There was about 300 running feet of trunk cables to be replaced, because the old cables had been melted away. Early Sunday morning Superintendent of Construction Christian, with a large repair gang, trucks and wagons, carrying all manner of materials, crossed the ferry and promptly went to work. The first thing done was to run some jury wires, and thus connect the pay station at Central with the Newport Exchange. This was accomplished before 10 o'clock, but the running of the two cables and connecting them was a greater task and the day was spent without completely restoring the service, though the

The fire gave an opportunity to show in these waters just what the navies of the world are doing in the case of fire in ports where they happen to be. No call was sent to the German visitors or the destroyer flotilla, but upon observing a big blaze fire parties were ordered away and hastened in their boats to the scene. The Germans were provided with canvas buckets and the American boys had their knowledge of how to use the wet blankets. The officers in charge reported to the local chief for orders, and then went to work to do the best they could with their forces in the saving of property. They responded because it is the universal custom the world over to offer such assistance.

The vantage points about the city where the crowds gathered to view the fire were too numerous to mention, but in many of them there was a perfectly unobstructed vision. By the aid of glasses one could follow the progress of the fire as it spread, and yet plainly see that it was being held from gaining a foothold on other buildings.

The occupant of one small cottage was greatly disturbed because Chief Tefft was concentrating his streams on the Gardner House until he could receive out-of-town assistance. When the men from the destroyer fleet arrived this cottage was one of those which he asked the sailors to look after and it is not even scorched; the paint is blistered, but that is all. The owner thoroughly approves the decision of the chief to try to save the hotel properties if it did mean the possible sacrifice of small cottages.

Newport sent more assistance in appearance than in reality, for Steamer 7 would not draw water from the bay and the town supply in the standpipe was sorely taxed and could not stand the draft of a steamer on it. Until the men arrived the local department was drawing on the hydrants to the extent of six streams, a seventh coming from their steamer on the dock. The three streams from the Inca were a great help and had there been hose enough there could have been three more just as powerful. Steamer 1 from Newport pumped two streams when she arrived, but the worst danger had then passed. The Jamestown department had out every particle of hose it could find, about 2,000 feet, and some of this was that used for flushing the sewers.

In the rear of the structure was the power house, where a large gasoline engine ran a dynamo, generating current for lighting the hotel and adjoining cottages. During the progress of the fire the men say they heard an explosion, and Sunday the dynamo was found to have literally blown itself to pieces. It is said that the heat might have done this. Fear was expressed frequently because of the presence of a gasoline tank, said to be buried near by, but this did not seem to be affected. During the past week work has been in progress on a foundation for a large garage close beside the rear part of the hotel. There has been a small one, which was to be included in the new one. The old one was not scorched.

When the north wall of the hotel fell it favored the firemen, as had the wind. Instead of falling straight out, it doubled up, the top going inward, and hence the burning framework was thrown but a short way towards the Gardner House. This wall, burned and broken so that it is not even kindling wood, is all there is remaining of the big hotel.

Hospital ship Solace, which was close off shore, was the first to send a party to the fire. It was not a fire-fighting expedition but was composed of medical and hospital forces, to render aid to the injured in case there might be such. Upon landing they reported their presence and were assigned a cottage, where they might make their headquarters and be found in case of need. They carried full kits to be used in almost any emergency which might arise. Happily they had nothing to do, the casualties so far as can be learned being only a burn on the hand of one fireman and a contusion on the head of another.

Captain Caperton of the Second Naval District, when he received the call for aid, ordered the Inca to respond with such hose and men as might be required. There were more volunteers than were needed, but the hose problem was not so easily handled. As the craft must land alongside a float at the Station it was impossible to drive the reels on the boat, and the unreeling of the hose and hauling it on board took more time that the Station officials feel should be the case, or would be if there were the slip for landing for which an appropriation has been made.

That but one building was burned was largely due to the sailors, as a large force of them was sent ashore. As soon as some were detailed to work the hose the others were deployed as skirmishers and began spreading out over the village, where the roofs were being threatened by brands. There seemed to be an easterly current of air above which carried sparks as far as the stand pipe, and had it not been for the sailors thus deploying many roofs would have burst into flame. The men generally wore their white hats and those who happened to look over the house tops say there were two or three of them on almost every roof, clambering about and brushing or stamping out the sparks as fast as they fell.

REAR OF CENTURY STORE.

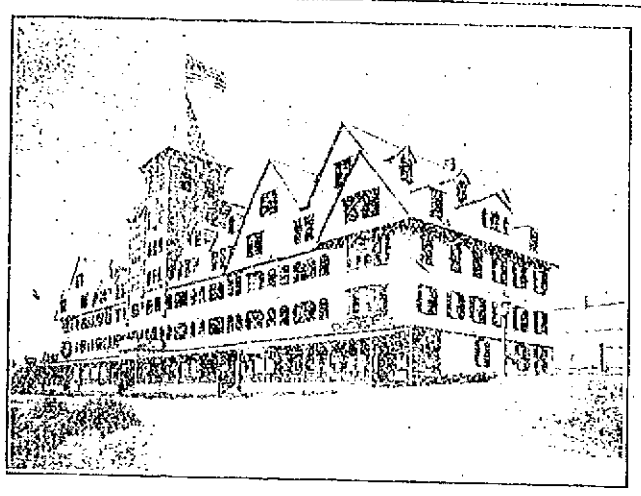
Blaze in Old Stable Practically Wrecks Building, a Menace to the Neighborhood.

At 5 o'clock this morning an alarm was run from box 3, at the Old City Hall, for a fire in the rear of the new Century Store. A few minutes before Officers E. C. Sullivan and Boreson had discovered a smell of smoke and were on the lookout, and about the time some one shouted fire the blaze was located and Officer Boreson pulled in the box that calls out a large percentage of Newport business men. At the time the flames were just breaking through the roof, and when citizens awoke and looked out they saw a good-sized blaze in the sky. The autumn haze and the smoke from the cold storage plant combined to make the fire look much larger than it was.

It was in the small old stable, just in the rear of the Century Store and separated from it by a few feet of open way. The fire had caught in the upper north section and had broken through when the alarm was pulled in. It did not take the firemen long to put it out, though some hay and straw in the loft helped make the blaze spread fast.

The building is practically a wreck, but it cannot well be said there is any loss, for it was a menace to the neighborhood rather than of use. A few cases from the Century Store were in one part, while an old canoe, some unclaimed gravestones, old-fashioned mantles and other things saved for years and allowed to go to decay, were in another section. It is owned by the Sherman estate and what is left will be pulled down. Mr. W. E. Dennis, who owns on the other side of Dennis avenue, had already pulled down a similar structure on his land, as he considered it a menace to their roperty.

It was light when the recall rang at 5:19, and those who were out had an opportunity to see the early morning hour of a fine fall day, with the lazy haze rising from the ground and forming a sort of fog all over the city.



The Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

WILL TOUR NEW ENGLAND.

Ancient and Honorables Celebrate Annual Fall Field Day.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—A five days' trip through New England was started from here today by the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company in celebration of its two hundred and seventy-fifth fall field day. A special train took 300 members of the company to Springfield, where they were guests of the Chamber of Commerce. Tomorrow the company leaves Springfield for Burlington, Vt., and Tuesday will visit Fort Ethan Allen and other places of interest in that vicinity.

ROCKEFELLER IN GOOD HEALTH.

Financier Says He Never Felt Better in His Life.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 7.—Disquieting rumors regarding John D. Rockefeller's health have been set at rest by his excellent appearance while in the village or at church. When Rev. Arthur Brooks greeted his millionaire parishioner for the first time this fall, he asked after the oil man's health. Mr. Rockefeller gave him a hearty hand shake and replied: "Why, I never felt better in my life. I had a delightful summer and have come back to Tarrytown feeling as fine as a fiddle."

Mr. Rockefeller was so pleased with the sermon yesterday that he asked Mr. Brooks for a copy to take home to read to Mrs. Rockefeller.

"DEMOCRACY IN EUROPE."

[Samuel P. Orth, in North American Review.]

European democracy is social democracy because the social question is dominant, and the social question is dominant because labor has entered politics. In every European country a Labor party is organized. It is usually more or less "socialistic." But it does not disdain practical politics. It can forget the vagaries of Utopian economics in the ardor of the hour. These organized workmen have a most effective way of making themselves understood and feared. In France they have 120 members in the Chamber of Deputies. Their enthusiasm varies from the quixotic violence of the anarchistic Syndicalist to the cautious intellectualism of Millerand and Briand. In Belgium the Labor party dominates the Liberal element, and it does not hesitate to resort to the powder and cobstone argument to compel the old order to make way for the new. In Germany the laboring man has permeated the army with a new internationalism, has brought about profound changes in municipal and national lawmaking, and has brough the empire to the verge of parliamentary democracy. And in England the Labor party, with its 40 members in Parliament and its million voters, has compelled a coalition with the Liberal party that virtually places at the disposal of labor all the prerogatives of empire.

In the light of recent movements in Europe our democracy remains the most conservative democracy in the world. Can you imagine a transformation in the federal Senate such as the English democrats effected in their House of Lords? Or the kaleidoscopic changes of Paris taking place at Washington? Or the Erfurt program of Herr Bebel's party adopted as the platform of either of our great parties?

Democracy in Europe is more radical in theory and practice than democracy in America. This will remain true just as long as the laboring men continue to trust the promises of the old parties. When their suspicions and prejudices impel them to organize a genuine political party of their own, European social democracy will invade our Capitol.

THE DAILY NEWS TELEPHONES.

When calling the Daily News Office on business use number 17 or, if that is busy, 0908. If the editorial or reportorial rooms are to be reached ar

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GREAT
3 for 25c
SALE.

Condensed Milk A&P	3 cans 25c
A&P Fancy Head Rice	3 lbs 25c
Campbell's Soups	3 cans 25c
Apple Jelly	3 tum. 25c
Paprika	3 cans 25c
Evaporated Peaches	3 lbs 25c
A&P Seeded Raisins	3 pkgs 25c
A&P Buckwheat	3 pkgs 25c
Pancake Flour A&P	3 pkgs 25c
A&P Pickles	3 bots 25c
Mixed, Gherkins or Chow-chow	
Grated Pineapple	3 cans 25c
B. & D. Molasses	3 cans 25c

Prunes, 65 to the lb.,	3 lbs 25c
Puffed Wheat - -	3 pkges 25c
Manzanilla Olives	3 bottles 25c
Layer Raisins	3 pkges 25c
Mustard Sardines	3 cans 25c
Grape Juice	3 bottles 25c
Bullhead Catsup	3 bottles 25c
Sliced Peaches	3 cans 25c
No. 1-2 can Cohoes Salmon	3 cans 25c
A&P Salad Dressing	3 bottles 25c
French's Mustard	3 jars 25c
F. A. Potted Beef	3 cans 25c

No limit to this sale. You can buy as much as you like or as little as you like, as long as your purchase amounts to 25 cents. Twenty-five cents will buy any three articles on this circular.

WE GIVE S&H STAMPS. ASK FOR THEM.

PHONE 659. FREE DELIVERY.

THE GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO. THE LARGEST GROCERY HOUSE IN AMERICA 4000 STORES

131-133 THAMES ST.

Chat-Ta-Roi
Cannel
Oak and Hickory Wood
FOR OPEN FIRES.
Pinniger & Manchester Co
341 Thames Street.
Telephone 144.

BULBS.
Bulbs Just Arrived.
Hyacinths, Tulips, Snowdrops, Oxalis, Crocus, Paperwhite Narcissus and Jonquils, now ready for planting.
SEEDS
For Fall Seeding both Timothy and Red Top are much lower.
Stock Food
Hess' Stock Food and Panacea cannotlbe beat to make hens lay.
THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.,
19 BROADWAY.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.
SPINGLER'S,
Bellevue Avenue.
HAVE YOUR
FURNITURE RE-UPHOLSTERED and COVERED,
Awnings made, a tresses made over
All at a reasonable price.
UPHOLSTERING
—AND—
Drapery Work.
Fine Line Upholstering Goods
Mattresses Made Over,
First-class Cabinet Work.
Furniture Repaired.
Crockery and Furniture Packed and Shipped.
Furniture Stored.
J. W. Horton & Co
42 CHURCH STREET.

1913
Hupmobile
Touring Car
$975 $975
Complete equipment includes Top-wind Shield, Oil Lamps, Gas Head Lights, Prest-O-Lite Tank, Jiffy Curtains, Nickle and Black finish, Shock Absorbers.
W. A. MAHER,
13 Farewell Street.
Telephone 971. 1307.
OPEN EVENINGS.

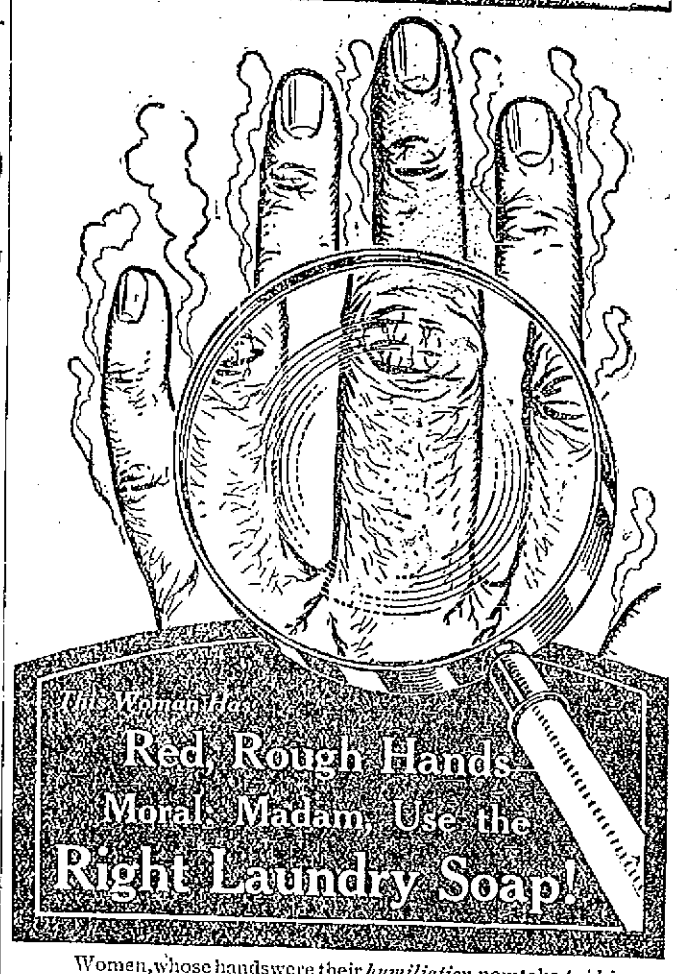
We carry in stock at all times a complete line of
HEATING AND COOKING APPARATUS,
INCLUDING
Flat Irons,
Stoves,
Radiators,
Coffee Percolators,
Toasters,
Grids,
Broilers,
Ovens
Chafing Dishes,
Heating Pads, etc.
Also electrically operated
Washing Machines,
Ironers and
Vacuum Cleaners
Illuminating Dept.
Bay State Street Railway Co.

PRICE OF COKE.

Prepared, delivered,	
36 bushels - -	$4.50
18 bushels - -	2.25
Common, delivered,	
36 bushels - -	$3.50
18 bushels - -	1.75
Price at Works,	
Prepared, - -	11c a bushe
Common - -	9c a bushe

NEWPORT GAS LIGHT CO

Ladies, Gentlemen,
It will pay you
TO LOOK THROUGH OUR STOCK
We have a large stock of Household Furniture, Ranges, Iron and Brass Beds, Mattresses, etc., and as a special inducement we offer 100 sample Rugs, size 27x54, Body Brussels, Wilton Velvet and Tapestries, at the low price of $1.50.
THE I. X. L. CO.,
Tel. 1605. 126 Broadway.



Women, whose hands were their *humiliation*, now take *pride* in their soft whiteness, the result of using *Welcome Laundry Soap*.

So today there is twice as much *Welcome Soap* sold in New England as any other brand, because it *protects* the *hands* as well as *finest fabrics*. Gets the wash out *fast* and makes the clothes bright as a new dollar.

One reason for this is the fact that there is five times as much Borax used in Welcome as in all other New England laundry soaps put together—*just enough* to perfectly soften the water and to make Welcome do more than any other soap.

A big cake 5c—of your grocer. You owe it to your *hands* and to your clothes to *try* Welcome today.

Your grocer will give your money back if you can find a better laundry soap.

TRADE MARK
Welcome Soap
"For Generations the Choice of New England Women"

Manufactured by LEVER BROTHERS COMPANY, Cambridge, Mass.

Royal
BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure
Used and praised by the most competent and careful pastry cooks the world over
The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar—made from grapes

Catching the Eye of Business
TELEGRAPH AND CABLE
Telegrams Get First Attention
Western Union DAY LETTERS and NIGHT LETTERS secure this preference for you, besides telegraphic speed for letters at small cost.
Full Information and Rates by Telephone
THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

FINENESS OF FRENCH ARMY.

Colonel Greble Describes the Use of Aeroplanes and Work of the Field Artillery.

Colonel Edward St. John Greble, field artillery, U. S. A., who recently returned from Europe, with three other officers attended all the manoeuvres and declared that the French army was one of the finest he had ever seen.

"The most interesting feature of the whole campaign," said Colonel Greble, "was the use of aeroplanes. The machines were everywhere, and particularly successful as scouts. Another employment of them is for Red Cross purposes. The aeroplanes attached to the Red Cross all carry large white flags with the cross on them, and with this mark are able to fly as close as 50 feet to the ground. They can be used in flying over a wooded battlefield and determining the position of the injured."

Although Colonel Greble went primarily to watch the work of the field artillery he became much interested in the achievements of the French aviators. The colonel was convinced by what he saw that the French army has already developed the aeroplane to the extent of making an important future of the manoeuvring of a large command of troops. He said that the aeroplanes, carrying often two men, rose from the field at unexpected places and with the suddenness of a flock of quail.

In describing the work of the French field artillery, Colonel Greble said that in conjunction with attacking infantry, the field artillery would be divided into four groups. One group consisted of batteries for the purpose of keeping down the fire of the enemy over the zone through which the infantry must pass to a point of final assault. This group was termed breeching or preparation batteries. The second group was composed of batteries of artillery to keep down the artillery fire of the enemy which would attempt to silence the breeching or preparation batteries. Without this group it would be possible for the enemy to prevent the use of field artillery in keeping the fire down over the zone over which the infantry must pass.

The third group were batteries which accompanied the infantry on its advance, arriving at the same time or shortly after it had taken a position. This group was used to hold a position until the infantry had been re-formed after an advance. The fourth group were the batteries for answering a counter attack of the enemy. This group was stationed with the troops that were used to protect the main body from a flank attack from the enemy. In this formation the corps of cavalry was brought back and held en masse behind the infantry.

The only other use that was made of cavalry was of the mounted troops that were thrown well out to the front for observation purposes. The cavalry was used in this connection to observe the country over which the infantry was to pass and also to watch for a threatened flank attack. The cavalry corps was not used until the attack of the infantry had been driven home. The infantry in a decisive attack was echeloned in four lines and was distributed at about nine men per yard.

LION HUNTING.

To the Man Not Temperamentally Qualified the Shooting Is Dangerous Enough.

[Stewart Edward White, in American Magazine.]

To the man not temperamentally qualified, lion shooting is dangerous enough. The lion, when he takes the offensive, intends to get his antagonist. Having made up his mind to that, he charges home, generally at great speed. The realization that it is the man's life or the beast's is disconcerting. Also the charging lion is a spectacle much more awe inspiring in reality than the most vivid imagination can predict. He looks very large, very determined, and has uttered certain rumbling, blood-curdling threats as to what he is going to do about it. It suddenly seems most undesirable to allow that lion to come any closer—not even an inch! A hasty, nervous shot misses—

An unwounded lion, charging from a distance, is said to start rather slowly, and to increase his pace only as he closes. Personally I have never been charged by an unwounded beast; but I can testify that the wounded animal comes very fast. Cunninghame puts the rate at about seven seconds to the hundred yards. Certainly I should say that a man charged from 50 yards or so would have little chance for a second shot, provided he missed the first. A hit seemed, in my experience, to check the animal, by sheer force of impact, long enough to permit me to throw in another cartridge. A lioness thus took four frontal bullets starting at about 60 yards. An initial miss would probably have permitted her to close.

Here, as can be seen, is a great source of danger to a flurried or nervous beginner. He does not want that lion to get an inch nearer; he fires at too long a range; misses, and is killed or mauled before he can reload. This happened precisely so to two young friends of MacMillan. They we armed with double rifles, let them off hastily as the beast started at them from 200 yards, and never had another chance. If they had possessed the experience to have waited until the lion had come within 50 yards they would have had the almost certainty of four barrels at close range. Though I have seen a lion missed clean well inside those limits.

From such performances are so-called lion accidents built. During my stay in Africa I heard of six white men being killed by lions, and a number of others mauled. As far as possible I tried to determine the facts of each case. In every instance the trouble followed either foolishness or loss of nerve. I believe I should be quite safe in saying that from identically the same circumstances any of the good lion men—Tarleton, Lord Delamere, the Hills and others—would have extricated themselves unharmed.

This does not mean that accidents may not happen. Rifles jam—but generally because of flurried manipulation!—one may unexpectedly meet the lion at too close quarters; a foot may slip, or a cartridge prove defective. So may one fall downstairs, or bump one's head in the dark. Sufficient forethought and alertness and readiness would go far in either case to prevent bad results.

AMBASSADOR BRYCE'S FLIGHT.

James Bryce, British ambassador to the United States, obtained from the seat of an aeroplane a bird's-eye view of the Massachusetts north shore Saturday. The ambassador was visiting friends at Manchester, and among those who called to pay their respects was W. Starling Burgess, who swooped down in his biplane. Mr. Bryce expressed a desire to make a flight. The aviator invited the ambassador to accompany him on an aerial excursion, and the invitation was accepted. Mr. Bryce was in the air 25 minutes. He expressed his pleasure over his experience.

NO TROUBLE IN WINNING.

Continued from Second Page.

either team. The line-up and summary are as follows:

St. George's.	Hope High.
Yates, r. e.	l. e., Jamieson
Bush, l. t.	l. t., Lestrade
Williams, Dale, r. g.	l. g., Spaucke
King, Ridway, c.	c., Robinson
Carpenter, Robinson, l. g.	r. g., L. Vaughan, Harris
Crocker, l. t.	r. t., Bannigan, German
Buell, l. e.	r. e., Brown
Blaine, q. b.	q. b., Haggins, Peters
Goodspeed, Hurd, r. h. b.	l. h. b., Pettee
Haffner, Reynolds, l. h. b.	r. h. b., W. Vaughan, Allard
Foster, f. b.	f. b., Schmidt

Score—St. George's 24, Hope High 0. Touchdowns—By Goodspeed 2, Foster 2. Referee—Nevins. Umpire—Beers. Linesmen—Eaton and Gould.

COLD WEATHER DISEASES.

Prevalence May be Greatly Diminished by Maintaining Proper Atmosphere in Houses.

[New York Tribune.]

With the advent of fall comes the season of colds, coughs and other ailments, including, as the most serious, pneumonia and diphtheria. These have long been known as cold weather diseases, and have commonly been regarded as caused by climatic conditions, a notion which is suggested by and expressed in the specific name of the most familiar of them all, the "cold." Yet, as a matter of fact, the weather is generally not the direct but the indirect cause of the trouble. It is probable that far more people get these diseases indoors than outdoors, and most of those who do catch them outdoors do so because they have been rendered susceptible to them indoors.

The chief cause of cold weather diseases has been described in the single word "stuffiness," with a large degree of accuracy. It is not exposure to the weather, cold, damp, windy and raw though it may be. It is confinement for even a part of the time in apartments filled with overheated, unlighted, dry and stagnant air. Such atmosphere in itself not infrequently directly causes more or less serious ailments of the respiratory apparatus. Still more frequently it so impairs the vitality and resiting power of those organs and of the whole system as to make the subject an easy victim to the attacks of noxious bacteria or to climatic conditions which to a more robust frame would be at least harmless if not actually beneficent.

It is probable that the ideal conditions which a large proportion of people seek for their apartments during the fall and winter comprise the careful exclusion of all drafts and dampness and the maintenance of a moderate summer temperature, to which we may add the inevitable condition of much less light and particularly less direct sunlight than is had in spring and summer. Now we have only to compare, or rather contrast, these conditions with those which prevail in places esteemed for their salubrity to perceive the radical error of them. Probably the air on mountain tops is, and is considered, of all the most healthful. But that is not merely because of its chemical purity, though doubtless the absence of bacteria and the grosser forms of pollution from factory chimneys and the like is of importance. The chief value of such air is found in the prevailing conditions of coolness, brilliant natural lighting, almost incessant motion and a normal degree of moisture. These conditions are good not alone negatively in the absence of disease, but also positively and aggressively in their stimulating and vitalizing effect upon the respiratory organs, strengthening them and enabling them to resist the attacks of disease germs to which they may subsequently be subjected.

It would be difficult, practically impossible, to reproduce these conditions of temperature, lighting, motion and moisture in the rooms of a dwelling house. But at least it is possible to avoid producing the exact opposites of heat, darkness, stagnation and dryness. Moderate temperature may be maintained, all available light may be admitted, moisture may be provided and people might even learn not to regard a draft of air as necessarily fatal. If by these means cold weather diseases cannot be entirely abolished, at least their prevalence may be very greatly diminished.

GETTING EDUCATED.

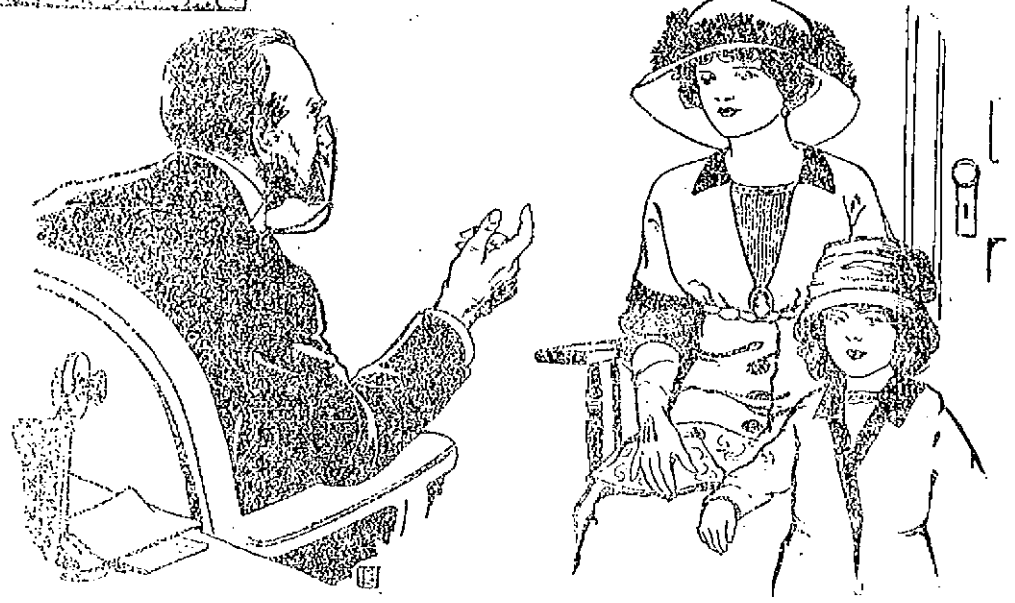
Collector Loeb's Ethical Culture Society Frowns on Smuggling and Dishonesty.

(New York Tribune.)

Recent happenings at the office of the collector of the port demonstrate that it would be wise for all Americans going abroad to continue reading the American newspapers. Some who have been absent a year or two may have failed to notice that Collector Loeb has established here one of the most efficient schools ever known for stirring sluggish consciences. If they have ever smuggled in the good old days, when the ordinary rules of morality were suspended in transit through the technicalities of the customs inspection, they are likely to make the costly mistake of supposing that if they nod a little on declarations the inspectors will be thoughtful and sympathetic enough to nod in unison. But they will find that in Mr. Loeb's ethical culture society nodding is now frowned upon as entirely out of fashion.

The golden rule of the Loeb administration, "Be as honest with the government as you would want the government to be with you," has been placarded far and wide through the aid of the courts and the newspapers. But there are still some who will not be educated, and their experiences with the condemnation bureau of the customs service continue to illustrate the foolish perversity of human nature. Economy is a laudable virtue, but it is pushed to a fatal extreme when a returning traveler generally of the gentler sex undertakes to save a few dollars by dodging the law and is then brought up with a sharp turn and compelled to pay as penalties three or four times the amount of the estimated saving, besides running the risk of trial on criminal charges.

It is business prudence as well as moral discipline to render unto the Caesar at the pier the things that are Caesar's and thus enjoy the pleasant thrill of self-commendation which comes with a sense of having passed successfully a test of character. Soon all the Americans who went abroad before the Loeb school of character building was opened will have returned. Then the fruits of the new system will be gathered. Incoming travelers will wear their hearts upon their sleeves and will insist on furnishing the pier inspectors with the last details of their foreign investments. Virtue will have triumphed over the infirmities of penny-wise economy, and in every first and second cabin mass meetings will affirm the doctrine that honesty always was and always will be the best policy.



Doctors Know the Great Food Value of Light-Colored Cocoa

THE strength-giving, health-sustaining qualities of this delightful beverage have long been recognized by physicians. Cocoa stimulates by sustenance, not by temporary excitement of the mental or nervous functions, and is, therefore, invaluable to brain workers.

The only hindrance to its universal use has been the excessive heavy oils found in ordinary dark cocoa. These oils add nothing to the food value or flavor of cocoa and are the cause of any digestive difficulties you may have experienced. By a special process, the problem of separating these excessive oils has finally been solved, enabling us to present to the world its first perfect cocoa.

What Doctors Say

Dr. Fausset, M. D., F. R. C. S. I., a noted British expert, says: "Cocoa, when pure and deprived of an excess of fatty matter, abounds in every material necessary to the growth, development and sustenance of the body."

"The oil of cocoa does not belong to the food fats, being different in constitution," says Dr. W. S. Hall, of Northwestern University.

"The oil of cocoa does not belong to the food fats and is not capable of deposit as a food in animal tissue." Dr. W. S. Hall, in Nutrition and Dietetics.

Dr. John Muter, Ph. D., F. S. C., says of cocoa: "Given the removal of a greater portion of the fat (oil), the other constituents are positively concentrated in a high degree."

This Test Proves the Lighter Color

It is easy to prove that the extracting of excessive oil lightens the color of Cocoa.

Take a pinch of Rockwood's and drop it into an open tin of any other cocoa. The contrast in color is at once noticeable—it proves that the darkening oils are excessively present in other kinds and not so in Rockwood's.

You wouldn't think of adding cocoa oil to your food. Neither should you serve in your household a cocoa with this excessive, indigestible, fatty matter.

Rockwood's Cocoa

"The healthful cocoa with the lighter color"

Rockwood's is an absolutely pure cocoa, as delicious in flavor as the finest rich in fragrance, appetizing and unimpaired by a single indigestive qualm.

Rockwood's Cocoa will agree perfectly with the most delicate stomach and fore, equally adapted for invalid or athlete.

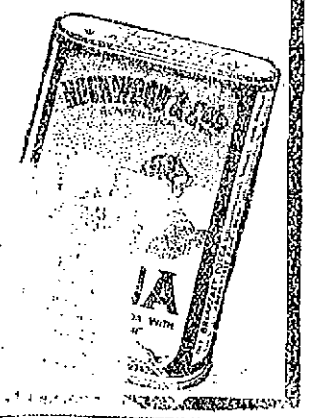
Rockwood's Cocoa for breakfast means increased vigor for the work of the day at midnight, it allays the hunger-craving without imposing any tax on digestion.

Bring the children up on Rockwood's. It will make them sturdy, healthy and Be sure it's Rockwood's, the cocoa with the lighter color that doctors recommend.

At all first-class grocers.

Distributors H. MIDWOOD'S SONS CO. PROVIDENCE, R

Rockwood's Cocoa comes in 1-pound cans and in smaller sizes. The smallest size—5 cents—can be bought singly, or six in a box. These little cans make it easy to test the superiority of a light-colored cocoa.



DOUBT DISAPPEARS.

No One in Newport Who Has a Bad Back Should Ignore This Double Proof.

Does your back ever ache?
Have you suspected your kidneys?
Backache is sometimes kidney ache.
With it may come dizzy spells,
Sleepless nights, tired, dull days,
Distressing urinary disorders.
Doan's Kidney Pills have been endorsed by thousands.
Are recommended here at home.
You have read Newport proof.
Read now the Newport sequel.
Renewed testimony; tested by time.

Mrs. S. E. Freeman, 52 Van Zandt Ave., Newport, R. I., says: "I still consider Doan's Kidney Pills a fine remedy and am glad to confirm the public testimonial I gave in 1908 in their praise. A relative was troubled a great deal by backache and there were other symptoms which left no doubt that his kidneys were disordered. He did not rest well and was stiff and lame upon arising in the morning. Learning of Doan's Kidney Pills, a supply was procured at Wright & Hay's Drug Store and they gave satisfactory results."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

The Public School Teachers' Retirement Fund.

(Legal Title) Incorporated May 6, 1898.

PURPOSE: To pay to teachers who have taught not less than 30 years an annuity equal to one-half the amount of salary received at time of retirement, to a limit of $500.00.

SOURCES: From teachers who must pay one per cent of their salaries to a limit of twelve dollars per year; from gifts, and from entertainments.

CONDITIONS: Because the fund amounts to only $32,535 the eleven annuitants are receiving one-quarter instead of one-half of their salaries.

NEED: Besides the eleven annuitants six teachers have taught thirty years and can retire in June if they wish.

TRUSTEES: Three members of the school committee, superintendent of schools, three teachers. The city treasurer is treasurer of the fund.

FORM OF BEQUEST: I give and bequeath to The Public School Teachers' Retirement Fund of Newport, Rhode Island, the sum of ——— to be applied to the uses of the fund.

MRS JENNIE W. MACKIE, Secretary

VIOLETS

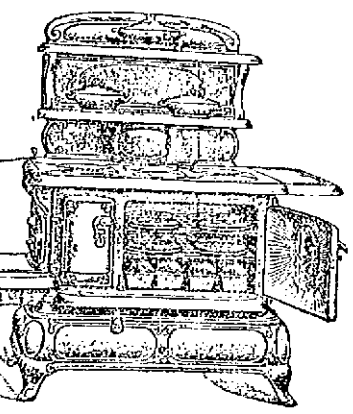
Have now arrived for the season. A fresh supply every day.

Oscar Schultz,

18 Broadway. Tel. 1115

THE NEWPORT JOURNAL is especially adapted for mailing.

Being A Housekeeper Is [illegible] Fun when you use a Glenwood



The Range that "Makes Cooking [illegible]y"

A Glenwood Coal or Gas Range for co[illegible] Glenwood Parlor Stove, Furnace or Boiler means solid comfort and less fuel.

Walsh Bros., Newport

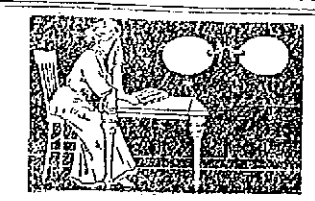
Qualifications That Attract

in the case of Koschny's Ice Cream are founded upon superiority in flavor, purity and genuine excellence. Lovers of good ice cream have found that there is no other with such a combination of good qualities, and for that reason alone it is preferred to any other make, also foreign and domestic cakes, pastry and pure chocolates at

S. KOSCHNY'S,
Manufacturing Confectioner,
232 Thames St., Branch 19 Broadway

Hudson River Blue Crushed Stone
For Paths and Driveways.
BLUE SCREEN GRAVEL
ALL SIZES.
J. K. SULLIVAN

The Newport Journal AND WEEKLY NEWS. is especially adapted for mailing.



DON'T WASTE

The NERVE FORCE of your eyes by trying to read without glasses when the eyes are tired, or with glasses not perfectly fitted!

Fitting glasses is a SCIENCE and if you come to us, we can prescribe the glasses you need to save the NERVE FORCE, which is the LIFE of the Eye!

Try the newest eye glass centre—it is the best.

L. N. VAUGHAN,
Manufacturing Optician,
104 BROADWAY

M. BIESEL,
Embroideries, Stamped Goods,
And all Materials; Yarns, Wool, Hand-Made, Knit and Crochet Goods, Toys, Dolls, Notions, Stamping, Plaiting and Picking Beads.
160 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

SUBSCRIBERS TO THE DAILY NEWS WHO DO NOT RECEIVE THEIR PAPERS REGULARLY AND IN GOOD CONDITION SHOULD MAKE COMPLAINT TO THE OFFICE.

Experience has shown
DIPPING FENCE IN PAINT
Increases its life 50 per cent.

PERCY T. BAILEY,
Melville Station, Newport, R. I.
Telephone.

SEALED PROPOSALS, indorsed "Proposals for vitrified brick pavement," will be received at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington until 11 o'clock a. m. October 26, 1912 and then and there publicly opened, for furnishing and installing vitrified brick pavement, curbing, catch basins, manhole and drainage connections complete at the Naval Station, Newport, R. I. Appropriation available, $5,000. Plans and specifications can be obtained on application to the Bureau or to the Commandant of the Naval station, Narragansett Bay, Newport, R. I. H. H. Stanford, Chief of Bureau. September 27, 1912.

Newport Hospital.

(Legal Title) Incorporated 1873.

Cares for sick poor free of cost—maintains free district nursing through the city, making more than 6,000 visits annually in the homes of the poor.

Free eye and ear outpatient departments.

Private ward for paying patients.

Maternity ward and emergency ward for contagious diseases.

Under contract with the City of Newport cares for its sick and furnishes relief and nursing for advanced cases of tuberculosis.

During the last financial year $19,445.17 was expended for free treatment.

Donations are earnestly requested in order to maintain and increase the work of the hospital.

Trustees.

President William P. Buffum; Secretary Harry G. Wilks; Lyman C. Joseph, William Paine Sheffield, Charles S. Lawton, George Peabody Wetmore, Peter King, French B. Chadwick, James A. Swan, Bradford Norman, Hugh D. Auchincloss.

THOMAS E. CONGDON, Treasurer.
Aquidneck National Bank, Newport.

Concerning Your Eyes.

An optometrist is best qualified to determine what glasses your eyes need and how they should be worn. Lenses adapted to your eyes by an optometrist will relieve eye strain.

W. J. CARR,
REGISTERED OPTOMETRIST.
169 Thames St. Tel. 9345

SITUATIONS WANTED.

Advertisements of 25 words under this head if set close are inserted once for 25 cents, and 10 cents for each time thereafter, on one order.

WANTED—Young woman, 22, would like place as chambermaid in private family, or would do general housework in small family. Good references. Address Box 32, Daily News Office.

YOUNG COLORED GIRL would like position as chambermaid, or to take care of children. Address Laura G. Robinson, Melville, R. I., Route 5, Box 40.

HELP WANTED.

Advertisements of 25 words under this head if set close are inserted once for 25 cents, and 10 cents for each time thereafter, on one order.

WANTED.
COAT ROOM BOY.
Apply Mgr. Sorlero, Roller Rink.

WANTED—Boy to learn soda fountain business. Powel's Drug Store.

WANTED—A girl who can sleep at home, to do general housework; no washing. Address Box 58, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in small family; no laundry. Apply at once at 45 Powel avenue.

WANTED—Man about 25 years of age, to work in various departments of furniture and carpet store. Apply John H. Kazanjian & Co., 179 Bellevue avenue.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. James M. Mackie, 41 Morton avenue.

WANTED—A competent colored woman as plain cook and laundress. Only those with good references need apply. 39 Kay street corner of Everett.

WANTED—A middle-aged woman to do general housework in small family, that needs a good home. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

GENERAL WANTS.

Advertisements of 25 words under this head if set close are inserted once for 25 cents, and 10 cents for each time thereafter, on one order.

STOCKS WANTED.
WANTED—For investment bank and other local stocks. Address, stating kind, quantity and price. Box 41, Daily News Office.

WANTED you to know the velvet collars I put on for $1 are the same velvet as they put on $35 overcoats. O'Brien, Cleanser & Dyer of Ladies' and Gents' Garments. Dryer Exchange, 158½ Thames. Tel. 870.

LADIES earn $12.50 weekly making plain neckwear home. Mail dime for pattern. Instructions. Calumet, 606H, West 157th, New York.

WANTED—About five acres of land, with house and barn, on or near East Main road. Must be suitable for poultry. Address Box 65, Daily News Office.

WANTED—To buy, phonograph, with cabinet for records and records. Stoneman's, 362 Thames street. Tel. 1788.

WANTED—To buy for cash, household furniture, small or large quantities; the contents of your entire house or hotel. M. Stoneman, 358 to 362 Thames street. Telephone 1788.

LOST AND FOUND.

Advertisements of 25 words under this head if set close are inserted once for 25 cents, and 10 cents for each time thereafter, on one order.

LOST—A sheep dog; white with gray spots, and collar. Good reward ~~offered if returned~~ to Charles P. Hatch, Berkeley avenue.

LOST—A brown leather music case, containing exercise book and four sheets of music, between 309 Spring street and St. Mary's Convent. A suitable reward if returned to 309 Spring street.

LOST—At or near the hotel New Cliffs, a diamond cluster ring; Marquise setting. Finder please leave it at the above hotel and receive reward.

FOR SALE.

Advertisements of 25 words under this head if set close are inserted once for 25 cents, and 10 cents for each time thereafter, on one order.

FOR SALE—Allen's Restaurant Thames and Marlboro streets. Established business. Best stand in the city. Two front entrances. Poor health of owner only reason for selling. Possession given Nov. 1, 1912. For price and further particulars enquire of Frew W. Greene, Sole Agent, 1 Broadway.

FOR SALE—One good working horse. Apply 5 Annandale road. Can be seen between 8 and 12, any morning.

FOR SALE—Second hand auto in good condition. Cheap for cash. Address Box 13, Daily News Office.

FOR RENT—Furnished flat of 6 rooms and den; new house, all improvements; separate cellar, hot water heat. Suitable for navy people. Apply Hunt cottage, Annandale road.

FOR SALE—2,000 pullets, winter layers, at 45c each, or 18c pound in lots of 100 head or more. H. Fleck, 37 Peck Slip, N. Y. Tel. 644 Beekman.

FOR SALE—Haynes runabout, in fine condition; run but little for demonstration. For further particulars apply to Box 6, Daily News Office.

TYPEWRITERS at lowest prices. Second hand Remingtons $20; rebuilt $27. Underwoods $35 to $45; other makes cheap. Williams School, corner Spring and Cannon.

FOR SALE—Green crabs for fishing. 15c quart at W. Blivin's, Spring wharf.

FOR SALE—Building lots on Elm street, 50x100 feet. Low price and easy terms. Apply to Wm. or R. P. Hamilton, 31 Bridge street.

EMPLOYMENT OFFICES.

Employment Bureau,
MRS. N. M'MAHON
1 John Street. Tel. 655.
First-class male and female household help supplied.
Prompt attention given all orders left at this bureau.

MISS WILD,
Registry Office,
305 5th Ave., New York.
Tel. 8222, 8823 Madison.
Governesses, Social Secretaries, Housekeepers and only thoroughly trained competent servants supplied. References personally and most carefully investigated.
Houses opened and closed.
Inventories taken.
Special attention given to out of town orders.
Circular sent on request.

Mrs. Hodgson,
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE,
47 FAREWELL STREET.
Tel. 928 Newport, R. I.

The Newport Journal
AND WEEKLY NEWS,
is especially adapted for mailing.

FOR RENT, ROOMS AND BOARD.

Advertisements of 25 words under this head if set close are inserted once for 25 cents, and 10 cents for each time thereafter, on one order.

TO LET—Furnished apartment, five rooms, from now to June first. For a navy couple, or light housekeeping. Apply 209 Spring street.

TO LET—Upper tenement, 14 Bliss road. All improvements. Separate heaters. Apply 14 Bliss road.

TO LET—After Oct. 15, lower tenement 14 Bliss road. All improvements. Separate heaters. Apply 16 Bliss road.

FOR RENT—Lower apartment No. 15 Rhode Island avenue. Eight rooms, newly renovated, all modern improvements. Inquire at 10 Bath road.

FOR RENT—Second-floor tenement; 6 rooms, bath, large pantry, piazza; private cellar. Ready 1st November. 16 Bay View avenue. Ring upper bell.

WANTED—Three or four-room apartment, furnished or unfurnished, for permanent use. Must have bath. Address Box 31, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Cottage or tenement, on or before Nov. 1st. Address Post Office Box 228.

FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished, cottage 103 Church street; 7 rooms and bath, all modern improvements. Apply on the premises.

FO RENT—In a private family, two neatly furnished and airy bed rooms; very centrally located. Gentlemen only. Address Box L, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Two unfurnished rooms. State price. Ans. Box 63, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Room and board with private family, in good location, for man, wife and child; year round. Address Box 7, Daily News Office.

FOR RENT—A large office, one flight up, in the Daily News office. To let to a desirable tenant. Good light and air, steam heat, gas and electric light, janitor's service and lavatory. Rent $20 a month. Apply at Daily News Counting Room.

TO LET—One, two, three or four rooms and kitchenette. Modern. First-class location. 227 Broadway. Tel. 2342.

TO LET—Nine-room cottage corner Channing street and Malbone road. H. W. Smith.

THE MACPHIE COTTAGE.
106 Church Street.
FIRST-CLASS BOARDING HOUSE.
Terms Reasonable.
Telephone 1722.

"THE MANHATTAN."
10 East Bowery Street.
OPEN ALL WINTER.
Navy People and Families Catered to.
All Improvements. Telephone 2199.

Furnished Rooms To Let
MEALS IF DESIRED.
PROSPECT HOUSE.
22 Prospect Hill St.

NASON COTTAGE,
20 HILL STREET.
Reasonable terms for board and room

JAPROID ROOFING.
Guaranteed 1st class, contains no tar. 2 or 3 pieces in roll called remnants.
1 ply $1.00 2 ply $1.25 3 ply $1.50
GEO. O'BRIEN,
64 Broadway or Vicksburg Place.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
Foot Specialist and Electrolysist.
Ingrowing Nails, Hair Moles and Warts removed. Treatment painless. Massage
Open evenings.
Tel. 841. Office 79 Spring street.

TREES PRUNED, AND MOVED
Different Variety of Trees and Shrubs Furnished.
General Landscape Gardening and Estates Cared for.
JOHN S. MARTIN,
22 Stockholm St. Phone 706.

GOVERNOR POTHIER WILLING TO RUN.

[Continued from First Page.]

give its earnest consideration in drafting its statement of principles and of the measures which it will endeavor to have enacted into law.

I urge first the adoption of a resolution declaring in favor of a 54-hour work day for women and children employed in industrial establishments in Rhode Island, and pledging the efforts of the Republican party to securing full and fair consideration of this question by the next General Assembly. While there may be reasonable ground for concern among the manufacturers of the state over a proposition to further reduce the number of hours of labor in our factories, I respectfully submit that the question of establishing a 54-hour law is one which should be met in this state; and I believe that the present is the time for the Republican party to deal with this subject and to publicly announce its determination to attempt its satisfactory solution.

I would also propose a resolution declaring in favor of a state board of conciliation for the settlement of industrial disputes between employers and employes. It is my belief that the loss of employment due to such disputes, the resulting impairment of real estate values and depletion of savings funds, the financial loss to both sides in such a controversy, and the general demoralizing effect upon the whole industrial and social structure of a community, constitute a menace to our industrial peace which has become a matter for the exercise of state intervention.

I speak of these two things in particular, realizing that in Rhode Island, where manufacturing enterprises form so large a proportion of our business activities, the continued prosperity and welfare of the state depend more upon the existence of amicable relations between employer and employe than upon any other one agency.

Encouraged by the hope that I may be able to assist in securing a more perfect adjustment of industrial relations, and that I may also do something toward ensuring the completion of some of the reforms already instituted during the past four years, my reply to the executive committee is that these considerations, together with those set fourth in its resolution, have impelled me to announce to you my willingness to again abide by the decision of the state convention and to pledge my best efforts, if continued in office, to promote and further the policies promulgated and inaugurated by the Republican party in Rhode Island.

Very sincerely yours,
ALAN J. POTHIER.
Woonsocket, R. I., October 7, 1912.

RESERVED SEATS ON PUBLIC SALE.

Thousands Who Remained Up All Night at the Opening.

Greatest Demand Made for Tickets for First Game of World's Series.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—Five thousand persons, 500 of whom had remained up all night, stormed the Polo Grounds this morning at the opening of the public sale of the remaining reserved seats for the world's championship base ball series. Twelve thousand tickets in all were put on sale—4,000 for each of the three games scheduled for New York. If Saturday's game is not played, the money will be refunded.

Each purchaser was allowed two seats for any or all the three games, but the bulk of the crowd sought tickets for the first game to be played tomorrow. The tickets were handled at the three separate windows, so that to buy seats for the series it was necessary for the applicant to form in line three times. This tended to defeat speculators and divided the allotment over three days.

It was a good natured, if sleepy, crowd that stretched for 15 blocks from the entrance of the grounds. Here and there was a woman, but in the main men and boys made up the column. The first youngster in line sold his ticket for $3 then scooted back to try again. There was no disorder and apparently little need of the 40 policemen assigned to special duty at the gate. The windows were opened at 9:10.

Tomorrow and on each day a game is to be played in New York the unreserved seats in the grand stand and the bleachers will be sold. The gates will be opened at 8 o'clock and purchasers allowed but one ticket each must pass directly into the grounds.

In the hotel lobbies here are gathered hundreds of men notable in current base ball history, among them Presidents Lynch and Johnson of the two big leagues, and August Herrmann of Cincinnati, who constitute the "supreme court" of base ball. They had an information meeting scheduled for the day, at which they planned a final supervision of arrangements for the big games. Players and managers from all but three teams in each league are also gathering here. Those kept away are Chicago, St. Louis and Philadelphia, who will engage in series of their own this week.

MANY MATTERS DISCUSSED.

Improvement Association Invites Complaints of Defacement of City of Non-Enforcement of Laws.

The Newport Improvement Association held an interesting meeting this morning in the rooms of the Newport Historical Society, with a large attendance. Mr. J. Thompson Spencer presided and Mr. [illegible] Garrettson acted as secretary.

Mr. R. Horace Gallatin complained of the speed maintained by automobiles and motorcycles in the city and moved that all wheeled vehicles carry lights. A committee comprising Mr. Gallatin, Henry C. Bacheler and Colonel Ennis was appointed to see Chief of Police Crowley regarding the matter.

The committee on poles and wires made a report and is still working. The question of abating the billboard nuisance was discussed at some length. The report of Mr. Frederick Law Olmsted's work was also referred to.

Mr. James G. Wentz made a motion, which was approved, that a public notice be inserted in the papers, inviting citizens to bring to the attention of the society any complaints regarding the defacement of the city or non-enforcement of the law. It is thought that in this way the society would broaden its scope, by receiving much information concerning matters about the city which now escapes its attention. Often people hesitate about bringing a complaint before a board of city officials, believing it will be treated with indifference, but they will come before a society of this kind, when they know they will be listened to and their grievances considered.

Mr. Garrettson asked for information regarding the disposal of the trees on Bath road, where the widening is proposed. He thought it too bad to move them. Several others concurred with him in this opinion. Mr. Wentz said perhaps it would not be well for the society to intervene with any suggestion if there had been an agreement with the donor of the land and the city. On general principles he was opposed to the removal of any tree until necessary for the sake of public convenience and utility. Dr. R. V. Matteson favored the removal of the trees, on the ground that in no other way will the original idea of Mrs. Rives when she gave the land be carried out. Evidently there was a fairly equal division of opinion on the matter.

Reference was made by Mr. Garrettson to the improvement to be made at Almy's pond. He also referred to the good work which Mr. H. D. Auchincloss is doing, not only in regard to Almy's pond, but throughout the city, toward abating the mosquito nuisance.

The secretary read a letter from Admiral Chadwick, in which the Admiral expressed his opposition to the widening of Bath road in the manner suggested. He thought it would bring to the city an undesirable element, who would benefit only the street railway and the comparatively few who cater to the excursionists.

THE WORLD BASE BALL SERIES.

The News Will Bulletin the Games, Play by Play, and Issue Extras With Full Scores.

Tomorrow the championship base ball games will begin, the New York Giants clashing with the Boston Red Sox. It seems a waste of time to make this statement, as every one who knows anything about base ball already knows it. The point is that The News, as in years past, will be on deck with the returns, play by play as sent direct from the field by the Associated Press.

The score will be bulletined at The News office and if his voice holds out The News megaphone man will call out the plays as they are received. When the game is over The News will issue an extra, with the full report and full score of the game. So the real fans will not be obliged to wait until Wednesday morning to see a full report of the game. They can get it from the news depots or the newsboys tomorrow afternoon, shortly after the play stops.

NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK,
38 WASHINGTON SQUARE,
CITY DEPOSITARY.
Edward A. Brown, President.
David Braman, Vice President.
George H. Proud, Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
Edward A. Brown, Fred B. Coggeshall,
David Braman, Ralph R. Barker,
Edward S. Peckham.
Capital $100,000. Surplus and Profits earned $98,500.
Interest paid on deposits at the rate of 2 per cent.
New accounts solicited.

THE SAVINGS BANK OF NEWPORT.
(INCORPORATED A. D. 1819).
OCTOBER 19, 1912.
Interest Begins on Deposits on Above Date.
G. P. TAYLOR, Treas.

THE CENTURY STORE,
FOUNDED 1796.
UMBRELLAS
Ladies' Umbrellas at 1-2 Price.
Umbrellas warranted for 365 days, handles sterling silver trimmed, regular price $1.50.
Special Price 75c. each
Gents' Umbrellas.
Umbrellas, 28-inch, warranted to be fast color, good style handles, regular price $1.50.
Special Price 95c each
The Wm. Leys Dry Goods Co.
135 and 137 THAMES STREET.

POLICE MATTERS.

Hen Thief Sentenced to County Jail—Woman Arrested for Larceny—Fugitive From Justice Returned.

Officer Buckley captured a hen thief early Sunday morning, under conditions which show that a policeman's lot may be anything but quiet in the usually quiet region of Bateman avenue. It was about 4 o'clock and the officer on his wheel was extinguishing lights. As he passed the home of Charles T. Randall, on Bateman avenue, just west of Coggeshall avenue, he heard a rustling in the shrubbery. He left his wheel and extinguished the light. Then, instead of continuing on to the next lamp, as usual, he waited. He had suspicions about that rustling and a few minutes could be spared. They were well spared, for a man emerged from the Randall place.

Officer Buckley called to him to halt, but he kept right on. The officer fired in the air and chased him to Coggeshall avenue, the fugitive turning north toward Morton Park. Again the officer called upon him to halt and fired in the air, and again he said if he did not halt he would shoot him. The man turned, and the officer was on him in an instant, grappling with him. He had the better of it and dragged the man back to Mr. Randall's place, awaking the later and Mr. Cowles. The wagon was telephoned for the police station.

Later an examination of the place where Officer Buckley heard the noise brought forth several hens with their necks wrung, tied together.

The prisoner when arraigned Sunday morning gave the name of Peter Charles, the name which appears in the directory. It was learned that his right name is Peter Ciarla, which was probably too much for some joe he worked on and so was changed. He pleaded not guilty and was to have gone before the grand jury this morning, but retracted his plea and pleaded guilty to a charge of larceny of hens. He was sentenced to 30 days in the Providence County jail, which with costs will keep him there some time.

After the prisoner had been taken to the station a revolver, loaded, was found in the roadway near the scene and was brought to the station. Peter acknowledged that he had the revolver in his pocket, and said it worked out after he was placed in the wagon and he dropped it as the wagon went along. He also had a pliers, for cutting wire if the henhouse had wire.

The general impression in police circles is that Officer Buckley was lucky in that affair. While he fired in the air the other man might not have done so if he had fired, and he had the materials for shooting ready at hand.

Inspector Tobin Saturday arrested a woman, claiming to come from Providence and giving the name of Grace Russillo, on the charge of larceny of a dress from the Boston Store. She had stowed the dress in her hat. She pleaded guilty and was fined $10 and costs, and not having it went to the workhouse.

Have the Best
The merit of a bank lies in its strength and in the application of its strength for the benefit of its depositors and the community.
The resources and experience of this bank, plus equipment, plus the efforts of officials and employes, provide the best service.
These standards decide the desirability of what we offer our depositors.
The Newport Trust Company.
303 Thames Street.
THOMAS P. PECKHAM, President.
CLARK BURDICK, Vice President.
EDWARD A. SHERMAN, Treasurer.

A·N·B
IT IS ASSURING AND GRATIFYING
To the depositor to know that his funds are absolutely secure. The affairs of the Aquidneck National Bank are governed by conservatism and sound banking principles, making it a Safe Depositary for your money.
Your account is invited.
2 Per Cent Interest Paid on Checking Accounts of $300 and over. 4 Per Cent Interest Paid on Certificates of Deposit.
AQUIDNECK NATIONAL BANK
UNITED STATES DEPOSITARY
NEWPORT, R. I.

Cars for Brockton Fair May be Hired at QUIGLEY'S GARAGE, Market Sq. Tel. 619.

"IT PAYS TO TRADE AT POWELL'S"
POWELL'S ALMOND CREAM.
A superior Toilet Lotion for the SKIN and COMPLEXION. Removes tan and cures chafing and roughness of the skin. Contains nothing greasy and is readily absorbed by the skin.
25c Per Bottle.
Special Offer.
Present this advertisement at our store and you will receive the 25c. size for 15c.
The Frank L. Powell Pharmacy,
Phone 103. 270 Thames Street.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7, Wall Street—The market opened with Amalgamated Copper at 62, American Smelting & Refining 88½, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe 111⅝, Canadian Pacific 277, Chesapeake & Ohio 84½, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul 113¾, Colorado Fuel & Iron 42⅞, Erie 37½, Great Northern preferred 140⅜, Great Northern Ore Certificates 50⅞, Interborough Metopolitan preferred 64⅜, Missouri Pacific 40⅜, New York Central 117⅛, Northern Pacific 129⅜, Pennsylvania 124⅞, Reading 175⅜, Southern Pacific 113½, Southern Railway 31½, Union Pacific 174⅞, United States Steel 79⅝, United States Steel preferred 115⅝.

10—Firmness was shown by the stock market at today's opening, but price changes were little more than nominal. The strongest features were Reading, General Electric, St. Paul and California Petroleum. Dealings were smaller in volume than recently.

11—Pressure checked the rise after Reading, Lehigh Valley and New York Central had advanced a point. These gains were cancelled and Steel and Union Pacific and Amalgamated sold under Saturday's close.

Noon—The week in the stock market opened with considerable irregularity. Prices inclined to firmness at the outset, but soon yielded to pressure against the leaders. Reading, Lehigh Valley and Canadian Pacific falling a point or more from the best. Union Pacific, St. Paul, Steel and Amalgamated also appeared to be for sale at concessions. New York Central and Hill issues were decidedly more steady. Specialties moved unsettlingly, some recording marked gains, while the tobacco group was distinctly heavy. Trading was relatively light, with some further selling for foreign accounts. Bonds were irregular. Money on call firm at 5 per cent; prime mercantile paper 5½ to 6 per cent. Exchanges, $233,565,981; balances, $14,401,757.

[Furnished by Hornblower and Weeks, —33 Bellevue Avenue.]

October 7, 1912

Amalgamated Cop	31½
Am Car & Foundry	62
Am Locomotive	44
Am Smelt & Ref	87⅞
Anaconda Ming	46⅝
Atch Top & San Fe	110⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	109
Bkln Rap Trans	91
Canadian Pacific Ry	277
Chesapeake & Ohio	84
Chic Great Western	17⅜
Chic Mil St Paul	113
Chic. & Northwestern	142
Col. Fuel & Iron Co.	42⅝
Consolidated Gas	147⅜
Can Pfd	134
Erie	36⅞
General Electric	183
Great Northern pref	141⅛
Gt. Northern Ore	50⅞
Interboro Met	21
Interboro Met. pref	64
Lehigh Valley	176½
Louisville & Nash	162½
Mo, Kan. & Tex	30⅞
Missouri Pacific	45⅜
National Lead	56⅜
N. Y. Cent. & Hudson	117⅜
N. Y. Ontario & West	26⅞
Norfolk & Western	116⅝
Northern Pacific Ry	129⅜
Pacific Tel&Tele	49⅝
Pennsylvania R. R.	124⅞
Pressed Steel Car	39½
Reading	174⅞
Republic Iron & Stl	34
Rock Island	23⅞
Southern Pacific	112⅞
So. Ry	31¼
Union Pacific	173⅞
Utah Copper	41⅞
U. S. Rubber	54
U. S. Steel	78⅞
U S. Steel Pfd.	115⅞
Va-Carolina Chem.	47
Wabash	5

BOSTON MARKET.

Copper Range	60⅛
Cal. & Hecla	600
Greene Copper	10⅜
E. Butte	16⅜
Miami	28⅝
North Butte	37
Shoe Mach	56
U. S. Fruit	137
Nevada Cons	22⅞
Utah Cons	12
Swift	107½
Franklin	8¼
Am Tel & Tel	144¼
N. Y., N. H. & H.	133⅛

NICOL BUILDING & REALTY CO
GENERAL CONTRACTOR.
Estimates freely given on all work. Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to. If your roof leaks let us give you a price for reshingling as our figures are low.
Telephone 1448
Office on Newport Avenue.

A LARGE WELL KNOWN COMPANY about to spend $100,000 on a tremendous advertising campaign, requires the services of a bright man or woman in each town and city. The work is easy, pleasant and highly respectable, and no previous experience is necessary. We will pay a good salary and offer an unusual opportunity for advancement to the person who can furnish good references. In addition to this salary we offer a Maxwell Automobile, a Ford Automobile and over $1,000 in prizes to the representatives doing the best work up to December 31. In your letter give age and references. Address Ira B. Robinson, Advertising Manager, 2661 Beverly St., Boston, Mass.

NOW

Is the time and this the place to have your Hot Air Furnaces put in thorough order for the winter. If you wait until you need the fire, you may have to wait for the repairs.

We also sell the best new furnaces

WM. K. COVELL,

OPALS.

The opal is the October birth stone and one of the most beautiful of all precious stones.

We carry a very large line of carefully selected opals, full of fire and brilliancy.

Our line includes:

Pendants, Necklaces,
Brooches, Rings,
Earrings, Scarf Pins.

We are displaying a part of our assortment in our south window.

THE LUCKY STONE FOR OCTOBER

"HERRMANN"
204 Thames Street.
NEWPORT, R. I.

Abram Almy Co.
Coal and Wood.
173 THAMES STREET
Telephone 957.

NEW SEASON PACK
—OF—
Red Plum Jam,
Black Currant Jam,
Gooseberry Jam,
Grape Jelly,
Crab Apple Jelly,
Whole Peaches Preserve,
Put up by Miss M. E. Darrow.

JAS. H. DRURY & CO.,
243-245 Thames St.

Gluten Bread
—FOR—
DIABETIS.

LIBBY'S, 9 Broadway

HOWARD,
Painting Contractor,
Best Work in Every Branch of the Business.
OFFICE 81 EVERETT STREET.

HEADQUARTERS
FOR FIRST-CLASS
PLUMBING,
STEAM and GAS FITTING,
ELECTRICAL WORK.

LINCOLN HAMMETT,
Telephone 848. Mary Street.

HONEY
New Comb Honey,
30c per section.
New Strained Honey,
25c per jar.
ALSO ON SALE
NEW PACK CANNED PEAS.

F. P. GARRETTSON & CO.
16 and 20 Washington Sq.
Tel. 68, 69

SOCIETY NOTICE.

CORONET COUNCIL, ROYAL ARCANUM. Boat leaves Champlin's wharf Monday, Oct. 7 at 6:30 p. m. sharp to convey members wishing to accompany the Grand Officers on their visitation to Maschachaug Council, East Greenwich.

CRANSTON TAKES THE SERIES.

Wins Championship by Close Score, With Difference in Play Greater.

Largest Gathering of Season Sees Locals Play Carelessly in the Deciding Game.

The Cranstons did it, Sunday, at Wellington Park, before the largest gathering of the season. The score was 5 to 3, but the difference in play was even greater.

For once, and the only time, the sun shone on the Cranstons and they learned that it can shine in Newport. An immense gathering was present; it really seemed as if everybody was there, including all the children in Christendom. It took considerable work to keep the crowd back so that the children were out of danger and the players had room to field and at times both the right and left foul lines were over-run by spectators. Some times it seemed that the play must stop, and it did stop once, but only for a few minutes.

The grounds were fit, the day was fit and both teams were fit. There was some dissatisfaction after the game because the Trojans did not play better, but to others it seemed to be just base ball. The luck seemed to be with the Trojans, and the best playing on the side of the visitors. Those who have the good fortune to see one of the world's series—and every real fan wishes to see one—will have a chance to see errors made by the two teams struggling for the world's championship and a great deal of money. Errors will be made and so will base hits, at a most unexpected time. These are two of the uncertainties of base ball.

Right at the start the visitors jumped in to win. Walling opening with a single to right. Agnew dumped the ball to pitcher and Sheehan fell over himself. Both runners were safe. Walling going to third and Agnew to second. It looked like a sure run. Shippee drove a hard one, fast, to Harvey, who pumped to the ball, fumbled for just a fraction of a second and drove it home true as a rifle shot. Walling was nailed. It was the one big play of the game. McSherry filed to Harvey, Cooney fanned and the scoring was postponed.

The Trojans made one hit in the second, with two out. Then the visitors proceeded to win the game, and the locals helped by giving it to them. Landi started by fanning. Walling hit to O'Connell, who did not try hard, the ball rolling off. Agnew drew a pass. Shippee hit a hard one to short and the bases were full, with but one out McSherry hit to left and Martin, recovering the ball, threw home, the ball being kicked at the home plate. Two runs were in and Shippee was nipped at the plate, Carr to Sheehan. Cooney hit to West, who fumbled, McSherry scoring. Sainsbury was hit, Oulmette hit safe to centre and Cooney scored, Sainsbury being run down. Four runs were in and the game was at an end, apparently.

In the last half O'Connell went around to third after two were out. He made a clever assist in the first half of the fourth and in their half the Trojans broke the ice, West doubled to centre, a passed ball advanced him and he scored on Martin's sacrifice fly to right.

In the sixth the Trojans had two on bases with but one out, but Landi was too much and they were left. Walling opened the seventh with a two-bagger but a fast double play retired the side while he was still on second. The visitors added one in the eighth and O'Connell ended the inning with a pretty foul catch near the fence.

The visitors seemed anxious to retire in the first half of the ninth, some had thought they noticed Landi weakening, only the Trojans had not gone after him hard, except verbally Martin rather dampened the hopes by hitting weakly to second. Sheehan hit safe past second. He was still playing ball, even if the rest seemed to have topped; After repeated throws to first Sheehan stole second. This seemed to start things going, but Landi braced and Gillis fanned. With two down the case looked hopeless, but Jim O'Connell hit safe. McManus poked one to right and Oulmette made a mess of the throw to third, and two runs were across the plate. It wa only the bettering of the score, for Carr flew to centre and the Cranstons had won for sure. The score:

Cranston.

	a.b.	r.	1b.	p.o.	a.	e.
Walling, s. s.	5	1	2	1	3	1
Agnew, 2b.	3	1	1	1	2	0
Shippee, l. f.	4	0	1	1	0	0
McSherry, c. f.	5	1	2	3	0	0
Cooney, 3b.	5	2	0	2	2	1
Sainsbury, c.	3	0	2	6	0	0
Oulmette, r. f.	4	0	2	4	0	1
Rhody, 1b.	4	0	0	8	0	0
Landi, p.	4	0	0	1	1	0
	37	5	10	27	8	3

Trojans.

O'Connell, 3b.	4	0	1	2	1	2
Harvey, s. s.	4	0	1	3	5	1
West, 2b.	3	1	1	3	3	2
Martin, l. f.	3	0	0	1	1	1
Sheehan, p.	4	1	1	1	3	1
Gillis, r. f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
J. O'Connell, c. f.	4	1	1	2	2	0
McManus, 1b.	4	0	1	6	0	1
Carr, c.	4	0	0	7	2	0
	34	3	7	27	17	8

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Cranston	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	—5
Trojans	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	—3

Two-base hits—Walling; West. Sacrifice hits—Agnew; Martin. Stolen bases—O'Connell, 2, West, Sheehan. Struck out—By Landi 5; by Sheehan 6. Bases on balls—By Landi 1; by Sheehan 2. Hit batter—By Sheehan, Sainsbury, Shippee. Passed balls—Sainsbury 2; Carr 1. Double plays—J. O'Connell-McManus; West-Harvey-McManus. Left on bases—Cranston 9; Trojans 6. Time—1:35. Umpire—Johnson.

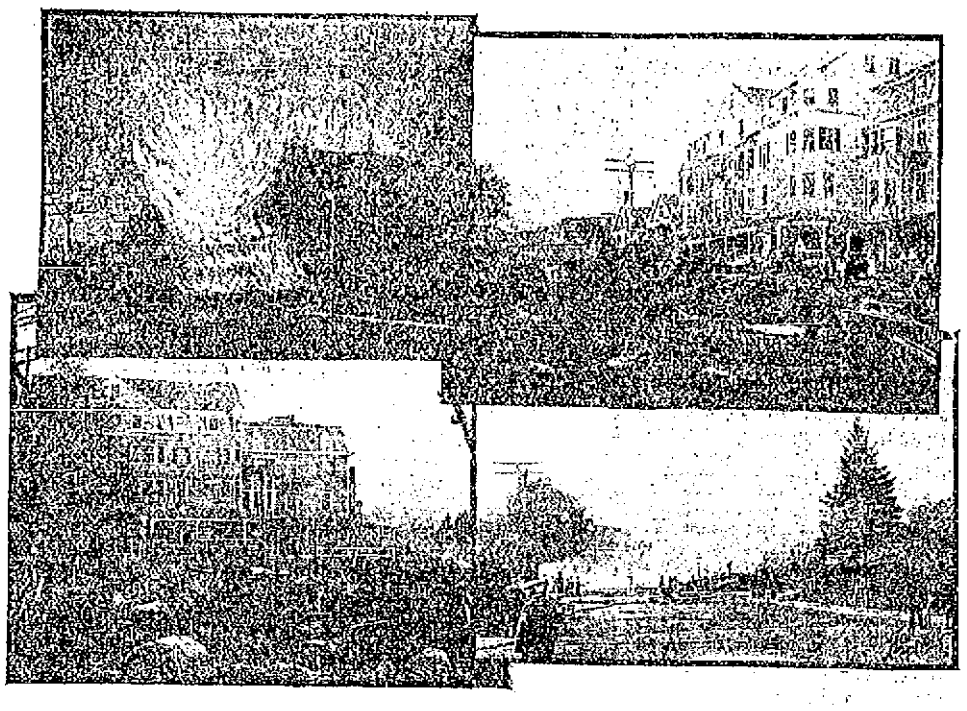
METHODIST CONFERENCE TO MEET IN NEW BEDFORD.

The Pleasant Street Methodist Episcopal Church at its last Quarterly Conference voted to extend an invitation to the coming session of the New England Southern Conference to meet with that church, and it is understood that the invitation will be accepted. The Conference will meet in March or April, 1913. The last time it met in New Bedford was in 1904, in the County Street Church, and 12 years before it met in the Pleasant Street Church.

THE JAMESTOWN FIRE.

As it looked before the blaze spread to the end sections.

Where the fight was made. The most that is left of the hotel, showing the close proximity to the Gardner House.



Looking across the ruins, showing the kitchen and power locations of the hotel. Gardner House in the background.

Sunday morning, showing location from the same position as the view showing the hotel in flames.

SEMI-MILITARY WEDDING.

Marriage of Ensign Frederick Baltzly and Miss Alva L. Marsh at the Channing Church.

Channing Memorial Church was the scene Saturday evening of one of the prettiest weddings ever held there, the bride being Miss Alva Leigh Marsh, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Marsh, and the groom Ensign Frederick Baltzly, U. S. N., attached to battleship Delaware of the Atlantic fleet.

The church was extensively decorated, and in spite of the repairs being made to the interior was made unusually attractive by Kaumann & Crowley. Oak branches and leaves, palms and bay trees gave a miniature forest effect. Before, during and after the ceremony Mr. Victor Baxter, organist of the church, rendered appropriate selections and several selections were played on the church chimes.

The early departure of the ships made necessary a slight change of plans. Ensign Baltzly had intended to have a full military wedding, with ushers chosen from among the officers of the fleet, but this was necessarily abandoned, and other ushers were selected. As the groom and his best man were in full dress naval uniforms, it was decided not to have the ushers, in civilian clothes, participate in the bridal procession. The ushers—Lieutenant Earl J. W. Ragsdale of Fort Greble, James T. Kanff of this city, Ray Berker of Cuba, and Byron E. Tuttle, James Cruickshank and Walter Murray of Providence, therefore confined their labors to the seating of the numerous guests.

The bridal party included the maid of honor, Miss Lillian Wheeler of Bristol; the flower girl, Miss Alva Scannevin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Scannevin and namesake of the bride, and the bride, leaning on the arm of her father, who gave her away. They were met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Ensign Samuel K. Day, also of the Delaware.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. William Safford Jones, minister of Channing Church, concluding with prayers by Rev. John Baltzly of Hudson Mass., father of the groom.

The bride wore a handsome gown of white satin, with an overdress of old lace. Her tulle veil was caught up with Taft roses and lilies of the valley and she carried a bouquet of the same flowers, color in the bridal bouquet being a pleasing innovation. The maid of honor's gown was of violet charmeuse and she carried a bouquet of American Beauty roses. The flower girl wore a pretty Kate Greenway costume, with an appropriate lace cap. She carried a basket of pink roses, which were strewn in the path of the bride as she passed up the aisle.

After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride on Ayrault street, where there were handsome interior decorations by Kaumann & Crowley and exterior decorations by Landers. The piazzas were enclosed and used for promenading. Ensign and Mrs. Baltzly were assisted in receiving their many guests by Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Marsh, Rev. and Mrs. John Baltzly, and the groom's brother, Mr. Alexander Baltzly. Muenchinger served and an orchestra rendered music during the evening.

Just before leaving the house the bride cut the wedding cake with her husband's sword and distributed it to her friends, Mrs. Eugene Brown receiving the piece which contained the ring. Catherine Cottrell secured the bride's nouquet.

Ensign and Mrs. Baltzly left during the festivities, their departure being witnessed by all the guests. They did not leave Newport until Sunday when they started for the Berkshires for a short stay, intending to go to New York, where the groom will re-join his ship.

THE SAILING OF THE SHIPS.

The battleships sailed for New York Saturday afternoon and arrived there Sunday morning, both as per schedule announced in The News Saturday. The orders were to sail at 5 o'clock and 10 minutes later the column was in motion, passing out in single formation, flagship Connecticut in the lead and the others in the following order: Louisiana, New Jersey, Rhode Island, Nebraska, Delaware, Utah, Florida, Ohio, Kansas and Yankton.

Supply ship Celtic, mine layer San Francisco, fuel ship Orion and hospital ship Solace sailed Sunday. This leaves only the destroyer fleet, to sail later in the week.

HOTEL THORNDIKE BURNED.

Big Jamestown Hostelry a Total Loss, But Surrounding Buildings Saved.

Newport Firemen, With Forces from Training Station and the Ships, Aid Local Department.

Saturday night Jamestown had the largest and most destructive fire in its history. The Thorndike Hotel was completely destroyed, nothing remaining except the brick pillars and portions of the cellar walls on which it was constructed. a few twisted iron fire escapes and a small mass of half burned wood in the northeast corner. The fire brought out the people of the town after the majority had retired and kept them wide awake until daybreak.

Sunday there was more excitement, but of a different character. The fire was out, but proved a greater attraction than even the oldest inhabitant can remember. While it was in progress as many as could secure a boat had gone from Newport to see the blaze, but the first trips of steamer Conanicut from the city Sunday showed how great was the interest in Newport. As the boat made each succeeding trip it took larger and larger crowds of passengers to see the ruins, and in the afternoon there was such a rush that all who desired to take passage were unable to go on board and the boat was jammed to its capacity, perhaps beyond a safe point. On account of the crowds the steamer gradually lost time until, on the trip just before sunset, it was a full round trip behind the running schedule.

The fire itself was discovered a little before 11 o'clock and in two hours the hotel was a mass of ruins. The Newport firemen and others who went to the assistance of the Jamestown department did not leave until 4 o'clock and the town's steamer remained at the dock playing water into the smouldering ruins until 11 o'clock Sunday morning. Even then the hose was kept coupled to the hydrants and as late as 6 o'clock in the afternoon water was played on the ruins, from which a considerable cloud of smoke was arising, over nearly the entire area of the fire. The Jamestown men worked in squads during the late hours of the fire, some going at sunrise and remaining until the steamer stopped. During the afternoon detachments were in readiness to play upon the ruins at any time.

The cook in the Allen cottage on Lincoln street, occupied by Mr. John M. Wiseman of Newport, first saw the fire. Mrs. Wiseman gave the alarm, going to the drug store in the northeast corner of the hotel and awakening the proprietor, Dr. Hector P. Falcon, who had retired for the night in the room in the rear of his store. The first alarm was soon sounded, and in a short time the firemen began to arrive with their apparatus.

When discovered, the fire was in the tower cupola and rapidly worked its way down the stairways in the centre of the building, which gave great opportunity for spreading down and on either side. There was soon a roaring mass of flames in the centre of the hotel, spreading rapidly to the two wings. Chief Engineer Jesse C. Tefft, who was elected to the head of the department only last Wednesday evening and was to have an initiation which no other Jamestown chief had had, saw at once the size of the task before him and his men and sent for aid.

Captain Littlefield, proprietor of the Gardner House, called first the Torpedo Station for the Wave, but found that this boat was undergoing repairs. Then he called the Training Station and found a ready response. Lieutenant Harry V. Cage was detailed to take charge of an expedition to go on ferryboat Inca, volunteers were called for and 100 apprentice seamen responded, all from the senior classes. Thirty were selected and with a few bluejackets and chief petty officers the Inca started for the scene.

In the meantime a request had been sent to Newport for assistance and in a short time Chief Engineer Kirwin had received permission from Mayor Boyle and box 31 at the Police Station was sounded. Two steamers, 1 and 7, with their hose reels, and truck 2, assembled at the wharf waiting for the ferryboat.

The Conanicut had just started on its last trip, shortly after 11 o'clock, and had gone but a short distance when the fire was seen by those on board.

The captain debated whether he should go back after assistance or proceed to Jamestown. It was decided to go on, as a number of firemen were on board. Arriving at Jamestown there was no delay in making arrangements for a return trip. At 12:17 the boat was back in Newport and soon the Newport firemen were on board and started for Jamestown.

While help was being summoned the Jamestown firemen were doing valiant work in fighting the flames. Chief Tefft saw at once that it was useless to attempt to save the hotel, and directed the efforts of his men to the ends of the building, and saving the property adjoining on Union and Lincoln streets. In this they had been making good headway when help began to arrive.

The Inca with her seamen was first on the scene and soon had lines of hose, 700 feet in length, running from the town wharf to the fire. Their arrival was opportune, as the Jamestown men were beginning to feel that their efforts would prove unavailing. There was soon other help at hand. A large force of seamen came from German cruiser Victoria Louise and men from the Dixie, Solace, the torpedo boat destroyers, and their aid was very acceptable. Then came the Newport firemen, who took up the work at once, putting streams of water where they were most needed and at a time when the Jamestown men were plainly tiring. The few coast artillery men at Fort Wetherill and a number who were returning to Fort Greble lent a hand and aided materially in various directions.

At times it looked as if the fire must spread across Lincoln street on the south, and across Union street on the north to the Gardner House. These streets are not wide, scarcely more than 30 feet, but the work of the firemen was so well directed that the Gardner House was not even scorched and the Horgan cottage on the other side only in a few places. On the front or shore side of the building the grass and trees were badly scorched and the telephone pole which carried the cable box was burned out and the entire telephone service of the town broken. On the west a small garage, within the hotel enclosure, and not 25 feet from the burning building, did not have its paint blistered.

There was practically no wind at the start, the little breeze being from the west and blowing the sparks into the bay. There was a shift to the eastward during the fire, but the danger was not great, although sparks were carried over the town, nearly to the west ferry. The absence of wind aided the firemen materially in their work and undoubtedly saved Jamestown from a disastrous conflagration.

There were two persons in the building, the watchman and Dr. Falcon, the druggist. The latter was sleeping in the room in the rear of the drug store, far away from the fire when it started. He had no difficulty in escaping and with the aid of others took a large part of his stock to a place of safety. He was to have closed his store this morning.

The watchman was less fortunate. He was near the centre of the fire when he became aware of it, and without being able to save anything except his clothes made his way to the north end of the building, dazed by the smoke. He reached a window at the end of the second story passageway and with the aid of firemen and others was able to find the escape and reach a place of safety.

When the fire was well under control Mr. N. O. Littlefield invited the firemen and their assistants to the kitchen of the Gardner House, where coffee and sandwiches were served by the cooks and waiters of the hotel as long as the material lasted. There were about 30 guests still remaining in the hotel and there was not a large supply of food on hand, but while a trace of this remained the firemen were welcomed, and it is needless to say that they appreciated and enjoyed the early morning repast.

The apprentices from the Training Station did very valuable work, being among the first outsiders on the scene and remaining until after 4 o'clock. They were all of the first class, and were to have gone on a 24-hour post duty at 7 o'clock Sunday morning for their last short duty. Having been assigned to the Dixie they will go on board that vessel Tuesday morning for temporary duty at the naval review at New York, and will then be distributed among the ships of the fleet. They were assured that after their all-night labor at the fire they would not be called upon for the long

[Continued on Seventh Page.]

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POULTRY AND DAIRY FEEDS
COMMERCIAL WHARF.

THE ACTION QUICKENED.

"The Common Law" as Prepared for the Stage Gives More Force Than the Novel.

"The Common Law," the popular novel written by Robert W. Chambers, who is responsible for many other works which have invited attention, was put in dramatic form through the instrumentality of Manager A. H. Woods towards the end of last season and the outcome proved his power of discernment. In preparing it for the stage no attempt was made to adhere too closely to the text of the book, though the real substance was allowed to permeate and was enhanced by the introduction of certain dramatic laws, with a view of quickening the action and bringing the story more tersely and substantially to the audience. Of course, the sensational points of interest in "The Common Law's" original story were permitted the greatest amount of discreet freedom and the melodramatic situations were led up to in a more exciting manner, thus giving to the play a greater compelling force as a drama of skill and potency than could have resulted by following the book lines too closely.

A SPECIAL PRIVILEGE.

Bishop Evans Tyree at All Three Services of the Mt. Zion A. M. E. Church.

The congregation of the Mt. Zion African Methodist Episcopal Church was afforded a special privilege Sunday, having at all three services Bishop Evans Tyree of Nashville, Tenn. Bishop Tyree is one of the leaders of his race in the South. He is an optimist and believes his race has a bright future before it.

In the morning the bishop addressed a large congregation, taking his text from Psalms XXXVII:25: "I have been young but now I am old, yet have I not seen the righteous forsaken nor his seed begging bread." He is an able orator and the congregation heard him with attention.

The afternoon meeting was particularly for the young people, being the first for the season of the Literary Association of the church. Bishop Tyree in his remarks dwelt especially upon the advancement of the race in this country. He gave numerous statistics, showing the progress made, and said the coming generation would see a wonderful uplift of the colored race. For example, said he, 50 years ago hardly a colored physician was to be found anywhere in this country. Today there are several thousands. He spoke of the many colored men and women who graduate from the colleges annually, there being now more than 35,000 men and women teachers, according to statistics. He said the race is now paying taxes on $800,000,000 worth of property in this country and spoke of many more things along that line of a helpful and encouraging nature to his people. He made special reference to what the race is doing in the South. In spite of much prejudice, the "Jim Crow" car law, etc., much is being accomplished.

Among other things the bishop said he is much opposed to the rag-time music, to which many young people are devoted, saying that people who give themselves to this style of music are apt to be rag-time themselves. In conclusion he advised the young people to complete their school courses wherever possible, even at a sacrifice.

Miss Alberta Tyree, an accomplished elocutionist, and daughter of Bishop Tyree, gave several readings, accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Richards. Mrs. Effie Johnson sang two solos and Mr. Maurice Johnson played a trombone solo.

In the evening the Holy Communion was administered by the bishop.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES.

Mr. George H. De Forest entertained the members of the Newport Fishing Club at luncheon at Gooseberry Island Saturday. Mrs. Ogden Goelet gave a dinner at "Ochre Point" and Mr. Lispenard Stewart entertained at "White Lodge" in the evening.

Dinners were given Sunday evening by Commodore and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt at "Beaulieu," by Dr. and Mrs. John J. Mason at "Wabun" and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Tuckerman at their residence on Kay street. Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Wilson gave an afternoon party at "Vaucluse." In the evening a surprise was given Mr. and Mrs. R. Livingston Beeckman at "Lands End," when there was a late supper, followed by dancing.

AUCTION SALES.

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